Weather
Overcast or cloudy weather. The maximum temperature yesterday was 51.1 and the minimum 41.9, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 54.9 and 45.3.

The China Press
大陸報

The Mail Box
MAILS for America-Europe, Str. Ecuador, Mar. 27.
FOR Europe via s.s. Banca, Mar. 27.
FROM America and Europe, Str. Katori Maru, Mar. 28.
FROM Europe and way ports, Str. Andre Lebon, Mar. 29.

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CHURCHILL SENSES NEW RED MENACE FOR EUROPE

Urges Joint Army And Navy College To Study War Problems

TO PLAN DEFENCE

Turks, Germans And Arabs Alarm—Mesopotamia Crisis Seen

London, March 22.—The army estimates have reached the Committee stage in the House of Commons. Several speakers today strongly advocated the establishment of a joint Imperial General Staff to deal with matters relating to the defense of the Empire. Mr. Ormsby-Gore suggested that in view of our new commitments under the League of Nations we ought to have new organisations under the War Office for the purpose of advising and preparing for the defense of these new territories.

Mr. Churchill, the Secretary of State for War, pointed out that the Committee of Imperial Defense was the great instrument whereby the Prime Minister asserted his views and exercised responsibility over the whole field of military politics.

The Committee of Imperial Defense would, he said, certainly endure but it was a mistake to suppose that any Committee could breach the gulf between the services. If the gulf was to be breached between the army and the navy it would only be by building up over a number of years a breed or brand of officers, trained in a common staff college where they had acquired in the common body of doctrine, dealing with the study of war as a whole.

JOINT STAFF COLLEGE FOR ARMY AND NAVY

The development of such a body of officers was far more urgent than any question of uniting the Ministries under one head. Mr. Churchill intimated that as far as the War Office were concerned they would push forward the idea of a joint staff with a joint staff college with the utmost energy.

Mr. Churchill said that the situation in the Middle East was very serious but up to the present not so formidable in practice as it seemed in prospect. Nevertheless the situation was acute as regards Mesopotamia. There were three causes of anxiety: the Turkish Nationalist movement under Mustapha Kemal: the Arabs who had been disturbed by the occupation of Syria and now were inclined for the first time in many ways to make common cause with the Turkish Nationalists: and, thirdly, the Bolsheviks. The destruction of the anti-Bolshevik forces was proceeding to a very marked extent and very soon Bolshevik Military power would extend over the whole of those great regions north of the Caucasus and beyond the Caspian, quite unchecked by any Russian force. With the fall of the Caspian Sea which must occur when the ice of the Volga melted and the Bolsheviks could descend the river, the Bolsheviks would be in close touch with the doubtful republic of Azerbaijan, the Republic of Georgia and also with the hostile forces under Mustapha Kemal.

SITUATION IN MIDDLE EAST CAUSES ALARM

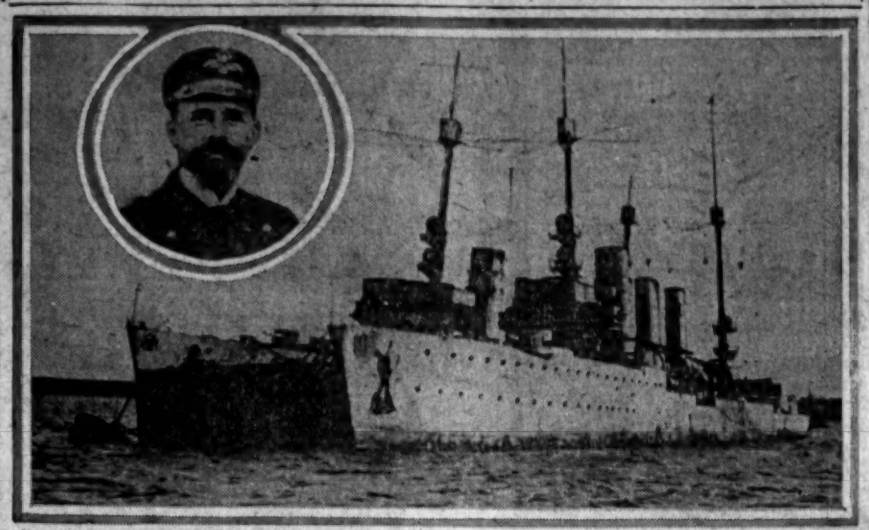
On military grounds this junction would be formidable. Mr. Churchill thought it probable that the Bolsheviks would use their advantage to spread their propaganda as widely as possible rather than follow it up in a strictly military sense. Therefore, he continued, it was obvious that the whole position in the Middle East was the cause of great anxiety and required the maintenance of strong forces there. He hoped, however, that it would be possible to effect economy in that theater in the course of the year by holding Mesopotamia primarily through the agency of the air rather than with military forces. We could not continue holding the country and spending fifteen or twenty million a year on it and Mr. Churchill did not see why British statecraft should be bankrupt in Mesopotamia when it was so successful in other parts. He instanced the Sudan where there was only one white battalion while in the whole of West Africa there was not a single white battalion.

GERMANY'S PLIGHT AROUSES ANXIETY

Mr. Churchill said that he was not prepared to propose that we should march

(Continued on Page 2)

German Destroyers Raised At Scapa Flow



The former German destroyers, Nurnberg and Emden after they had been raised from the bottom of Scapa Flow, Scotland. The entire German fleet, surrendered according to the terms of the armistice, was scuttled last June by order of Admiral von Reuter. The Admiral, according to a despatch from London, has been freed by the British authorities and has returned to Germany. Aboard the destroyer Emden, after it had been raised, were found the German instructions regarding the sinkings recently published by the British Admiralty. The insert is of Admiral Von Reuter.

SZECHUEN, TORN WITH MISRULE, IS BANDIT-INFESTED

Five Opposing Factions Cause Incessant Strife, Says Returning Traveler

TELLS ABOUT CONDITIONS

Joseph Milner, Art Collector, Is Going Back To U. S. With Paintings

Szechuen, most populous of China's provinces with almost unlimited areas of soil of great productivity, is bandit ridden and is torn with the strife of not less than five opposing factions, all lawless and uncontrolled by any visible governing force, according to the observations of Mr. Joseph Milner, art collector of New York, who has just returned from Chengtu, capital of the province.

Mr. Milner left Shanghai for Szechuen last September going up the Yangtsze river through Hankow and Ichang and then to Chunking and on overland through the mountains in sedan chair to Chengtu where he has been living at the residence of Mr. R. H. Davidson representing Jardine, Matheson and Company for the past four months.

GUARD NEEDED

Along all the main highways, said Mr. Milner, the country is overrun with gangs of armed bandits and it is only possible for the foreigner to travel through these by-ways in any degree of safety by first placating the leaders of the outlaws in the various districts.

Ordinarily, the visitor said in describing his own experiences, one sees the military leader at the starting point of a journey and asks for an armed guard. This is supplied—for a consideration—and the traveler sets forth with his guard, which may consist of any number of men, armed or unarmed, or it may be but a single unarmed man. It is arranged beforehand how far the guard will accompany the traveler and when the destination is reached another armed guard must be provided for.

Usually, Mr. Milner said, by following this procedure the traveler is reasonably assured that he will not be molested, but it happens that the spheres of control of the numerous outlaw leaders at times overlap and it may happen that a traveler who has paid for protection to one outlaw leader may find himself attacked and robbed by the followers of another into whose district his path has led.

The consideration demanded for the traveler's safety by bandit leaders is not heavy, the visitor said, and amounts to something like fifty cents a day per man. It had happened, he added, that after paying for his guard a traveler would find it to consist merely of a single unarmed coolie, who, however, would be able to carry the word that the traveler had paid for protection to the leader and therefore should not be and would not be molested. Usually, Mr. Milner said, persons attacked by the outlaws do not suffer bodily harm, but cases are not uncommon in which murders have been committed and at times foreigners are seized and held for ransom.

OFFICIALS INACTIVE

Seemingly the military officials representing Peking are unwilling or unable to control the activities of the outlaws, Mr. Milner said, and he added that as a rule the many farmers of the country are not molested.

Mr. Milner said that he spent a year in Chengtu three years ago when he acquired a knowledge of the language and it was as a result of his observations at

(Continued on Page 2)

Million In Wheat Is Destroyed By Storm In Kansas

(Reuter's Service)

Topeka, March 22.—A strong wind-storm has destroyed wheat to the value of $1,000,000 in the state of Kansas. The storm was the worst ever experienced in the state.

SIMS INDULGES IN CRITICISM OF WAR LEADERSHIP

Impractical Plans To Win War By Master Stroke Laid To Allied Civilians

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, March 17.—Admiral Sims, continuing his evidence before the Senate Naval Committee, charged President Wilson, Mr. Lloyd George and other civilian leaders with allowing themselves to be drawn into fascinating speculations how to end the war quickly by a masterstroke. One of the most impracticable suggestions, Admiral Sims said, was that to sink eighty-three concrete-filled vessels to block the Bight of Heligoland.

President Wilson Suggests Basis For Coal Miners' Peace

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, March 22.—Attorney-General Palmer following a conference with Mr. Tumulty, President Wilson's secretary, stated that President Wilson expected the bituminous coal operators and miners to work out contracts for the new year, beginning April 1, on the basis of the majority report of the Coal Strike Settlement Commission.

Biggest U.S. Navy Ship Is Launched

(Reuter's Service)

Newport News, March 21.—Mr. Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, was present at the launching of the superdreadnought Maryland here today. The vessel, which is the largest in the United States navy, has a displacement of 32,950 tons, while her armament includes 8 record-breaking sixteen inch guns.

New Anti-Trust Policy Fixed By U.S. Government

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, March 19.—The Department of Justice announces that organisations which exchange trade information will be placed in the category of trusts and legal proceedings will be taken against them.

Salvador Is Faced By New Revolution

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, March 19.—The constitutional guarantees have been suspended in Salvador, owing to threatened revolution.

LOCAL CUSTOMS ORDERED NOT TO SET CLOCK AHEAD

Ministry Considers Change Of Timing System As Confusing

MERCHANTS IN PROTEST

Cite Proceedings Against Restaurant By Council As Regretful Instance

The Revenue Department of Peking has ordered the Shanghai Customs authorities not to set ahead the clock at the Customs Tower this year. The action was taken following opposition expressed by local Chinese merchants and the Ministry of Education, which styled the move as "sufficient to create a confusing atmosphere."

The message of the Ministry said that although Chinese in the interior did not adopt the daylight saving system, they made use of the sunlight just the same and saw no necessity of the adoption of the new system.

"The setting ahead of the Customs clock last year," continued the message, "though said to have been approved by the Chamber of Commerce, was in reality suggested by two or three merchants, while the rest followed the suggestion without thinking. In practice, business was carried on in the usual manner.

"On the other hand, the time of postal delivery, the railroad time schedule, the noon gun report, the weather report, and other time-indicating apparatus were upset. This proves that the change was undesirable. On the surface of it, the change presented an aspect sufficient to create a confusing atmosphere.

"Therefore, we ask that the Revenue Department be instructed not to set their clocks ahead of time. If the staff is required to work an hour earlier they can do so without upsetting the clock."

In connection with the adoption of the daylight saving scheme, six prominent Chinese merchants have addressed a letter to the Chinese Chamber of Commerce. They say that the system causes a great deal of inconvenience among the Chinese merchants. They quoted an instance wherein a certain restaurant was sued by the Municipal Council for violation of license conditions, just because the management could not understand the new timing system.

British Ship Order Filled In Hongkong

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Hongkong, March 25.—The last of six steel standard ships which have been built here to the order of the British Government, was successfully launched today at the Kowloon Dock.

Spanish Railway Workers On Strike

(Reuter's Service)

Madrid, March 22.—A strike on all the railways in Spain has been voted to take effect from tomorrow at noon.

U.S. PROTESTS NEW PLAN TO FORCE BERLIN INDEMNITY

Confiscation Of German Property In Neutral Countries Opposed

POLK GIVES VIEW

Construction Placed On Treaty Clause Held Contrary To Original

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, March 22.—A strong remonstrance is being made by the United States Government against the decision of the Allied Reparations Commission that under the Peace Treaty the sale of German property in neutral countries can be compelled, if necessary, to complete the initial payment of the German indemnity.

Mr. Polk, Under-Secretary of State, in a letter to Senator Henderson states that further protest is being prepared as such a construction of the Treaty is contrary to the official interpretations exchanged between Germany and the Allied Powers.

Mr. Polk's letter is in response to an inquiry by Senator Henderson regarding reports that Great Britain had requested that German property and all German rights in electrical enterprises in South America should be taken over by the Reparations Commission and be transferred to Great Britain as part of the indemnity from Germany.

Manchurian Police Regulate Firearm Supply Of Russians

Authorities' Demand Permits Be Secured—Robber Gang Operates In Harbin

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Harbin, March 24.—The Chinese Police authorities have posted notices calling upon Russians in possession of firearms to apply for permits without which possession of arms is strictly forbidden.

Harbin, March 24.—There have recently been many daring cases of daylight robbery here, by a gang of robbers acting in small parties. The men are well-dressed and usually drive up to the house they propose to rob in a motor-car.

Harbin, March 24.—A meeting of the Board of Directors of the Chinese Eastern Railway will be held tomorrow at which General Pao Kwei-ching will preside, important results are expected.

Largest Dirigible Under Construction By American Navy

Great Craft Will Be Used By Officers To Try Flight Across The Pacific

(Reuter's Service)

Philadelphia, March 18.—The world's largest dirigible is to be built in the Philadelphia navy-yard. Naval officers intend to attempt a Trans-Pacific flight in her.

Dr. G. E. Morrison Now Convalescent

(Reuter's Service)

London, March 18.—Dr. G. E. Morrison who has been for many months in a nursing-home, has improved sufficiently to go to Devonshire. If the improvement continues, he hopes to return to Peking in June.

Dr. George Ernest Morrison was appointed political advisor to the President of the Chinese Republic in 1912.

New Yorker Says Prohibition Drives Foreigners From U.S.

(By Associated Press)

New York, March 12.—Congressman Isaac Siegel, who is from the 20th district, New York City, stated that prohibition was causing the foreign born to leave the United States, adding that emigration was exceeding immigration.

Earl Curzon And American Wife

A late photograph of Earl Curzon of Kedleston, newly appointed British Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and his American wife. Earl Curzon succeeded Arthur Balfour. Earl Curzon was formerly Viceroy of India, and has for years occupied a distinguished position in British public life.

Educator Would Lift Ban On Trade That Prohibits Training Of Chinese In U.S.

Doctor Foster, Foreign Trade Convention Envoy, Wants To Put America On Footing With France—Sails Tomorrow On Mission

Whether the men who in coming years will buy and operate the machinery that China uses will be men trained in accordance with American practise and therefore men who will want American tools and machinery, or whether these men will look to France for the things they want only depends upon the success or the failure of a project that has been undertaken by Dr. Frank A. Foster, an educator, who is one of the group of delegates sailing tomorrow on the steamer Ecuador of the Pacific Mail to attend the Foreign Trade Convention in San Francisco in May.

Doctor Foster is an American mechanical engineer who has been engaged in teaching mechanics to Chinese students for the past ten years. He was a member of the faculty of Tangshan Engineering College for five years and for the past four years has been teaching in the Chihli Higher Normal College at Paotingfu. He will be away for a year on the mission he has undertaken to America and upon his return he will take charge of the department of mechanical engineering that is to be established at the Peking University.

RECENT ACTIVITY

Largely through the efforts of Doctor Foster a fair proportion of the technical work now being done in Chinese schools is along American lines and with American equipment. In the past year due to his activity a considerable amount of equipment for technical schools consisting of tools and machinery has been provided from American factories which in a large number of instances donated the equipment that was shipped.

The past year in France has seen the rise of an extensive movement, at first fostered by commercial interests, and now given government approval and aid, to bring into French schools large numbers of Chinese students. This movement already has made considerable progress and at the present time some hundreds of Chinese students have arrived in France to begin courses of study.

The French idea has been to train Chinese technical men, the men who in the future will direct and operate all the numberless power plants that will turn the wheels of the country's industries, and who will buy power plants and the tools and equipment that will go with them, in accordance with French ideas. The French have foreseen that it is these men who will be a moving force in selecting the channels through which China will do its future buying, and so the French government has looked with approval on the scheme to bring into the country a minimum of 6,000 Chinese students to be scattered through French technical and other schools and who while learning will be enabled to enter the shops of French factories and acquire practical training along with the language and at the same time earn their way in these shops.

LAW IS BAR

When Doctor Foster set in motion a plan along similar lines to give training in American schools and in American machine shops to Chinese students his purpose was quickly endorsed in America by the schools and by commercial interests. The schools were ready to open their doors to Chinese technical students and American factories were ready to provide places in shops where they could work and earn while acquiring their educations. It was found then that the American immigration laws were a bar at once locking out these students from American training and blocking the purpose of propagating in America a demand for American goods to be used in China.

The portion of the law that forbids the entry of such students provides that Orientals who go to the country for the purpose of engaging in labor for pay may not be admitted. It is with the purpose of finding a way around this provision of the law that Doctor Foster is going to America. It is thought that under a different interpretation than is now given to the law a means to admit such Chinese students may be found.

PLAN OF ACTION

The question is one of the important matters touching China that is to be brought up at the Foreign Trade Convention and it is understood that after it is discussed in the convention the matter will be taken up through the Foreign Trade Council of the convention with American labor leaders, whose opposition to the entry of Chinese workers into American shops will have to be explained away.

The hope has been expressed that when this is done official Washington may be induced to interpret the law in such a way that passports may be issued to students with the understanding that they are to

(Continued on Page 3)

BOLSHEVIKI IN GERMANY HOLD CONTROL OF PROVINCES

Rebel Workers Take Essen—Red Army Marches On Wesel

RUHR IN REVOLT

Army Officers Charged With Disloyalty By War Minister

FURIOUS RIOTING

100 Killed In Berlin Fighting—Military Men Trampled To Death

(American Wireless Service)

Berlin, March 22.—It is reported that the industrial region around Essen is in the hands of the revolutionary workmen and that a victorious Red army of 50,000 men is advancing on Wesel.

News has been received that the insurgents have captured the Schleswig Palace and are in control of the town of Schleswig.

Essen, March 22.—The Essen Executive Council announces that on Saturday the workmen captured five guns, six mine-throwers, 3,000 rifles, a quantity of ammunition and took prisoners 300 men of the Reichswehr.

Coburg, March 22.—The Commander of the district Reichswehr announces that the Communists have been defeated with the loss of over 1,000 killed.

TROOPS BLOW UP RIOTERS' BARRICADE

(Reuter's Service)

Berlin, March 18.—The barricades set up by the rioters in South-East Berlin have been destroyed by the troops exploding a mine. Twelve rioters were killed and twenty-eight wounded.

A Communist Council has been established at Cassel. The entire Ruhr region is revolting. At Kottbus fighting has occurred between Reds and regular troops, the latter using artillery. The workers' losses were fifty while the regulars lost six.

According to a telegram from Stuttgart, Herr Noske, Minister of War, in the course of an interview, declared that the officer class in the army was disloyal to the Republic and the army was now being purged of disaffected officers and men. He added that there was no question of an amnesty for men guilty of treason.

London, March 19, 5:15 p.m.—The situation in Germany is generally unclear. The strike postion in Berlin has changed but little. It is stated that the workers refuse to work until all the troops have been removed from the city.

It appears that Count Bernstorff will be the Foreign Minister in the new Cabinet.

KAPP REVOLUTIONARIES FLEEING FROM BERLIN

It is reported that the arrest of General von Ludendorff has been ordered. All the leaders of the Kapp revolution have fled from Berlin, General von Seeckt on behalf of Herr Noske has appealed to the army to oppose any attempt at Bolshevism.

Further extremist movements are reported from the provinces in Germany. For example the Congress of Workers Councils at Chemnitz has passed a resolution demanding, inter alia, the disbandment of the regular troops, and the convocation of a Soviet congress.

A general strike has started in all parts of the Erzgebirge, and in Vogtland and North Saxony where collisions between the troops and the crowd have occurred. Martial law has been declared at Leipzig.

Berlin, March 19.—Three officers supposed to belong to the Baltic division were killed today at the Brandenburg Gate here, while another was mortally wounded. The officers who were in a motorcar had been requested to halt by the Security Guard. The crowd surrounded the officers whereupon the latter fired. An armored car came up and attacked the officers' motorcar with hand grenades. The Security Guard also fired. In addition to the officers, six civilians were wounded.

NOSKE QUITS POST, COPENHAGEN REPORT

Copenhagen, March 19.—A message of today's date from Berlin states that one hundred persons were killed and two hundred wounded in yesterday's fighting. The message adds that fifteen officers of the Baltic division were trampled to death outside a suburban townhall.

There is a renewed report of Herr Noske's resignation.

Copenhagen, March 23.—Telegrams received from Berlin indicate that the formation of the new German Cabinet is practically complete. It is expected that the Independent Socialists will hold several portfolios.

YOUTH ACCUSED OF SWINDLE IS TO FACE COURT

Bank Clerk Is Accused Of Collecting Money In Name Of Ladow

Charged with altering checks of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank and forging checks for $325 in the name of Louis Ladow, of the Carlton Cafe, a 17-year-old Portuguese boy named V. A. dos Remedios is imprisoned at the Central police station. He is to have his case heard before the Portuguese consular court on call.

The youth, as a clerk in the Chartered Bank, is alleged to have abstracted the checks and imitated the signature of the cafe manager. Mr. Ladow notified the police and Detective Sergeant J. J. Kilkenney was assigned to the case. A coolie, sent, it is said, by the young bank clerk, to cash a $20 check was caught by the detective officer who asserts that the Chinese made a confession.

Six cases have been charged against the boy for forgery, six for altering and one for larceny.

AMERICAN CONSUL BIDDEN FAREWELL

Associates Here Entertain Retiring Official At Carlton Banquet

America's youngest consul, Mr. Raymond C. Mackay, was the honor guest at a dinner last evening at the Carlton Cafe as a farewell expression of the esteem of his associates in the consulate-general on the eve of his departure for the United States to enjoy a few months vacation before taking up his new position as assistant manager in the Far East for the L. C. Gillespie and Sons Company at Hankow. Mr. Mackay came to Shanghai only a short time ago from Hankow and made many friends here. His severance from the consular service is regretted to an equal degree with which pleasure is felt that he is entering upon a more lucrative and satisfactory position.

When Mr. Mackay was in the University of Wisconsin as a student Dr. Paul S. Reinsch of the University was appointed minister to China. The incident had a marked effect on the young man's career as it turned his attention towards diplomacy and trade relations in the Far East. Upon graduation he entered the consular service and was appointed to the Hankow post. There he came in contact with Mr. Edwin S. Cunningham, now consul-general here.

An August 7 of last year he was made vice-consul at Hankow and when Mr. Cunningham was sent here to relieve Mr. Sammons Mr. Mackay followed him as consul. In the meantime he had acted as acting consul-general at Hankow during the absence of his chief.

After having served as consul here for a short time Mr. Mackay received an attractive offer from the Gillespie interests and accepted it. He stipulated, however, that he should be allowed a vacation in the United States until September 1 when he will assume his new position.

Upon his announcement that he was severing his connection with the consulate-general here arrangements were got under way for last evening's farewell party. Those who assembled to pay tribute to his popularity were: Mr. Edwin S. Cunningham, consul-general, Mrs. Cunningham, Consuls R. P. Tenney and Eli Taylor Vice-consuls J. B. Sawyer, A. G. Loehr, J. E. Jacobs, C. E. Kline, R. J. Clarke and Mesdames Sawyer, Loehr and Clarke, Attaches P. L. Gross, C. A. Robinson, Lillian M. Wilkinson, Dora Emens, W. A. Reed, Mary McConnell and J. T. Wright.

Mr. Mackay will sail for the United States on the steamer China on March 30.

Smiles from the Mixed Court

Pulling a leg is a perfectly good idiom for a joke of the practical variety.

But a burglar who entered a residence at 9 Shantung Road failed to see the humor of it yesterday when he appeared before the Mixed Court and discovered that he was going to remain in jail for nine months and then depart from this fair community permanently because he carelessly pulled a couple of legs.

The enterprising house-breaker was groping around in the dark to find what he could find. He grabbed something, he didn't know what. But he found out right soon. "It" was a pair of masculine legs attached to a husky male body.

With a constitutional objection to have his leg pulled, to say nothing of having both legs pulled, the owner of the pedal extremities rose in his wrath and smote the invader.

Simultaneously ten other Chinese who were occupying the room aroused themselves and participated in the melee.

The burglar, realising his error in judgment in selecting that particular location as a basis of operation, welcomed with genuine enthusiasm the arrival of the police.

Churchill Senses New Red Menace For Europe

(Continued from Page 1)

about Meropotamia holding people down by military force nor had he ever pretended that, when we received the mandate, we should immediately occupy and dominate every square mile of the country on the first day. Other methods must be devised, if we were to continue to keep Mesopotamia. He instanced the process in West Africa where British political influence had gradually permeated the whole country and had brought great areas under successful control. That was the line on which they were now working with regard to Mesopotamia.

Mr. Churchill, referring to Germany, said that the state of affairs there was causing the greatest anxiety. From the military standpoint it ought to be the policy of the Government by all means in its power to enable the moderate German Government to maintain itself as a living entity for the productive activities and prosperity of the German people to review under its organisation.

Szechuen, Torn With Misrule, Is Bandit-Infested

(Continued from Page 1)

that time that he was led out of the beaten path of collectors in China into Szechuen for the paintings and porcelains he sought. He said that in the centuries of the past great treasures were brought from the capital and from other parts of the country in the capital of Szechuen and while many of these have disappeared many prizes remain for the man willing to search for them. He was unwilling to describe his own finds, but said he was forwarding considerable shipments, mostly ancient paintings and old porcelains, to America. Chengtu, he said, has a population of about a half million with about 200 foreign residents.

Mr. Milner is sailing for America on the Ecuador tomorrow.

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77 ROUTE VALLON

COOK ATTACKS MASTER, CHARGE

Russian Alleged To Be Victim Of Assault By House Servants

Attempt of a Chinese cook to kill his Russian employer was charged in a case that came before the Mixed Court yesterday and was remanded to the Russian Assessor.

Mr. W. Permakoss asserted to American Assessor Tenney and Magistrate Yui that his servant had sought to kill him. Detective Inspector Reeves investigated the case and asked for a remand, saying that others were involved in the assault, which took place at 291 North Szechuen Road.

The Russian, said the detective, was hit on the head with a hammer, stabbed and shot at with a pistol by his assailants.

Two gold watches are missing from the premises and it is assumed by the police that the object of the attack was robbery.

Wedding

BIRD-KERRISON

Mr. George Edward Bird, formerly employed by Messrs. Dodge and Seymour of Shanghai, and Miss Kathleen Lydia Kerrison of 35 Harold Road, Leytonstone, Essex, were married at St. Andrew's Church, Leytonstone, on January 24 by the Reverend S. Dewhurst.

The bride was given away by her father, who is a member of the firm of Wakefield and Kerrison, auctioneers and surveyors of Leytonstone. The groom was attended by his brother, Mr. R. Bird.

Mr. Bird left Shanghai to open an office in New York for the exporting firm of Messrs. Sanders Rehders and Co. being transferred later to that firm's head office in London.

Catholic Mission In Nanchang Builds $150,000 Hospital

(China Press Correspondent)

Nanchang, March 20.—Several hundred laborers have been at work since the first of the year on the new hospital compound belonging to the Roman Catholic Mission outside of Foo Chow Men. A modern institution is going up at a cost of $150,000 plus an endowment of $300,000 on the land which was given as an indemnity following the massacre of several Catholic priests a dozen years ago.

The work is in charge of Father Paul Monteil who has recently returned from five years service in France. In addition to the general hospital building there will be isolation wards, and nurses' and doctors' homes. Equipment will be shipped directly from Paris and will be the most modern obtainable. It is expected that the hospital will be ready for occupancy by January of next year.

Claims Of Chinese For Representation Will Be Discussed

C. T. Wang To Address Civic League Meeting Monday At Asiatic Society

The case for Chinese representation on the Municipal Council will be presented by Mr. C. T. Wang, China's delegate at the Versailles Conference, before the meeting of the Shanghai Civic League to be held at the Royal Asiatic Society Monday afternoon at 5:15 o'clock. Mr. A. J. Hughes will speak on "The Consultative Committee of the Council."

The meeting will be open to the public. Mr. Cecil Holliday will preside. The public meeting will be followed by a general meeting of the league, which will adopt a constitution and elect officers and an executive committee.

Delegates Leaving On Steamer Ecuador

Big Party From Shanghai To Go To Foreign Trade Convention

The steamer Ecuador of the Pacific Mail carrying delegates to the Foreign Trade Convention that is be held in San Francisco May 12-15 and the Rotary Club Convention sailed from Hongkong at 1 o'clock Wednesday afternoon and is due to arrive at Woosung Saturday morning. The Shanghai Rotary Club is to go in a body to the Municipal Jetty to give farewell to the three Rotary delegates that will sail from Shanghai on the Ecuador.

The party of delegates going from Shanghai is composed of Messrs. A. K. Hagar, S. S. Marshall of Tsingtao, E. O. Baker, A. S. Goldsmith, who is delegate of the American Association of China, H. Hoffman, W. E. Row, G. L. Treadwell, F. C. Charman, G. F. Armstrong, H. A. Seloman, J. P. Babcock, F. A. Foster of Paotingfu, K. Aagesen and Julius Rosenfeld.

For the present voyage full accommodations are reserved on the Ecuador for delegates to the Foreign Trade Convention who are going to San Francisco from Manila, points in southern China, Shanghai, ports in Japan and from Honolulu. Another boat of the Pacific Mail that is carrying delegates in the same way from ports beyond Manila is the steamer Santa Cruz, which sailed from Calcutta about January 7 and is taking delegates from India, Colombo, Singapore, Saigon and also Manila.

Bainbridge Colby Gets Endorsement For Lansing's Job

(Reuter's Service)

Washington March 20.—The Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate has reported favorably in connection with the nomination of Mr. Bainbridge Colby as Secretary of State, in succession to Mr. Lansing.

POLICE OFFICERS WILL TAKE LEAVE

Seven Months Vacation Granted To Nine Members Of Force In Shanghai

Nine officers of the Shanghai Municipal Police, who are three or more years overdue for long leave, will leave the Settlement next Monday for a seven months vacation in England after a tour of the United States. They will sail on the China Mail steamer Nanking, next Monday.

In the party are to be Inspector W. H. Howell, Sub-Inspector W. Whiting, Sergeants D. Ginnane, G. Sadler, J. Sullivan, C. W. Higgs, A. O'Dwyer, P. Keane and S. Costello.

The police officers did not apply for leave during the war and consequently many of them are getting their first vacations in more than eight years. Their work in Shanghai was important and vacations were out of the question when the remainder of the world was in turmoil but the present outings will be appreciated more fully because of the delay.

BENEFIT TEA DANCE

Pupils of the French Municipal School will give a variety entertainment and tea dance at the French Club Saturday afternoon for the benefit of the blind soldiers and sailors fund. Tickets are obtainable at the Cercle Sportif Francais and the French Municipal School.

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1000	3 " " "	1.00
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ROTARY CLUB MEETING

Mr. Leon M. Bocker of the Associated Mission Treasurers addressed the Rotary Club at the weekly meeting held yesterday at the Cafe Parisien. Election of directors followed the address. The following were chosen: Messrs. W. L. Johnstone of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company; T. E. Doremus of the Du Pont Export Company; H. B. Lane of Andersen, Meyer and Company; E. C. Stocker of the Wiseinpoo Conser Board; W. A. B. Nichols of Fe Daniel and Company; J. W. of the Philippine National Y. C. Tong of the Shanghai mercial and Savings Bank an Julian Petit the retiring pres

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April 2nd, 1920

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Fukien Government Nets Rich Harvest From Opium

Growers Complain Bitterly Because Of Big Tax Demanded—Funds Co lected Sent Away To Provincial Capital

(China Press Correspondence)

Hinghwa, Fukien, March 19.—The harvesting of Hinghwa's opium crop is well under way and it is proving to be a harvest for the government rather than one for the farmers. For many months it has been rumored about that the government would not prohibit anyone from planting poppy. Of course it was understood that they would be expected to divide the proceeds of the harvest for the immunity granted. However the amount of dividends required from the farmers is proving so excessive that they are complaining very bitterly of their lot.

Last Fall inquiries came from the opium reform bureau in Peking stating that they had heard that poppy was to be planted in Putien County under official permit and that the farmers were to agree to pay a part of the proceeds to the Government. Present indications show that this inquiry must have been based on fact.

HEAVY TAX IMPOSED

At present a special representative sent to Putien by the Governor of the Province is established in Hinghwa directing the collection of a very heavy tax upon the poppy growers. This special officer is a Colonel from the Governor's special guard troops. He requires very little help from local officials in collecting the levies but depends upon the Northern troops stationed here with the aid of a few local guides. Again local men state that the funds collected with the exception of necessary expenses is practically all being sent away from this county to the Provincial capital.

The officer with his troops establishes his camp in the country among the poppy growers. He then summons the elders from the surrounding villages to appear before them. These elders are informed of the amount of poppy tax that will be required of their particular village and asked to confirm the amount with their signature. If they refuse they are put in wards until they do consent.

HOSTAGES TAKEN

Village elders who get on to the game and fail to appear merely bring a company of soldiers upon their village. Prominent persons are seized and held as hostages until the terms of the government are accepted. The fines are in some instances two or three times as heavy as those exacted last year. In some cases they are so heavy that if paid by the poppy growers alone of the locality it would not only require the proceeds of their crop but all of their possessions as well. In such cases their fellow villagers aid them in raising the levy. We have heard of villages that have hastened to plow up their poppy when they heard of the severity of the levies. However when the officers appear they force them to pay the tax saying that the villagers had already harvested their crop and plowed up the old stalks.

In seizing villagers for hostages they do not distinguish between poppy growers and non-poppy growers. If a man belongs to a village that has a poppy planter or two living in it that man may have to stand security for the poppy grower.

Deacons of the church who have exhorted their fellow villagers not to plant poppy are in some cases thrown into prison until the village consents to raising the levy.

INJUSTICE CHARGED

In some cases the amount of the levy is based upon last year's when the crop was a very productive one. In such a case the officer finds out the amount of last year's tax and doubles or trebles it.

There are groans going up from all sides at the severity of the Governor's representative and troops. It is certain that these methods will result in a big decrease in the acreage that will be planted next year. Last year the levy was collected by the former Putien magistrate and he was careful not to "kill the goose that was laying golden eggs." But this year it seems that the officials have come to the conclusion that the goose cannot live anyway.

ILLEGAL TRAFFIC

Although the present methods will decrease the extent of poppy culture in these regions next year yet it betrays the nature of the Provincial government. The country is being sold for personal gain. In other sections of this Province under Southern jurisdiction the very same process is going on.

Illegal poppy culture and traffic in opium is carried on under government sanction for the revenue and personal gain it brings in. In Putien county the Northern troops and the officials have not done a single thing to prevent the farmers from planting poppy but there are good reasons to believe that they have encouraged it all that they possibly could.

AMERICAN WOMAN'S CLUB

At the meeting of the Music Department of the American Woman's Club, to be held this afternoon at the home of Mrs. Tenney, 24 Whangpoo Road, Mrs. Hughes will read a paper on "Women Composers of Great Britain."

The meeting of the Literary Department, which was announced for today at the Royal Asiatic Society Hall, has been postponed until April 1.

The following program will be given today:

1. Spring has come—
   Maude Valerie White
2. Love's coronation—Alyward
3. Love's bendiction—Alyward
   Mrs. R. W. Hughes
   Violin obligato
   Mrs. Kurt.
   II.
1. Bird Songs—Liza Lehman
2. Songs of a Flapper—
   Liza Lehman
   Miss Alice Ware.
   III.

Violin—
Songs of Thanksgiving—
Allitsen
Mrs. Kurt.

Y.M.C.A. Delegates To Be Entertained By President Hsu

President Hsu Shih-chang is sending his Master of Ceremonies, Mr. Wong Kai-wen, to the Y.M.C.A. convention in Tientsin. It is expected that he will appear before the convention on behalf of the President on Saturday evening, April 3. On that occasion he will read a message from the president to the convention.

An invitation from the president to a reception in the President's Palace in Peking has been accepted. This reception will take place after the convention closes, on April 6. The day of the reception is April 7.

On the morning of Tuesday, March 30 at 7:35 o'clock the delegates from Southern and Central China passing through Shanghai on their way to the Convention will board special cars provided by the management of the Shanghai-Nanking R.R. These will be attached to the regular morning train and will arrive in Nanking in time for delegates to cross by ferry to the Pukow side in time to catch the train north.

Since there will be larger number of delegates leaving from Pukow than from Shanghai, the management of the Tientsin-Pukow R.R. will put on a special train which leaves Pukow on the afternoon of March 30. This train will consist of the usual first, second, and third class coaches.

Weather permitting, the lecture department of the Young Men's Christian Association, which has facilities for taking moving pictures, will have a moving picture made of the delegates boarding the train at Pukow.

K. Of C. Man Speaks To Lusitano Club

Mr. William F. Fox, member of the Supreme Board of Directors of the Knights of Columbus, delivered an address last night to the Lusitano Club at the club hall on North Szechuen Road.

Mr. Fox, who comes to the Far East as commissioner in charge of the K. of C. post-war work with American troops, told of the inception of the order, its tremendous growth, and its work in the war.

He dwelt on the fight made by the Knights of Columbus, through its hundreds of councils throughout the United States, against sccialism and "its latter-day child, Bolshevism" and the great educational and welfare work done by it and similar organisations in America during the war.

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P 32

Educator Would Lift Ban On Trade That Prohibits Training Of Chinese In U.S.

(Continued from Page 1)

enter schools and at the same time acquire practical training in American shops. A final resort may be an effort to obtain the amendment of the immigration laws of America.

Doctor Foster said yesterday that some 60 Chinese students are now ready to enter American schools and shops and places in schools and shops in America have already been found for them.

Peking University whose department of mechanical engineering Doctor Foster will direct upon his return to China, is engaged in an effort to raise $6,000,000 in America for buildings and equipment of the new institution into which is to be merged several mission government schools. It is in connection with the campaign to raise this sum in the United States that Doctor Foster will be absent a year.

New Irish Uprising Fixed For April 5th; German Plot Seen

Sinn Fein Lord Mayor Of Cork Reported To Have Been Murdered

(Reuter's Service)

London, March 19.—Mr. A. Clement Edwards has asked in the House of Commons whether the Government has received information of an Irish rising which is reported to be fixed for April 5 with simultaneous risings in Liverpool, Manchester and Glasgow and further whether the Navy has seized arms and ammunition from Germany and whether the German secret service is behind the movement.

London, March 21.—A Dublin telegram states that the Sinn Fein Lord Mayor of Cork has been murdered. No details are yet to hand.

Battleclasps For British War Tokens

(Reuter's Service)

London, March 23.—In the House of Commons today Mr. Churchill stated that the question of battleclasps was being investigated. He said that it was his opinion that ten clasps for the named battles ought to cover the war in France with two or three for the other theaters They had to deal with six to seven million medals and he could not undertake that the medals should be held back until the clasps had been completed.

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STILL BEAR 'ROYAL' SIGNS

Germany In No Hurry To Cut Out Paint Over Government Buildings

Berlin.—The Socialist newspaper Vorwaerts comments sarcastically on the failure of Germany to remove the "royal" and "kaiser" signs that abound everywhere. From all Provinces of the German Empire come communications to the paper declaring that the old signs and inscriptions by which nearly everything was royal or "kaiserlich" still remain.

Berlin authorities are "sleeping" as much as in the Provinces in not removing the offending inscriptions, says the Vorwaerts. The "kaiserlich" postal bureau still exists, the "royal" courts are not abolished and the buildings still bear everywhere the insignia "royal" and "kaiserlich." It is only in Southern Germany that the words have been stricken or painted out.

The Berlin Police Headquarters still bears the sign of "royal," although a Social Democrat is at the head, the police stations of Charlottenburg are still "royal," and such buildings as the Patent Office and certain garrisons are "Kaiserlich" or "royal."

Finally the Socialist organ cites a letter mailed from the Charlottenburg magistracy, in which that municipality is characterised as the "royal" residence city Charlottenburg." The Vorwaerts asks if the authorities are asleep to allow all this.

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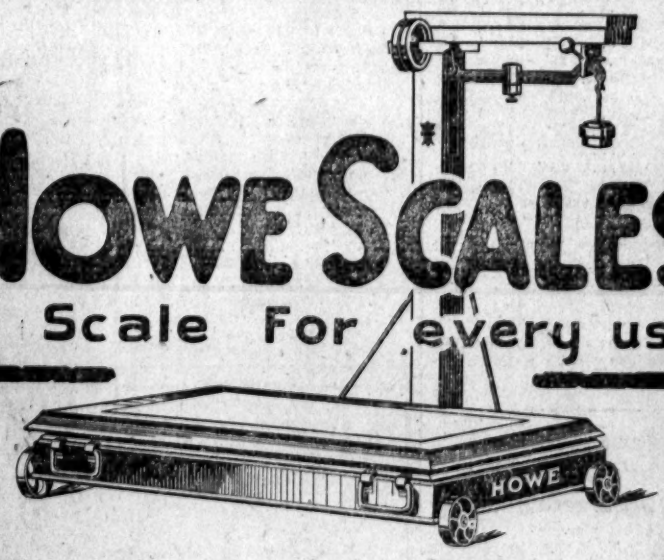

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'TWO AND THREE'

'Putting The Next One Over' With 'Bugs' Baer

Elmer Northrup Mimbo, the famous double cross country runner, will leave the amateur ranks and enter the University of Pennsylvania.

Prohibition has put the blinkers on ski jumping at Dartmouth. There is no more ski.

Woodruff Dingle, who was given the bum's rush at Wimple College, will matriculate at Penn. He is the snappiest fullback that ever signed a pay check. Dingle will study calisthenics and the language of flowers. His diploma calls for five thousand a year.

The original Carlisle football team, including Pocahontas, Deerfoot, Geronimo, Slinging Bull Bevo-in-the-Face, Hiawatha, Minnehaha and Man-Who-Drops-Raisins-In-His-Beer, will again represent Carlisle on the football field. Geronimo came near graduating forty years ago on a technicality.

Drinking has been dropped as a major sport at Harvard. The waiters won't serve anybody less than a colonel.

The spangled cubes have also been reduced from a major to a private sport. Members of the pinochle team will be allowed to wear their letters on their bath robes.

A Chess cable match between Princeton and the University of Cuba will be held just as quick as the company lays a hollow cable.

Through the munificence of a wealthy benefactor, the International Correspondence School will be able to build dormitories on top of every letter box in the country.

Veterans of the Students' Army Training Corps are requested not to wear wound stripes for cuts received in the end chair of the village barber abattoir.

The New York State Constabulary have been appointed to referee this Spring's citizen-student riots at New Haven.

In spite of Colgate's efforts to stop intemperance, the sophomores still continue to use bear grease on their haircuts.

Bryn Mawr and Matteawan Seminary will meet in a joint debate. Subject: "Is wood alcohol a Summer or Winter drink?"

The campaign to boost college professors' pay is going strong. The average pay is $1,108.45 a year. The profs are satisfied with the figures. All they want to do is to remove the decimal point.

Nobody seems to know why the West Pointers wear their full-dress uniforms with the suspenders on the outside.

Last year's Columbia eleven wasn't strong enough to win the championship of one of the Thousand Islands. The coaches will rely on their famous rubber sidelines next season. When the other side has the ball the lines are stretched to twenty yards. When the home boys grab the ball the lines are folded up to three yards. Science always triumphs over brute strength.

The Purdue Weejee Board team is one of the strongest in the Middle West. You never hear of the Middle East, the Middle North or the Middle South, so it looks as if Purdue grabs the hand-laundered whisk-broom.

MOUNT CLIMBER DIES IN BLIZZARD

Charles MacVeagh, Jr., Son Of Steel Corporation's Counsel, Loses Way

Dublin, N. H., Feb. 15.—Charles MacVeagh, Jr. of New York, a graduate student at Princeton, and son of the counsel for the United States Steel Corporation, died of exposure on Mount Monadnock early today during an attempted snowshoe trip on the summit in company with Charlton Reynders of New York, a senior at Harvard.

The young men started on their trip early yesterday afternoon in excellent weather, but soon a blinding snowstorm and high wind developed, making it impossible for them to reach the summit. When a half-mile from the top they abandoned the attempt and started on the return, but at that time it was dusk, and they soon lost their way in the growing darkness and driving storm. Moreover, deceived by the mild, clear weather when they started, they were thinly clad, without overcoats, hats or gloves.

MacVeagh soon showed signs of exhaustion, falling several times, and about 9 o'clock dropped unconscious. Reynders, who was also suffering from exhaustion, protected his companion as best he could, but MacVeagh died at about 4 o'clock this morning.

At about the time MacVeagh fell unconscious, Fred Nettleton, caretaker at the MacVeagh estate here, who had become alarmed at the failure of the young men to return, started up the mountain on snow shoes in an attempt to find them. He discharged his revolver frequently and eventually Reynders heard and answered with his own revolver, but even then it was difficult for Nettleton to find them, and MacVeagh had died before he arrived.

Nettleton assisted Reynders down the mountain and returned for the body, bringing it out just before nightfall. Reynders's condition tonight was said not to be serious.

News Brevities

An employe of Sincere's was brought into the Mixed Court yesterday on a charge of having stolen silverware valued at $1,000. He appeared before American Assessor Tenney and Magistrate Yui and his case was remanded for one week.

* * *

Col. Rumcha was among the passengers who arrived in Shanghai from Dairen on the s.s. Kobe Maru yesterday afternoon.

* * *

April 5 has been chosen by the Peking Government for the inauguration of the Victory Memorial at the Central Park, Peking. Allied ministers will be invited to attend. Work is expected to be finished in a few days.

* * *

The twenty-first annual meeting of subscribers to the Masonic Charity Fund was held yesterday at the Masonic Hall. A statement of accounts and the annual report of the Council for the year were received and adopted.

* * *

A Chinese carpenter who was working on a veranda at 150 Avenue Edward VII fell from a scaffolding yesterday and fractured his skull. His condition was reported as serious last evening at the Shantung Road hospital.

* * *

The marriage of Mr. Verne Clair of the International Banking Corporation and Miss Claude Wallace will be solemnised at the Holy Trinity Cathedral on Saturday afternoon, April 17. A reception will follow at "Erroll," 161 Bubbling Well Road.

* * *

Lieutenant G. F. Ashley of the American Company, Shanghai Volunteer Corps, has resigned his commission and will re-enlist in the Company as a private. Lieut. Ashley resigns his commission because of pressure of business but will not disassociate himself with American Company activities.

* * *

The Bank of East Asia, Ltd., will officially open for business, April 1. A reception will be held between 11 o'clock in the morning to 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

* * *

The Public School for Boys will hold their sports this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

* * *

A reduction of 20 percent will be granted on roundtrip tickets from Shanghai and all lower and upper Yangtsze and Tungting Lake ports to Kiukiang for steamers sailing on and after May first and leaving Kiukiang not later than September 30. The rates are for the Kuling passenger season and will be in effect on steamers of the China Navigation Company, China Merchants S. N. Company, Indo-China S. N. Company and the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha.

* * *

The literary department of the American Women's Club will meet at the Royal Asiatic Society this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock.

* * *

The annual meeting of the British Chamber of Commerce will be held at the Palace Hotel this afternoon at 5 o'clock.

* * *

The Municipal Service Club will give a dance at the Town Hall tomorrow night at 9 o'clock.

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Nestles Cup—Third Competition

The following is the result of the third competition for the Nestles Cup competition which was held on Thursday, 6:30 a.m. The weather conditions were unfavorable.

There were 25 entries only 17 competed.

Names	Class	Total	Allowance	G. Total
F. E. Hodges	"A"	92	1	93*
G. Richardson	"B"	88	4	92
H. Noisshiki	"C"	86	6	92
J. Rebsamen	"D"	84	8	92
C. Bedoni	"A"	90	1	91
P. F. Wilner	"A"	90	1	91
C. E. M. Thomson	"A1"	90	0	90
H. Tobias	"D"	82	8	90
G. Fitch	"B"	85	4	89
G. Housser	"C"	83	6	89
H. Blatchford	"D"	80	8	88
A. M. Collaco	"A1"	87	0	87
K. D. Chen	"B"	83	4	87
J. Macbeth	"A"	85	1	86
R. I. Ito	"A1"	84	0	84
W. T. Rose	"A1"	83	0	83
H. W. Dawson	"B"	79	4	83

*Holder of the cup.

ABSENT

H. T. Bradley, F. W. Snape, W. J. Terrill, F. G. Green, C. P. Grant, L. P. Quincey.

RETIRED

C. Reeves, T. Watanabe.

The results of March monthly competitions will be published in tomorrow's paper.

S.V.C. Corps Orders

Corps orders by Major T. E. Trueman, Commandant, S.V.C. Headquarters, Town Hall, Shanghai, March 25, 1920.

No. 32.—Leave: Short leave has been granted to Captain R. W. Davis, March 25, 1920 to March 31, 1920.

No. 33.—Retired rank: Captain G. M. Billings is placed on the retired list, with the right to wear the prescribed uniform.

No. 34.—Resignation: The following resignation has been accepted by the Council, with regret, and is published in the Municipal Gazette of March 25, 1920. American Co.—Lieut. G. F. Ashley.

Town Hall Dance Today

The following program of dance music will be played by the Band in the Town Hall today, beginning at 5:30 p.m.:

1. One Step "I'm not Jealous" Mayo
2. Waltz "Cupid's Kiss" Herbert
3. Fox Trot "Oasis" Klickmann
4. One Step "When they're old enough to know better" Ruby
5. Fox Trot "My Fox Trot Girl" Biese
6. Waltz "Oh! What A Pal was Mary" Werdling
7. One Step "Sweet Cookie Mine" Jones
8. Fox Trot "Hindustan" Wallace

R. Dremis,
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Nothing On Earth Like "Gets-It" For Corns and Calluses.

A spot of thickened skin on the bottom of your foot which so often makes walking an agony, is as easily removed by wonderful "Gets-It" as any hard or soft corn anywhere on your toes. Look at this picture.—A few drops of "Gets-It" did the work. The callus comes loose from the true flesh. No irritation whatever. You peel the callus right off just like a banana skin—peacefully, painlessly. "Gets-It" does the same thing to any corn, without the use of sticky plasters, irritating salves, greasy ointments or troublesome tape. There is no trouble—no knife, no scissors to use. "Gets-It" is used by millions, because it is common sense, and it never fails. Try it, prove it.

"Gets-It," the guaranteed, money-back corn-remover, the only sure way, costs but a trifle at all chemists and stores. M'f'd by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago, U. S. A.

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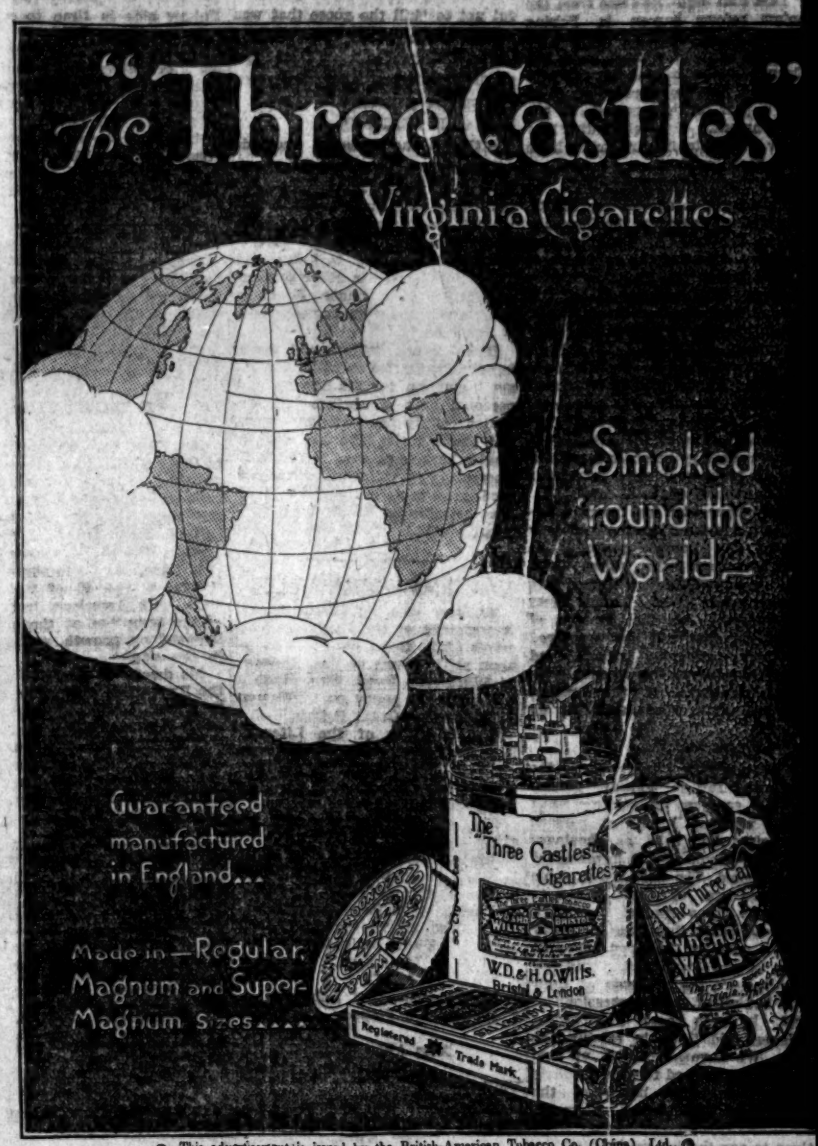

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Western Returned Students To Meet Tomorrow Evening

Dr. C. T. Wang, the Chinese peace delegate, will be the guest of honor at the reception by the Western Returned Students' Union to be held tomorrow night at 7 o'clock at the Yih Ping Shang Hotel. The reception will not be held at the M. Y. San Restaurant as previously announced by the secretary.

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TIENTSIN

Telegram No. 2639: Cables: "CHIUTA" TIENTSIN"

Shanghai Land Investment Co. Holds Annual Meeting

The annual general meeting of the Shanghai Land Investment Co. held yesterday afternoon at the offices of Messrs. Gibb, Livingston and Co. was well attended, 2,563 shares being represented.

Mr. E. C. Pearce presided, and the other directors present were Messrs. H. E. Arnold, C. G. C. Mackie, H. A. J. Macray and E. C. Richards.

Following the reading of the notice convening the meeting and the auditors report, the chairman said:

Gentlemen.—Before commencing the business of the meeting I have to regrettably announce the loss sustained by the company through death. I venture to think that it has never occurred in the annals of any Shanghai company that the Chairman has had to refer in his opening speech to the sad loss during any year of two active directors and one past director. I refer, Gentlemen, to the demise of Mr. E. Jenner Hogg, your late chairman, to Mr. C. W. Wrightson, both active directors until the time of their death, and to Mr. H. R. Kinnear, a late partner in Messrs. Gibb, Livingston and Co., who died in England, having retired from the board in 1913.

To Mr. Hogg I should like to make more than special reference: He was your chairman for 20 years, in fact, he was one of the original directors on the formation of the company in 1889. Throughout the 30 years his advise, due to his keen business acumen and general knowledge of Shanghai land values, has always been of the utmost value to the company. By his kindly disposition he endeared himself not only to his colleagues on the board, but to all who came in contact with him. His loss will be sadly felt by the shareholders. To Mrs. Hogg and his relatives I should like to place on record the company's most sincere and heartfelt sympathy in their sad bereavement.

Mr. C. W. Wrightson was elected to a seat on your directorate in 1900 and was a most valued member of your board, a most conscientious and hard working director, his death is a great loss to the company. To Mrs. Wrightson and his friends we extend our sympathy.

Mr. Kinnear, who died in England during the year, was associated with the company since its inception in 1889. He took a very keen interest in the welfare of the company right up to the time of his death, although he retired from active participation in 1913.

By the death of these three gentlemen, the company has sustained a great loss and it will be exceedingly difficult to fill their places on your board.

You will see from the report and accounts which with your permission will be taken as read that we have not undertaken any extensive building program since the last annual meeting of shareholders.

The year 1919 has been marked by an unprecedented rise in the value of silver and this coupled with, and perhaps the cause of a great tightness in money has made it inexpedient to issue debentures, even had it been possible to place any considerable quantity of debentures on the market, the price of issue would have made the interest charges too high for profitable investment by the company. This has necessarily greatly curtailed our activities and except for the conversion into shops of certain houses in North Szechuen Road our work during the year has been confined to the upkeep and management of our existing properties. A further reason which has caused us to refrain from any large capital expenditure was our desire to do something to meet the present shortage of houses at moderate rents. During the year we were approached by certain firms on the question of building houses to accommodate the Junior Members of their staffs. After considerable negotiation we now hope to come to an agreement with a number of important firms to erect detached and semi-detached four and five room houses on our Jessfield Estate No. 21. If the negotiations now in progress are successfully concluded a start will be made on 43 of these houses, which will be let to the firms interested, on a 25 years lease at rents which, while giving us a fair return on our money, are reasonable for the well built up-to-date houses which are to be provided. The scheme promises to be very popular and already applications have been received from a sufficient number of additional firms to make a second scheme possible.

Your directors have realised that the housing problem, especially for the young married man, is critical. That the commercial welfare of Shanghai demanded that some steps should be taken to meet the situation and we are of the opinion that the arrangements we have arrived at are the best fitted to give lasting satisfaction to both tenant and landlord, and that we cannot utilise our reserves in a better way than this, which, while meeting a great public need gives us a fair return on our capital guaranteed over a number of years.

RENTS

Your directors have heard it rumored during the past few years that our rents both foreign and Chinese are considerably lower than they need be—while not admitting that this is so, I think it will to sketch out to you very briefly, the policy of the company and its results in this respect. We have always believed that it is better to have all our premises fully let than to have a certain proportion empty with the remainder let at a slightly increased rent. With all property the presence of empty houses gives the neighborhood an unprosperous and unattractive appearance, and premises remaining empty for a lengthened period will frequently result in adjoining houses being also vacated. Vacant property also gets into disrepair more rapidly than tenanted property.

These two last considerations are especially marked in the case of Chinese properties—but apart from this it is often lost sight of, that if a Chinese house rented at say $8.00 per month be increased to $9.00 per month and becomes vacant in consequence and remain empty for say six months, it will take four years of the increase in rent to make good the six months loss, or in 100 of such houses it is only necessary to have vacant 12 houses to nullify the increase on the remaining 88 houses. Our policy has resulted in our properties being uniformly well filled, and this often during times when empty Chinese and foreign premises were by no means uncommon. From 1914 to 1918 no considerable increases in Chinese rents were imposed—during these years the business of the small shopkeeper (a class who occupy a large number of our houses) was far from prosperous. The less wealthy members of the Chinese community were suffering from the ever increasing costs of living and the time was certainly not opportune for any general and considerable increase in rent. It must be remembered that the classes I am speaking of have no real or permanent tie to Shanghai, and when times are bad it takes little to drive them out of Shanghai into their native places in the country a very undesirable occurrence so far as our interests are concerned. During 1918 conditions materially improved—labor was demanding higher wages and the small shopkeeper reaped a corresponding benefit. We took advantage of this and from the second moon of 1919 we increased the majority of our Chinese rents by amounts which show a total increase for 1919 over 1918 of Tls. 13,000 and as conditions remained still good during 1919 we made a further advance for the 12th. moon of 1919 which will give a further increase for 1920 of Tls. 35,000. These two taken together are an increase of 15½ percent on our Chinese rents.

Our policy with foreign property is substantially the same, though of course the existence of leases makes the possible increases somewhat irregular, the total amounts of increases for foreign property are however for 1919 Tls. 26,000 over 1918 and for 1920 Tls. 26,000 over 1919. From what I have said, it will I think be plain to you that although we play for safety, our policy is progressive.

Turning to the accounts you will see from the balance sheet that for the first time we present an interest on undeveloped land suspense a/c, and a depreciation of buildings reserve a/c in accordance with the recommendation contained in your auditor's certificate last year.

These two accounts were fully dealt with by the chairman at the last annual meeting of shareholders, and I think it is only necessary for me to say that the interest on undeveloped land suspense a/c has been opened with Tls. 311,277.88 the balance of improvements and renewals a/c 1918, and Tls. 378,979.93 from reserve account as recommended by our auditors, and the interest on undeveloped land during 1919 has been carried to this account.

Provision was made last year in the appropriations of the P. L. account balance for the commencement of a depreciation of building's reserve a/c Tls. 23,917 being set aside for this purpose. In this year's accounts Tls. 24,190 has been debited to working account and credited to depreciation account as the provision made for depreciation of buildings during 1919.

Working Account.—On the credit side gross rents are increased by Tls. 40,660.21 outgoings for fire insurance, repairs, taxes, etc., by Tls. 8,221.38 leaving a net increase in rents of Tls. 32,438.83. interest is Tls. 18,822 less, and commission is increased by Tls. 4,099.

On the debit side there is a reduction in charges of approximately Tls. 3,500, salaries are very slightly increased. Office and godown rents are decreased because certain rent allowances granted to our staff are this year included in salaries whereas previously these allowances have been charged to rental account. There is therefore really a considerable reduction in salaries account due to Mr. Sparke's absence in France and the death of Mr. Browne, our late foreman.

The increase in legal expenses was incurred in connection with the cancellation of leases entered into before the war with enemy subjects.

In comparing the balance at credit of working account for 1919 with the balance for 1918, it is necessary to add the sum of Tls. 24,190 set aside for depreciation to this years balance because in 1918 the amount of depreciation was taken from the appropriations of the P. and L. account balance.

Profit and Loss Accounts.—The balance at credit of P. and L. account is Tls. 221,964.80 as compared with Tls. 223,941.19 for 1918 the difference is accounted for as I have already explained by the fact that Tls. 24,190, the amount set aside for depreciation of buildings, has been this year debited to working account.

We carry forward to new account Tls. 26,964.80 as compared with Tls. 15,024.19 brought forward from 1918.

Improvements and Renewals account and reserve.—The suggestions made by the auditors last year as embodied in their certificate have this year been carried out, and this has naturally had the effect of automatically closing the improvements and renewals account. It was mentioned in the chairman's remarks at the last meeting that the disappearance of this account was regretted by the directors. The account, as has been explained on more than one occasion, served a very useful purpose. You will remember that it is to this account that we debit the cost of such improvements and renewals, which though not of a direct rent earning character have the effect of reducing the expenditure on future repairs. The cost of such improvements which may be very necessary for the welfare of our property may well be a heavy charge on any one years working account, but by debiting the cost to improvements and renewals the charge is spread over a number of years.

After very careful consideration and with the full approval of our auditors your directors have decided to reopen this account, and for this purpose we have taken Tls. 144,065.79 from reserve, to this amount will be added from time to time such sums as are available and as may appear necessary from the balance of profit and loss account, and we shall continue to debit to the account the cost of improvements and renewals.

Our reserve fund now stands at Tls. 1,000,000 as against Tls. 1,523,045.72 as shown in the accounts last year. This however is no real reduction in our reserves as we have opened a land suspense account with an amount of Tls. 690,257.81, which for all practical purposes is also a reserve giving us a total in these two accounts of Tls. 1,690,257.81.

There is an increase in the book values of estates due to interest on undeveloped land, some new buildings on our Dixwell Road Extension property and conversion into shops of certain houses on North Szechuen Road.

Sundry Debtors.—Include uncollected rent and mortgage interest mainly for the month and quarter respectively current at the closing of our books and most of which has now been collected.

Shares purchase account represents the amount paid for enemy shares purchased last August at a price which your directors consider favorable.

Debenture purchase account shews the sum paid for some of our debentures which are redeemable this year. We had an opportunity of purchasing these at a considerable discount which your board did not hesitate to accept in view of the fact that they are redeemable at par in April.

Staff.—During the year we have been again short-handed. Mr. Sparke returned, after an absence of more than two years, from his service in France, towards the close of the year.

The position made vacant by the death of Mr. Duncan Browne, our clerk-of-works, has not yet been filled.

Mr. Peebles left for a somewhat overdue home leave in January last, and we hope he will be able to secure the services of a suitable clerk-of-works while he is in England.

In regard to the future I consider that our prospects are bright. Our rent roll is annually increasing and we have started, as opportunity occurs, to raise the rate of intergst on our mortgage loans.

The question of the erection of small wooden houses is occupying the attention of your board.

I have, I think, dealt fully with the company's affairs, but if there is any point upon which you are not clear, I shall be pleased to answer any questions to the best of my ability before proposing the adoption of the report and accounts.

No questions were asked, and the following resolutions were then put forward and passed unanimously:

1.—That the report and accounts as presented be accepted and passed. Proposed by Mr. E. C. Pearce, seconded by Mr. H. A. J. Macray.

2.—That the directors be authorised to pay a final dividend for the year 1919 of 5 percent on the paid-up capital to shareholders on the register at this date. Proposed by Mr. E. C. Pearce, seconded by Mr. H. A. J. Macray.

3.—That Mr. E. C. Pearce be re-elected a director of the company. Proposed by Mr. C. Beswick, seconded by Mr. R. M. Saker.

4.—That the appointments of Messrs. C. G. S. Mackie, E. C. Richards and H. E. Arnold as directors of the company be confirmed. Proposed by Mr. C. M. Bain, seconded by Mr. C. H. C. Platt.

5.—That Messrs. Lowe, Bingham and Mathews be re-elected auditors for the current year at a remuneration of Tls. 750. Proposed by Mr. Wm. Carlson, seconded by Mr. C. H. Wood.

A vote of thanks to the chairman and directors concluded the meeting.

Rowing

E. A. Ericson has been elected captain and R. S. Haskell, vice-captain, by American members of the Shanghai Rowing Club. Training of crews will begin at once and men will row Monday, Wednesday and Friday afternoons at 5:30 o'clock and Sunday morning at 11.

Griffins will be trained with experienced oarsmen and there will be competitions before the eligibility will be decided on men eligible for positions in the American pair, four or eight.

Due consideration will be given men desiring a light preliminary training before taking up the more strenuous work required in the boats to represent America at the Spring regatta.

Peking Marines Look For Big Year On Baseball Field

From all reports Peking will once more be represented by a good baseball team this Summer, the nine wearing the colors of the United States Marine Corps.

The Marines have had good teams in the past and were always too much for the Peking civilians; but as a result of the war the Marine nines of the past two years have not been quite up to the standard of former years.

This season, however, the Guardsmen have two first class pitchers, a couple of nifty catchers and a number of snappy, hard-hitting and throwing infielders and outfielders.

More men are expected by the next transport, so that the Marine material should be the best in years.

One already hears at the American Legation Guard talk of what the Marines are going to do to the 15th infantry and the Tientsin Civilians.—*Peking Leader.*

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First Prize $50,000.00

Issued under the authorisation of the Government of the Republic of China on the 8th July, 1918.

To be drawn among 40,000 successive numbers in full view of the public in Shanghai, China, on March 31st, 1920.

One tenth of each ticket will be sold at $0.50, the proceeds of which after payment of prizes, charges, etc., will be divided between the Famine Relief Fund and the Benevolent Institutions. The Association reserves to itself the right to allocate the proceeds to the above objects; if any of the tickets are unsold on date of drawing, proportional reduction in the allocation will be made.

Price for Whole Tickets: $5.00

Tickets may be obtained from all dealers.

All prizes won locally will be given at The Chinese Benevolent Association (271-6, Boulevard des Deux Republiques, Shanghai); if abroad, will be paid at the Branch Offices of The Bank of China elsewhere.

The Chinese Benevolent Association

Your Health Comes First

Good Health is your most valuable asset:—its preservation should, therefore, receive your most careful consideration. An important point which should always be borne in mind is the fact that a great many forms of ill-health can be traced, directly or indirectly, to disorders of the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels. It is wise, therefore, to keep these organs in healthy activity. When they show any signs of derangement let that reliable medicine, Beecham's Pills, be taken at once. Always deal with digestive ailments in time. They are far-reaching in their possibilities of mischief if neglected, as they too often are. And yet it is generally easy to keep fit and well and free from many debilitating ailments by the simple use of

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Sold everywhere in boxes, price 1/1½ (56 pills) & 2/9 (168 pills).

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Losses already paid total four times the premiums collected. Your government pays the deficit in recognition of your services.

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40 Cents per lb. **MIXED SWEETS** per lb. **40 Cents**

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TKATCHENKO BROS.

Anglo-Java Estates, Ltd., Holds Annual Meeting

Shareholders of the Anglo-Java Estates, Ltd., held their annual general meeting yesterday afternoon at the board room of the China Mutual Life Insurance Company. After the chairman, Mr. A. J. Welch, had read his report, resolutions were passed on the declaration of dividends, the election of directors and the appointment of auditors. The total number of shares represented was 91,096.

The chairman's speech was as follows:

"Following the practice usually adopted, I will assume that I have your permission to take the Report and Accounts as read.

"The auditors' report, however, is as follows:

"'We have obtained all the information and explanations we have required. The dividends declared by N. V. Limburg Landen and Djarangan Estates, Limited, have been taken from a telegram received on March 8, 1920, by the general managers. Subject to the foregoing the above balance sheet is, in our opinion, properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the Company's affairs according to the best of our information and the explanations given us and as shown by the books.

'Lowe, Bingham and Matthews.
'Auditors.'

"The report is compiled in the usual form and it has again been the endeavor of your directors to make it a comprehensive survey of the year's working.

"The planted areas have undergone some slight changes during the year but, as you were informed about these at the last annual meeting and were given the reasons which occasioned them, I shall not repeat them.

"Of the 159 acres formerly under cocoa, 140 acres have been planted with hemp and 19 acres, where the soil is of better quality, have been set aside to be planted with hevea.

HEMP AREA INCREASED

"The area under hemp is thus increased to 948 acres, which it is hoped is large enough to yield a sufficient supply of leaves to keep the fiber machines constantly employed.

"These were the only important changes that took place but, of course, the work of thinning out, both hevea and coffee, was continued. A great many of the coffee trees were cut out, and some 17,000 hevea trees were removed on Limburg and 4,900 on Djarangan.

"In connection with the thinning out of the hevea trees it frequently happens, that, in order to secure proper alignment or for some other reason, there is room for a supply, and of such supplies over 7,000 were planted last year.

"These supplies are grown from seeds obtained from the most productive trees, and, needless to say, are selected with the greatest care.

"Dealing now with the harvests, I may say that, speaking generally, they were quite satisfactory.

"The out-turn of rubber very considerably exceeded the estimate and the harvest of hemp reached the estimate but the coffee crop amounted to only two thirds of the quantity expected.

"As you will have seen from the report, the cost of production, on both estates, shows a very gratifying reduction from the previous year's figures, while the cost of the combined output laid down in Soerabaya works out at just under 6d. per pound, as against over 7d. for 1918 and nearly 8½d. for 1917.

YIELD IS BETTER

"The figures disclosed in the table giving particulars of the production are equally as satisfactory, showing as they do an increase in the area in tapping from 4,142 to 5,546 acres during the last four years, with a coincident increase in the yield per acre from 274 to 447 pounds.

"Unfortunately, it is impossible to determine the exact sterling equivalent of the guilder price obtained for the rubber sold, which amounted to nearly 2,000,000 pounds because of the many ups and downs of the exchange rates between London and Java; but it may be taken as approximately 2s. 0d. per pound.

"For the current year the combined output is estimated at 2,650,000 pounds, but I think that, if favorable weather obtains, we may safely anticipate a somewhat larger yield.

"Two forward sales have been made for 1920, one of 20 tons of smoked sheet per month, at 1s. 10¾d. per pound and the other of a similar quantity at F.1.20 per half kilo, both ex-godown Soerabaya.

"So long as sterling exchange is fluctuating so violently, you will no doubt appreciate the advisability of selling a part, at least, of the crop in the same currency as that in which expenditure must be met.

VOLCANIC ASH HARMFUL

"The hemp harvest, at 1,597 piculs, was approximately what had been anticipated, but probably another 1,000 piculs would have been obtained, had it not been for the rain of ashes which followed the eruption of the Kloet volcano. This ash rain damaged the young leaves, and made it necessary to harvest them before they had reached their full growth.

"The cost of production is not given in the report for the reason that it would have been misleading, owing to the small area that was in bearing and to the heavy expenditure incurred on the upkeep of the immature areas, which was charged to revenue.

"Only a very small part of the crop was sold by the end of the year, and the average price realised was much less than that obtained for some years past, owing to the short length of the fiber and the generally inferior quality brought about by the ash damage.

"The coffee crop, on both estates, fell short of the estimate. On Djarangan the Kloet eruption must be held responsible, as the trees were literally covered with fine hot ashes which destroyed the berries; while on Limburg, in addition to the ash rain, unfavorable weather prevented the berries from maturing properly.

"The short crop is reflected in the cost of production, which, at F.28.40 per picul, is nearly three times as much as it was the year before; but sales realised F.56.79 per picul, likewise nearly three times as much as the year before.

"For the current year, owing to the long dry season, the crop will again be a small one, and only 2,000 piculs are expected.

"Turning now to the accounts, I will deal first with those of Djarangan.

The profit for the year, as shown in the working account, was F.589,868.45 as against F.216,822 for 1918 and exceeds by F.174,000 the profit made in 1916, heretofore the largest since the formation of the Company.

"This handsome profit was made almost entirely from rubber, as the 142 piculs of coffee harvested and sold realised a profit of somewhat less than F.4,000, and is a splendid vindication of the optimism expressed by the chairman when addressing you last year.

"Under development account in the balance sheet you will see that F.16,020 were spent on the immature areas on Loengoer Tedjo division. This is practically the same amount as was spent in 1918, but is somewhat more that was estimated, for the reason that extraordinary expenditure was incurred as a result of the volcanic disturbance.

"Other expenditure on capital account, which is quite ordinary and usual, is fully explained in the report.

"The Shanghai Company appears as a debtor in the sum of F.141,894 but, since the accounts were made up, this has been turned into a credit balance of F.58,105, by the payment of the final dividend.

"The Limburg Landen working account discloses a profit of F.1,232,261, which exceeds by F.22,000 the profit made in 1916, which in turn, like that of Djarangan, was the largest since the Company was formed.

"But, whereas the products other than rubber contributed to the 1916 profit a sum of over F.475,000 the profit derived from these products in 1919 was considerably less than a quarter of that amount.

'This excellent result is chiefly due to the better prices that prevailed in the rubber market but it must not be forgotten that the saving of nearly a penny per pound in the cost of production was also a factor.

FIRE PROTECTION

"The expenditure on capital account is explained in the report, but there is perhaps one item that I should explain a little more fully. You will notice under the heading of buildings, that F.2,100 was received from a fire insurance claim, this claim arose through a fire that occurred last October and destroyed one of the rubber drying houses and about 5,000 pounds of rubber.

"The building and contents were fully covered by insurance but we were exceedingly lucky that the fire was confined to this one building, as it was solely due to the prompt measures taken by the manager and his assistants, who organised a chain of 200 or 300 coolies passing water in their latex pails, that a conflagration of a much more serious nature was averted. We owe all concerned a deep debt of gratitude for their promptness and resource in dealing with this emergency. To guard against a similar danger in future your directors have sanctioned the installation, of a four-inch iron pipe with the necessar attachments for hoses, throughout the factory grounds. The water supply which will come from the tank through the centrifugal pump in the factory is sufficient to allow of two 1½ inch and two 2½ inch streams being used at the same time; so should we be so unfortunate as to have another fire we shall be in a position to reduce the damage to a minimum. This installation, although not entirely finished, was in working order in the most dangerous area by the end of December; the estimated cost is between F.5,000 and F.6,000.

"The Shanghai Company appears as a creditor in the sum of F.119416 which has been increased, since the accounts were made up to F.519,416 by the final dividend.

"I am glad to be able to tell you that the reserve motive power, comprising a boiler of 180 h.p. and an engine of 150 h.p., which were ordered in 1916, have at last arrived on the estate, been inspected and passed and have been installed.

"The addition of this motive power to the plant will serve to relieve the manager and his staff of considerable anxiety, since it means that, if for any reason, the water wheel, on which we have been dependent for so long, ceased to function, the factory could continue to operate.

"It is un-necessary, I think, for me to tell you that your properties received every attention and that nothing was left undone keep them in thoroughly good order and make them more productive.

"Although there was a good deal of competition for the labor available, chiefly from the tapioca estates in the same district as Limburg, the manager reports a sufficiency, but says that for some of the field work it was necessary to increase the wages.

"Health conditions were quite satisfactory and there was no return of the influenza epidemic, which caused so many deaths the year before.

THANKS TO STAFFS

"As regards the silting up of the lake, about which you were informed last year, no definite steps have been taken, as yet, to cope with this intrusion, but the matter is still under investigation and as soon as we feel reasonably sure that the methods recommended will deal with it effectively the work will be proceeded with.

Your directors again wish to place on record their appreciation of the very efficient services rendered by the managers and their staffs on the estates, and by the Company's agents in Java.

"Unfortunately, this year we are to lose the services of both managers. Mr. de Villeneuve of Djarangan Estate will retire in March, after having been in charge of the property not only since this Company took it over, but for many years previously. The whole planting program was carried out under his supervision and, now that the original estate has come into full bearing, he feels that his years will not allow him to give to the work that full and careful attention which he feels it requires, and he is stepping out to make room for a younger man.

"Mr. Everard, of Limburg, who has spent 30 years of his life on the estate, the last 20 years as manager, has also expressed his intention of retiring at the end of January, 1921. I cannot tell you how much we shall miss him, nor what we should have done without him during the last 10 years; for it was no simple matter to convert 4,300 acres of coffee into 4,300 acres of rubber, and it was mainly due to his courage and resourcefulness that the work was done so expeditiously, so thoroughly, and so cheaply.

To have worked with these two gentlemen, as your directors have for the last 10 years, has been a very real pleasure, since they have proved themselves to be of the highest character and integrity, and have shown a devotion to duty, the like of which is not so frequently met with now-a-days.

"Our very best thanks are due to them for the painstaking care they have displayed in so efficiently looking after your properties, and I feel that I am only expressing your wishes when I say that we all hope they may long be spared to enjoy their well deserved rest after so many years of labor.

EXCHANGE REACTS

"In conclusion, Gentlemen, I will just refer briefly to the accounts of the Shanghai Company and endeavor to make clear to you why it is, that although the profits for 1919, when expressed in guilders, are the largest earned since the inception of the Company, we are only in a position to distribute Taels 0.75 per share in dividends as compared with Taels 1.50 per share distributed for the year 1916.

"This result is entirely brought about by the extraordinary rise in the price of silver. For the year 1916 the Shanghai Company received in round figures F.1,450,000, from the Dutch company, which when converted were equal to Taels 785,000 this year we have received F 1,613,000, which produced only Taels 437,000, or in other words the Dutch company paid us this year F. 163,000 more than it did for 1916 but when converted into Taels we received Taels 348,000 less. Every other local rubber company is affected in a similar manner and so long as the present unfavorable exchange prevails any increase in dividend must be entirely dependent on increased harvests and better selling prices.

"The only other item that I need to comment on is the loss in exchange of Taels 40,767, in profit and loss account. This item, gentlemen, arises through the necessity of adjusting, the Tael equivalent of the accounts current with the two Dutch companies, to the rate of exchange ruling at the end of each year As exchange fluctuates so will there always be either a profit or a loss under this heading.

"That is all I have to say, gentlemen, as the other items in the accounts of the Shanghai company call for no explanation, but before formally proposing the adoption of the report and accounts, I shall be pleased to answer, to the best of my ability any questions you may wish to put to me.

The resolutions follow:

That the Directors' report and statement of accounts as presented be passed. Proposed by the Chairman and seconded by Mr. J. H. McMichael.

That a final dividend of Taels 0.25 per share, making Taels 0.75 per share for the year, be paid. Proposed by the Chairman and seconded by Mr. W. S. Jackson.

That the appointment of Mr. W. W. Cox as a director of the company be confirmed. Proposed by Mr. W. Mahon and seconded by Mr. R. B. Wallace.

That the appointment of Mr. A. J. Welch as a director of the company be confirmed. Proposed by Father Sallou and seconded by Mr. A. K. Craddock.

That Messrs. W. S. Jackson and H. H. Girardet be re-elected directors of the Company. Proposed by Mr. J. A. Sudka and seconded by Mr. W. Mahon.

That Messrs. Lowe, Bingham and Matthews be re-elected auditors to the company for the ensuing year. Proposed by Mr. A. K. Cradock and seconded by Mr. Father Sallou.

SAYS THEY SAVED HER BABY'S LIFE.

Another Mother Gives Grateful Thanks To Baby's Own Tablets

Errors in diet and over-feeding are the most frequent causes of indigestion in infants and young children. The best treatment is the administering of Baby's Own Tablets, this gentle laxative clearing away the offending matter and sweetening the stomach. With proper attention to diet they usually effect a prompt cure. Here is one American mother's testimony:—

Mrs. John Male, of 41, Cottage Street, Pontiac, Mich., writes:—"My little baby was very sick through not being able to digest the artificial food which I was forced to give her on account of my poor health.

"I tried many remedies but all in vain, for baby kept pining away. When I was nearly driven to despair I saw Baby's Own Tablets in a drug store and started to use them. The very first I give her made her rest easy, and in the end they saved her life and made her a fine fat baby. I wish to tell all mothers who have sickly babies, and advise them to keep this valuable remedy always in the house."

Baby's Own Tablets are obtainable from chemists, and at 60 cents the vial from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai. Price includes postage.

Handy as a Fountain Pen

CORONA

The Personal Writing Machine

is a dependable private secretary which accompanies you everywhere because it is only 6 lbs. in weight.

Your letters are made more readable—all your writing is made easier by CORONA

Call up—or call in for a demonstration.

$60

SOLE AGENTS FOR CHINA

DODGE & SEYMOUR (CHINA), LTD.

89-91, Rue Montauban

DON'T FORGET
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
and
MABEL NORMAND
AT THE *APOLLO*

★ ★ THE VENUS ★ ★

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE CO., LTD.

Fire and Marine Policies are issued at lowest current rates. Branch offices are located in all principal cities of China.

Head Office: 127 Szechuen Road

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL

Saturday Night, March 27th

DINER de LUXE & SOUVENIR DANCE

Special importation of
"SPLASHME" BISQUE DOLLS with real human hair (see lobby display).
These prizes will be presented to the ladies present holding the lucky numbers

$3 SPECIAL TABLE d' HOTE DINNER $3

—:o:—

MENU

Special Hors d' Oeuvres Varie

Fresh Dalny Oyster Cocktail
Salted Nuts, Ripe Olives in Oil

Clear Green Turtle Soup

Filet of Mandarin au Vin Blanc

Bamboo Partridge Sur Canape
Filet Mignon a la Rossini

Pineapple Sorbet

Roast Spring Turkey, Cranberry Jelly
Baked American Potatoes, String Beans

California Asparagus, Mustard Sauce

Saxon Pudding, Sabayon Sauce
Strawberry Parfait, Friandises

Cheese, Fruits, Nuts

Coffee

ASTOR HOUSE JAZZ ORCHESTRA

For reservations, please phone North 200 or North 908

Entrance Complimentary

FOR ONE WEEK, From Monday, March 29th, Tuesday, March 30th, Wednesday, 31st, Thursday, April 1st, GOOD FRIDAY NO SHOW, Saturday and Sunday, April 3rd and 4th.

GREAT!!! EXTRA!!!
SPECIAL! ATTRACTION!
UNUSUAL

THE ONE AND ONLY

CHARLES CHAPLIN

In His Fourth Million Dollar Comedy

"A DAY'S PLEASURE"

—: *You'll Say So* :—

—:o:—

IT IS A PICTURE FOR THOSE WHO AUTO AND THOSE WHO OUGHT TO—GET AFTER THEM.

—:o:—

A GALA SHOW FOR AUTO-OWNERS. CHARLIE IS A SHOW FER WITH HIS VERY OWN FLIVVER IN THIS NEWEST PICTURE.

—:o:—

YOU WON'T KNOW TRAFFIC RULES UNTIL YOU SEE THIS ANIMATED DAIRY OF A DAY IN THE LIFE OF A TIRE-LESS MOTORIST OF SHANGHAI. NOW

LISTEN!

DEAR MADAM (or Sir):

MABEL NORMAND

WILL MEET YOU "UPSTAIRS"!

Where there's life and music at every tick of the clock.
Where romance is beautful and adventure is alluring.
Where a smile wins and the whole world laughs.
Where you forget your troubles and see only the sunny side of things.

"UPSTAIRS" is a FESTIVAL of FUN, CHOCK Full of MABEL'S STUNTS. "UPSTAIRS" is SWEETER and FASTER than "MICKEY."

YOU KNOW WHAT THAT MEANS!

A RAGTIME ROMANCE WITH CUPID AT THE DRUMS!!

A STORY OF THE SUNNY SIDE OF LIFE!

BY PERLEY POOR SHEEAN

BUT

WHAT WE KNOW ABOUT THE GIRL

????? "UPSTAIRS" ?????

NOTHING BUT

SCANDAL

APOLLO

FOR ONE WEEK, From Monday, March 29th, Tuesday, March 30th, Wednesday, 31st, Thursday, April 1st, GOOD FRIDAY NO SHOW, Saturday and Sunday, April 3rd and 4th.

BOOKING AT ROBINSON'S

Special Notice: The pictures we present in this exclusive programme are the latest releases of 1920. Please don't compare with the films shown in the other places.

Business and Official Notices

(Second Section)

The China Press

大陸報

SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, MARCH 26, 1920

Classified Advertisements

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

2 cents a Word (Minimun Charge 40 cents)

Just Arrived

THE WHITE SEWING MACHINE

The improvements made in the ew WHITE SEWING MACHINE 've just the points that that you ave long been waiting for. Call see them and prove what a HITE SEWING MACHINE can ally do.

For sale at a very reasonable rice.

L IENGYI MERCANTILE CO.

or. Szechuen and Soochow Roads.

Phone C. 2683.

28634

The Shanghai Seremban Rubber Estates, Ltd.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong 1911 to 1915)

NOTICE is hereby given that the FIFTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of Shareholders of the above-named Company will be held at the Head Office, No. 71, Szechuen Road, Shanghai, on Friday, the 9th day of April, 1920, at 4.30 p.m., for the presentation of the Report of the Directors and Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1919.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from Monday, 5th, to Friday, 9th April, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors

J. A. WATTIE & Co., LTD.,
Secretaries.

Shanghai, 26th March, 1920.

28638

The Batu Anam (Johore) Rubber Estates, Limited.

(Incorporated in Hongkong)

NOTICE is hereby given that the Seventh Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at No. 103 Szechuen Road, Shanghai, on Friday, the 9th day of April, 1920, at 4 p.m.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from 1st April to 9th April, 1920 both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

R. N. TRUMAN & CO.,
General Managers.

Shanghai, 25th March, 1920.

28624

Shanghai Civic League

A Meeting to which the public is invited will be held under the auspices of the Civic League in the Royal Asiatic Society's Lecture Hall, 5, Museum Road, on Monday, March 29, at 5.15 p.m., when the following subjects will be brought before the Meeting:

"THE CASE FOR CHINESE REPRESENTATION ON THE COUNCIL"

Presented by
MR. C. T. WANG.

THE CONSULTATIVE COMMITTEE

Presented by
MR. A. J. HUGHES.

Chair to be taken by Mr. Cecil Holiday.

The Public Meeting will be followed by a General Meeting of the League, whose object shall be the adoption of a constitution and the election of officers and an Executive Committee.

Gilbert R. Peet,
Acting Hon. Sec. and Treasurer.

28642

Kuling Passenger Season

SPECIAL HOLIDAY RATES

The public are hereby notified that a reduction of 20% will be granted on return tickets only from Shanghai and all Lower and Upper Yangtsze and Tungting Lake Ports to Kiukiang, for steamers sailing on and after 1st May, and leaving Kiukiang not later than the 30th September.

The Missionary reducion of 10% will not apply on these tickets, but Missionaries will be allowed the customary 10% off single tickets.

Passengers holding these special holiday tickets will not be entitled to the option of travel on the Shanghai Nanking Railway or of breaking their journey at any intermediate River Ports.

THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO. LTD.
THE CHINA MERCHANTS S. N. Co.
THE INDO-CHINA S. N. Co.
THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.

Shanghai, 26th March, 1920.

28637

PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL

28113

HEIDSIECK'S
MONOPOLE
(RED TOP)
THE CHAMPAGNE MOST FAVOURED
THE MOST FAVOURED CHAMPAGNE
THE BEST-KNOWN CHAMPAGNE IN THE WORLD
IS
HEIDSIECK'S
MONOPOLE
(RED TOP)

GARNER, QUELCH & Co.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
China, Japan, Korea, Formosa Etc.

THE CHEMOR UNITED RUBBER COMPANY, LTD.

(Incorporated in Hongkong)

NOTICE is hereby given that the Eighth Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at No. 103 Szechuen Road, Shanghai, on Thursday, the 1st day of April, 1920, at 4:00 p.m.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from Thursday, 25th March, to Thursday, 1st April, 1920, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

R. N. TRUMAN & CO.,
Secretary and Managers.

Shanghai, 13th March, 1920.

28411

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

We beg to announce that we will remove our offices and showroom rom 6 Jinkee Road to 37B Canton Road (China Press Building, 2nd Floor) on the 1st of April, 1920.

Telephone Central 1195

ASIA ENGINEERING AND CONTRACTING CO.

28607

The Oriental Cotton Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Oriental Cotton Spinning & Weaving Company, Limited, will be held in the Board Room of the China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd, 10 Canton Road, on Wednesday, the 31st day of March, 1920, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Notice is also given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Oriental Cotton Spinning & Weaving Co., Ltd., will be held immediately after the Annual General Meeting, when the Resolutions as circulated to Shareholders will be proposed as Extraordinary Resolutions.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 29th to the 31st day of March, 1920, both days inclusive.

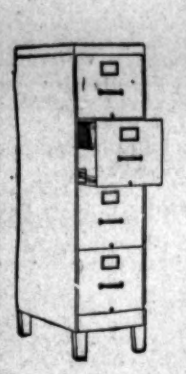
Proxies to be valid must be lodged at the Company's Offices, not less than 48 hours before the time of holding the Meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors.

ARNHOLD BROTHERS & CO., LTD.
General Managers.

28587

FOR AMERICAN, BRITISH AND CHINESE
METALS, HARDWARE & SUNDRIES
PHONE OR WRITE TO
W. Z. ZEE & SONS
(ZUNG LEE & SONS, ESTABLISHED 1893)
SHANGHAI



FILING CABINETS
(Steel and Oak)
FILING SYSTEMS AND SUPPLIES

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

Phone Central 4778 — SPECIALISTS IN OFFICE EQUIPMENT — Cable Add.: Mackbausch
22 Nanking Road, Shanghai

The Prest-O-Lite Battery

is a battery of the highest quality, scientifically designed to insure the utmost in power, capacity and long life, backed by *real* service.

Service Station And Distributor for China

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

NOTICE

The following appointments have been made by the Geo. E. Keith Co., to take effect at once

Oriental Representative J. W. BALDWIN

Manager of the Walk-Over Shoe Store } E. D. ALEXANDER

28601

MARCEL

Wait for the big Easter surprise at Marcel's
Beautiful Easter Gifts from Paris
Novelties never seen before in the Far East
Call round at Marcel's and see for yourself

Nos. 242-243-244A SZECHUEN ROAD

28541

NOTICE.

On Friday, Saturday and Sunday of this week, the Olympic Theater is showing a film illustrating the manufacture of Walk-Over shoes. The whole process of manufacture is shown and gives a good idea of the care and workmanship which is put into every boot or shoe which leaves the company's factories.

E. D. Alexander,
Manager, The Walk-Over Shoe Store

28628

WARNING

For the benefit of the buying public we beg to give the following information:

NEW UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITERS

are imported into this country only by the undersigned and the current serial numbers are above:

No. 5 model, above 1,000,000 (one million).
„ 3-12", 14", 16", above 200,000 (two hundred thousand).
„ 3-20", 26", above 60,000 (sixty thousand).

All machines of lower numbers than the above are either REBUILT or SECONDHAND, and the public is hereby warned that REBUILT machines are being offered as new. IF YOU WANT UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITERS, BUY THEM FROM THE MANUFACTURER'S AGENTS, AND BE SURE YOU GET MACHINES AS REPRESENTED.

New No. 5 models, $175.00, less 5%.
„ „ 3-14" „ 200.00, „ „
Rebuilts 125.00, nett.

DODWELL & Co., Ltd.

UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER DEPARTMENT.
44a, Kiangse Road. Central 3805.

28623

Shanghai Sumatra Tobacco Company, Limited

Notice to Shareholders

NOTICE is hereby given that the eighteenth Annual Meeting of Shareholders will be held in the Board Room of the China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd., 10, Canton Road on Wednesday the March 31st, 1920, at 3.30 p.m., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of accounts, for the year ended 31st October, 1919.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 24th to the 31st March, 1920, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,

GEORGE McBAIN,
General Agent.

Shanghai, 16th March, 1920.

28470

HOUSES TO LET

TO LEASE, large comfortable house, ample servants' quarters, garage and stable, 136 Jessfield Road, formerly 20 Robinson Road at Jessfield Road. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, No. 51 Szechuen Road.

28162

MATRIMONIAL

GENTLEMAN in outport wishes to correspond with honest and educated young lady (23-27) with view to matrimony. Replies confidential. Write to Box No. 334 c/o THE CHINA PRESS.

28534

APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED, furnished room or attic, in central or western district. No board. Apply to Box 397, THE CHINA PRESS.

28644 M. 28.

BACHELOR, quiet habits, requires room and board from April 1st. Western district, French town preferred. Apply to Box 374, THE CHINA PRESS.

28608 M. 26

WANTED to rent, apartments furnished or unfurnished, with two to three rooms, kitchen. Apply to Box 363, THE CHINA PRESS.

28582 M. 27

SITUATIONS VACANT

LEARN MORE—EARN MORE Don't waste time regretting lack of training. Make up for deficiency by studying in your spare time. The I.C.S. will provide you with thorough training in Mathematics, Preparatory and High School subjects, General English subjects, etc. Ask us to send you Catalog. Office 15A, International Correspondence Schools, 11c Nanking Road.

JUNIOR CLERK required immediately by British company. Must be accurate, reliable, and have good knowledge of bookkeeping. Reply, stating age, qualifications and salary required, to Box 385, THE CHINA PRESS.

28619 M. 28.

AMERICAN LADY desired by large American firm in Shanghai to supervise filing and operation of office methods. Write, giving details, particulars of former experience to Box 390, THE CHINA PRESS.

28632

WANTED, good reliable boy-cook and two coolies. Good wages to honest servants. Northerners preferred. Apply to Box 391, THE CHINA PRESS.

28633 M. 27.

WANTED, steno-typist with bookkeeping experience for Kalgan. Applicants state experience, nationality, salary desired, date available, and references. Mongolian Trading Company, Kalgan.

28631 A. 1.

WANTED a Chinese clerk of good standing, for a responsible office position. Must be able to talk and read English intelligently. Good handwriting necessary. A bond of $1,000 will be required. Reply, giving full particulars to Box 386, THE CHINA PRESS.

28622 M. 27

WANTED by an American import and export house, a Chinese mechanical engineer to sell motors and general line of machinery, on salary and commission basis. Must be able to speak, read and write English. Good opportunity for one who is qualified. Apply to Box 375, THE CHINA PRESS.

28609 M. 27

TENOGRAPHER WANTED by n American house, an experienced Portuguese or Eurasian girl. Apply stating salary required to Box 376, THE CHINA PRESS.

28609 M. 27

WANTED capable stenographer nd office assistant (male), for outport. Salary $250 per month and living expenses. Apply to Box 382, THE CHINA PRESS.

28618 M. 31

WANTED, smart Eurasian clerk for large local import and export house. Must be good penman, quick and accurate. Apply stating age, nationality, experience if any, and salary desired, to Box 368, THE CHINA PRESS.

28591 M. 26

MARINERS—WANTED you to know that you can qualify for promotion with I.C.S. training. Many officers in Far East qualified for examinations through I.C.S. Courses in Navigation, Marine Engineering, Marine Gas Engineering, Surveying, etc. Frequent change of address no obstacle. We teach wherever the mails reach. Write for Catalog. Office 15A, International Correspondence Schools, 11c Nanking Road.

SITUATIONS WANTED

EXPERIENCED import man, very friendly with local dealers, open for immediate engagement. Can supply first-class market shroff, and guarantee business. Apply to Box 338, THE CHINA PRESS.

28537 M. 27

AN AMERICAN graduate lady artist (Chinese) desires position to do commercial drawings, designing, lettering, etc. with an American firm in Shanghai. Apply to Box 297, THE CHINA PRESS.

OFFICE, ETC., WANTED

WANTED, about two to four thousand square feet space, suitable for offices and show-room, in central district, either ground or first floor. Apply to Box 361, THE CHINA PRESS.

28578 M. 28.

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 9

APARTMENTS

TO LET

with board, from the 30th inst., a furnished flat with verandah and bathroom attached. Also from the 15th prox., a furnished frontroom with verandah and bathroom. Apply No. 14 Quinsan Gardens, Tel. N.432.

Connaught House

8 Quinsan Gardens

Board-Residence

Apply Mrs. G. POLLOCK.

ORIENTAL HOUSE

31 Boone Road

TWO large back rooms and one small room, one front and one back room, facing garden, hot water, with bath attached. Suitable for married couples or bachelors. Moderate prices. Table under the personal supervision of the American proprietress. Tel. North 1102.

28549

WANTED, room in central district, furnished or unfurnished, without board. Apply to Box 387, THE CHINA PRESS.

28626 M. 28.

TO LET, one or two large rooms in a private family, without board, breakfast if desired, near Hongkew Park. Apply to Box 381, THE CHINA PRESS.

28617 M. 26

TO LET with board, a well-furnished flat of three rooms, bathroom and double verandah, facing south. Western district, 15 minutes by tram from the Bund. Also large double room and bath. Near Country Club. Apply to Box 384, THE CHINA PRESS.

28621

BEDROOM and sitting-room, nicely furnished, private bath, hot and cold water, use of telephone and garage, with or without board, in private family. Suitable for married couple (French concession). Apply to Box 373, THE CHINA PRESS.

28600 M. 30

TO LET, nicely furnished room, private bath, breakfast only. Private family, western district. Apply to Box 356, THE CHINA PRESS.

28570 M. 26.

TO LET, with board, from 1st April, large comfortably furnished room, with private bathroom, suitable for married couple, two bachelor friends, or a single occupant. All modern comforts. Apply to Box 325, THE CHINA PRESS.

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED to rent, foreign style houseboat for one or two months, from April 15th. Give particulars, price, etc., to Box 345, THE CHINA PRESS.

28579 M. 28.

PROFESSIONAL

ENGLISH lessons given by experienced American teacher at reasonable rates. Apply to Box 389, THE CHINA PRESS.

28630

ENGLISH STUDIES. Select evening class, with experienced foreign teacher, desires partakers. Fees $5 monthly. Also private tuition. Appli to Box 393, THE CHINA PRESS.

WANTED, lessons in English conversation. Apply to Box 371, THE CHINA PRESS.

28597 M. 26

WELL-EDUCATED Chinese teaches Chinese language or dialect in exchange for English conversation. Apply to Mr. Paine, E745 Burkill Road.

28575 M. 27.

HOUSES WANTED

ADVERTISER wishes to rent small house or flat, central district or French settlement, furnished or unfurnished, from May 1st or earlier if necessary. Apply to Box 395, THE CHINA PRESS.

28641 M. 28.

WANTED to rent medium size house with first-class modern conveniences, furnished or unfurnished. French concession or Western district. Apply to Box 380, THE CHINA PRESS.

28615 M. 28

SITUATIONS WANTED

EXPERIENCED steno-typist wants position, April first; capable, reliable, efficient. Apply to Box 388, THE CHINA PRESS.

28629 M. 28.

A YOUNG MAN seeks position as general office assistant. Good knowledge of typing, codes, bookkeeping, Chinese, etc. Amount of salary not important. Apply to Box 369, THE CHINA PRESS.

28643 M. 28.

COMPETENT, experienced steno-typist (lady) desires position in outport. References furnished. Apply to Box 392, THE CHINA PRESS.

28635 M. 28.

AMERICAN, having a wide business experience, desires position as manager or assistant in a good firm; would consider outports; Shanghai preferred. Apply to Box 369, THE CHINA PRESS.

28593

STENO-TYPIST (female), wants work in any capacity. No previous experience. Good references. Apply to Box 377, THE CHINA PRESS.

28610 M. 27

WANTED by a young Chinese, position as general office assistant. Good references. Apply to Box 379, THE CHINA PRESS.

28616 M. 26

YOUNG lady desires position as steno-typist, (beginner), experienced in cabling and general office work. Apply to Box 383, THE CHINA PRESS.

28620 M. 28

YOUNG LADY seeks position as steno-typist. Beginner, with some experience. Understands general office routine. Open for immediate engagement. Please apply to Box 366, THE CHINA PRESS.

28588

CAN any firm offer suitable employment for an experienced salesman. Thoroughly acquainted with local and interior markets. Apply to Box 339, THE CHINA PRESS.

28537 M. 27

EXCHANGE AND MART

MOTOR CAR, open touring "Chevrolet" eight cylinders, accommodating five passengers but is seven passenger size. Car recently overhauled and now being newly painted; machine and appearance of car thus excellent. For inspection, please Apply to Box 394, THE CHINA PRESS.

28640 M. 28.

FOR SALE, at manufacturers' old prices, spot cargo, perfect condition: carbon jobbers' twist drills from Lincoln Twist Drill Company, die screws and plates from Champion Blower Forge Company, bolt clippers, carborundum wheels, cheese cutters, Nicholson files, various motor parts, etc. For inspection and price apply to Box 266. THE CHINA PRESS.

28405

BRAND new Victrola (Widdicomb upright), made in U. S. A., together with some records, mainly large, for sale. Price Mex. $250. Owner going home. Apply Room 5, 78 Bubbling Well Road.

28598

FOR SALE, small private collection Chinese curios, comprising bronzes, enamels, snuff bottles, etc. Every piece guaranteed. Please apply in Box 378, THE CHINA PRESS.

28611 M. 27

LAND: Advertiser desires to purchase from one to five mow in the western district. Reply, stating area and net price, to Box 372, THE CHINA PRESS.

28599

LARGE touring car, in excellent condition, newly painted, good tires. Prompt disposal desired. Address American Post Office, Box No. 803.

28602

FOR SALE on arrival, expecting this week, a new latest model Ford five-seater touring car with electric starter, spare tires and tubes. Apply to Box 364, THE CHINA PRESS.

28583 M. 28

FOR SALE, several new "Greyhound," two-seater motor cars, in A1 running condition, speedster shapes. For prices and full particulars, apply to Box 357, THE CHINA PRESS.

28571 M. 28.

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 14

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £2,000,000
Reserve Fund 2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £2,100,000

Head Office:
38 Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Feet Mitchell, Esq.
James Maxwell Grant Prophit, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster and Parrs Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Ipoh	Puket
Bangkok	Karachi	Rangoon
Batavia	Klang	Saigon
Bombay	Kobe	Seremban
Calcutta	Kuala Lumpur	Singapore
Canton	Madras	Shanghai
Cebu	Manila	Sourabaya
Colombo	Medan	Taiping
Delhi	New York	(F. M. S.)
Haiphong	Peking	Tavoy
Hankow	Penang	(Lower Burma)
Hongkong	Yokohama	Tientsin
Iloilo		

Shanghai Branch 13 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

C. J. SCOTT.
Manager

Banque De L'Indo-Chine

Capital .... Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserve .... Frs. 50,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bankok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Poudichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papoete	
Hankou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des-Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et commercial; Societe Generalle.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabex."

Capital .....Yen 10,000,000

Head Office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We Issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtau, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

P. C. KONG.
Manager

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000
Silver $23,000,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors ... $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
Hon. Mr. E. V. D. Parr, Chairman.
A. H. Compton, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
J. W. C. Bonnar, Esq.
G. M. Dodwell, Esq.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
P. H. Holyoak, Esq.
Hon. Mr. J. Johnstone.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
J. A. Plummer, Esq.
Ross Thomson, Esq.
Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. Stabb.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Penang
Bangkok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	S. Francisco
Calcutta	London	Shanghai
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Harbin	New York	Vladivostock
Iloilo	Peking	Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Local Bills Discounted.
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid) .	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
Capital Contributed by Chinese Government	**Kup. Tls. 8,500,000**
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: Petrograd.
Paris office: 9 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad. Street, E. C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Milan: Credito Italiano.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:

Bombay	Hailar	Nicolayewsk
Chanchun	Hankow	O/Amur
(Kwan-chendze)	Harbin	Peking
	Hongkong	Shanghai
Chefoo	Manchouli	Tientsin
Dairen (Dalny)	Newchwang	Vladivostock
		Yokohama

Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, and Dollars. Terms on application.
Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.
Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.
Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
Manager for Asia.

The Bank Of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital $60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital..$12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund ... $1,208,522.60
Special Reserve Fund $1,898,982.68

Head Office: Peking.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifong	Hankow
Chanchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dalny	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tainan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtao	Yangchow	Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 Hankow Road.

Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted Interests allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

Sung Han-chang,
Manager.

Shanghai, 15th February, 1919.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Societe Anonyme
Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
(THE BELGIAN BANK)

Paid-up Capital £2,000,000
Reserves £481,000

Head office: BRUSSELS
London Office: 2 Bishopsgate, E.C.2
Branches: Cologne, Bucharest, Alexandria, Tantah, Cairo, Peking and Tientsin.
Agents:
Manchester: 31 Mosley Street

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur de la Ste Gle de Belgique

Correspondents in all important cities of the world.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in gold or local currency and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

L. STRAETMANS,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914. and October 31, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.
Agencies abroad: Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
14 The Bund.
Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Y. M. CHIEN Acting Manager.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.
Paid-Up Capital ...$1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund 391,847.41
Head Office: Shanghai
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Managers' Office: Cen. 2650
General Office: Cen. 2613 & 2614
Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Yen according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.

Credit granted on approved securities.

Savings accounts—4% per annum.

Every description of banking business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.

Shen Chu Hsu, Manager.
Shu Chin Mih, Sub-Manager.
C. C. Yang, Sub-Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Owned by
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK,

Capital & Surplus U.S.$10,000,000
Undivided Profits U.S. $450,000

Head Office:
National City Bank Building, 55 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
London Office: 36 Bishopsgate E.C.
Lyons Office: 27 Place Tolozan
San Francisco Office:
?22 Montgomery Street

Branches:

China	Philippines
Shanghai	Manila
Peking	Cebu
Tientsin	
Tsingtau	Straits Settlements
Hankow	Singapore
Hongkong	
Canton	Dominican Republic
Manchuria	Santo Domingo
Harbin	
India	San Pedro de Macoris
Bombay	
Calcutta	Sanchez
Rangoon	
Japan	Santiago
Yokohama	
Kobe	Puerto Plata
Java	
Batavia	Panama
Soerabaya	
	Panama
	Colon

BRANCHES OF
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK

Argentina	Uruguay
Buenos Aires	Montevideo
Once (Buenos Aires)	Venezuela
	Caracas
Rosario	Maracaibo
Belgium	Siberia
Antwerp	Vladivostok
Brussels	
Spain	Italy
Madrid	Genoa
Barcelona	
Brazil	Porto Rico
Bahia	San Juar
Pernambuco	Colombia
Porto Alegre	Medellin
Rio de Janeiro	Russia
Santos	Moscow
Sao Paulo	Petrograd
Chile	South Africa
Santiago	Cape Town
Valparaiso	Trinidad
	Port of Spain

Branches in Havana and 21 of the principal cities of Cuba.

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local and foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND, *Manager.*
1a Kiukiang Road.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

	Sh. Tls.
Subscribed Capital ...	5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.

On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

T. G. MARSHALL.
Chief Manager.

中行 Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917.)
Statutes approved by the Government in 1916.
Head Office: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital ..	$2,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	$1,020,000
Reserve Fund	$ 54,000

Managing Director:
T. CLARENCE SUN
Deputy Managing Director:
NIEH CHI-WEI

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries:

Tientsin	Chinkiang	Ichang
Shanghai	Soochow	Changsha
Peking	Wusieh	Shanai
Hankow	Hangchow	Wuhu
Nanking	Ningpo	London
Yangchow	Shaoshing	New York
Hsuchow	Canton	S. Francisco
Pengpu	Hongkong	Boston
Changchun	Changteh	Tokio
Antung	Chengchow	Kobe
Kiukiang	TsinkiangpuOsaka	
	Yokohama	

And also other principal cities in foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
S. 441 Ningpo Road.

Tel. Central 1929 Managers' Office
Tel. Central 2618 General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager,
T. D. Zar, Sub-Manager

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(Netherlands Trading Society.)
Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital: Guilders 80,000,000 (about £6,666,666)
Reserve Funds: Guilders 14,590,545 (about £1,215,879)
Special Reserves: Guilders 17,000,000 (about £1,416,666)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Penang
Bandoeng	Pontianak
Cheribon	Rangoon
Djember	Semarang
Djokjakarta	Singapore
Hongkong	Soerabaya
Kota-Radja	Soerakarta
Langsa	Tebing-Tinggi
Makassar	Tegal
Medan	Telok-Beton
Padang	Tjilatjap
Palombang	Weltevreden
Pekalongan	

London Bankers
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

Shanghai Interest Allowed on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.

The Chekiang Industrial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1908

Capital $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund 81,425.61
Resources 10,000,000.00

Head Office & Branches;
Hangchow, Shanghai, Haimon, and Lanchi.

Domestic Agencies;
Throughout CHINA at principal Cities.

Foreign Correspondents;
London, New York, Amsterdam, Tokyo, Kobe, Yokohama, Osaka, Hakodata, Seoul, and Fusan.

Every description of Banking and Exchange transacted.

Drafts issued and telegraph transfers effected.

Commercial Credits established.

Loans and Credits granted on approved securities.

Interests allowed on Current and Fixed Deposits in Pounds Sterling Gold Dollars, Guilders, Yen, Taels, and Dollars according to arrangements.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes for rent on application.

Savings Deposits at 4% compound interest.

LI MING, Manager.
SHANGHAI BRANCH
U 39 Peking Road.

Telephones: C. 3145, Mgr's. Office.
Telephones: C. 2147, General Office.
CABLE ADDRESS:
"CHINDUSBANK."

THE BANK OF CANTON, LIMITED.

Incorporated 1912

Capital (fully paid)	H.$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund...	H.$ 400,000.00
Investment reserve fund ...	H.$ 40,000.00

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

Canton	Bangkok	S. Francisco
Batavia	Bombay	Colombo
New York	Manila	Samarang
London	Singapore	Calcutta
Honolulu	Rangoon	Yokohama
Sourabaya	Canada, etc.	

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital .. £1,500,000
Paid up Capital 750,000
Reserve Fund 700,000

Head Office, 15 Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.

London Bankers:
London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore	

Shanghai Branch.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Teal Current Accounts at 2 % per annum and Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. HEATH Manager.
24 The Bund.

Asia Banking Corporation

CAPITAL $4,000,000 SURPLUS $1,100,000
An American Bank
Cable: BANKASIA Tel. S'hai C. 1325

Head Office: New York City
Head Office for the Far East: Shanghai
Corner Kiukiang and Kiangse Roads

Other Branch Offices:
Canton, Changsha, Hankow, Hongkong, Manila, Peking and Tientsin

SIXTH ITALIAN CONSOLIDATED 5% LOAN 1920

We are in receipt of cable advices from Rome to the effect that period of subscription to these Bonds has been extended one month, or until April 10th.

This will give an opportunity to those who have not yet invested in these Bonds to invest and to those who have invested to invest more.

The rate of exchange is very favorable at the present and the issue price of Lire 87.50 being still in effect these Bonds should offer a very attractive investment.

Bonds are in denominations of Lire 100 or multiples thereof and yield 5% interest on the par value which is 5.71% on the issue price.

STOCKHOLDING BANKS
Anglo and London, Paris National Bank, San Francisco
Bankers' Trust Company, New York City
Continental & Commercial National Bank, Chicago, Ill.
First National Bank of Portland, Oregon
Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Guardian Savings & Trust Company, Cleveland, Ohio
Mercantile Bank of the Americas, New York City
National Bank of Commerce, Seattle, Washington
National Shawmut Bank, Boston, Mass.

PARK-UNION

FOREIGN BANKING CORPORATION
Fully Paid Capital and Surplus $2,250,000
HEAD OFFICE, NEW YORK
Owned and controlled By
The National Park Bank, New York — Union Bank of Canada

BRANCHES:
SAN FRANCISCO — SEATTLE
PARIS — TOKYO — YOKOHAMA

SHANGHAI BRANCH: 1 Kiukiang Road. Telephone C. 1174

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

THE SHANGHAI COMMERCIAL & SAVINGS BANK LTD.

As a customer of this institution, you are entitled to the best business advice, all the facilities, and convenience of the Bank.

We shall be pleased to meet you personally, and render you every possible assistance.

Your business is solicited with a pledge that it will be handled with accuracy, promptness and courtesy.

Cable Address: "COMSAVBANK"
K. P. Chen,
General Manager.

Provisions Prices In Local Markets

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market compiled on March 23, 1920.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	"	16-20
Pork	"	25-30
Veal	"	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	16-20
Cod	"	16-20
Mandarin	"	30-40
Mackerel	"	16-18
Pomfret	"	30-40
Salmon	"	18-20
Samli	"	none
Soles	"	16-20
Whitebait	"	25-30
Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	none
Duck	each	60-80
Hare	"	none
Eggs	per doz.	18-20
Fowl	per lb.	20-22
Geese	each	70-$1.00
Partridge	"	none
Pheasant	"	none
Pigeons	"	20-25
Quail	"	20-22
Snipe	"	18-20
Teal	"	16-18
Turkeys	per lb.	60-65
Woodcock	each	50-60
Wild Duck	"	35-40
Wild Geese	"	50-60
Wild Pigeons	"	none
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Apples	"	14-20
Bananas	"	7-8
Figs	per doz.	none
Grapes	per lb.	none
Lemons	each	6-7
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	20-25
Oranges	per lb.	10-14
Peaches	per lb.	none
Pears	"	12-14
Persimmons	"	none
Peeboes	"	none
Plums	"	none
Pumeloes	each	15-20
Pineapples		none
Strawberries	per lb.	none
Walnuts	per lb.	18-20
Vegetables		
Artichokes	per lb.	4-5
Asparagus	per doz.	none
Broad Beans	per lb.	8-10
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	none
Cabbage	each	5-10
Carrots	per bunch	3-4
Cauliflower	each	10-20
Celery	per bunch	2-10
Egg Plant	per lb	6-8
French Beans	"	20-25
Green Corn	each	none
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	none
Onions	"	12-14
Parsnips	per bunch	6-8
Peas	per lb.	8-10
Potatoes	per picul	$3.50-$4.00
Spinach	per lb.	2-3
Tomatoes	"	15-20
Turnips	per bunch	1-2
Grain And Flour		
Flour, American	50 lbs.	$3.80
Flour, Australian	"	$3.50
Flour, Shanghai	"	$2.50
Rice	200 lb.	8.40
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	20
Chinese dairies	"	17
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton	Tls. 18.00
Stove Coal	"	Tls. 22.00
Firewood	per 50 bundles	$1.00
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$3.00-$4.00

H. KILNER.
Chief Inspector.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital authorised Frs. 250,000,000
Capital subscribed " 150,000,000
Capital paid up.... " 75,000,000
Reserve ..... " 30,000,000
One third of the Capital i. e. Frs. 50,000,000 subscribed by

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic January 11th, 1913.

President: Annex Berthelot
General Manager: A. J. Perno

HEAD OFFICE:
74 Rue Saint Lazare, Paris

BRANCHES:
Marseilles, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Shanghai, Vladivostock, Hongkong, Canton, Foochow, Yunnan, Saigon, Haiphong, Swatow and Yokohama.

BANKERS:
In London: The London Joint City & Midland Bank, Ltd., London
In France: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developement du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana—Credito Italiano.
In New York: Messrs. Redmond & Co., New York.

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts

Interest allowed on current accounts in Gold or local currency and fixed deposits on application.
Every description of Banking and exchange business transacted. Savings accounts in Gold and local currency.

G. LION,
Manager.

The Bank of East Asia, Ltd.

Authorised Capital $2,000,000
Paid up Capital 2,000,000
Reserve Fund 200,000

Head Office:—2 Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.
Shanghai Branch:—30 The Bund.
London Bankers:—The London Joint Stock, London, City and Midland Bank Ltd.
Agencies and Correspondents in the principal Commercial centres of the world.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.
Loans granted on approved securities
Fixed and current deposit accounts opened on terms according to arrangement.

LI TSE FONG,
Manager.

Sailed from Shanghai

For San Francisco		
Korea Maru	.....	Feb. 26
Venezuela	.....	Mar. 3
Standard Arrow	...	Mar. 9
Nile	.....	Mar. 10
Stanley Dollar	.....	Mar. 13
Tenyo Maru	.....	Mar. 14
West Sequana	.....	Mar. 18
For Tacoma		
Javary	.....	Feb. 27
Africa Maru	.....	Mar. 10
For Seattle		
Cross Keys	.....	Feb. 27
Kashima Maru	.....	Mar. 2
Wheatland Montana	..	Mar. 17
Fushimi Maru	.....	Mar. 21
For Vancouver		
Empress of Russia	..	Mar. 14
For Galvestone		
West Cheswald	....	Feb. 20
For New York		
Suveric	.....	Feb. 24
Moorish Prince	....	Feb. 29
Tottori Maru	.....	Mar. 10
Melville Dollar	.....	Mar. 19
For London etc.		
Pyrrhus	.....	Feb. 20
Iyo Maru	.....	Feb. 20
Atsuta Maru	.....	Mar. 2
Kashmir	.....	Mar. 4
Shidzuoka Maru	.....	Mar. 15
Pembrokeshire	.....	Mar. 17
Hyson	.....	Mar. 20
For Liverpool		
Hector	.....	Mar. 18
For Hamburg		
Ume Maru	.....	Feb. 23
For Copenhagen		
Chile	.....	Mar. 21
For Genoa		
Glenavy	.....	Feb. 24
Glenariffe	.....	Mar. 4
For Marseilles		
Commandant Mages	..	Mar. 4
Amazone	.....	Mar. 10
For Trieste		
Persia	.....	Feb. 29
For Bombay		
Dunera	.....	Mar. 13
For Calcutta		
Arratoon Apear	.....	Feb. 25
Japan	.....	Mar. 11
For Saigon		
West Kader	.....	Feb. 29
West Irmo	.....	Mar. 23
For Singapore		
England Maru	.....	Feb. 28
Texas Maru	.....	Mar. 5
Orteric	.....	Mar. 6
Melthven	.....	Mar. 13
Unda	.....	Mar. 24

Financial And Commercial News

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST
Yesterday's Prices

Stock	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B. ..	$510 B.
Chartered	£80
Russo-Asiatic	Rs. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	Tls. 800 B.
North China	Tls. 160
Union of Canton .	Hk. 180
Yangtsze	$280 B.
Far Eastern Ins. Co., Ltd.	Tls. 19
Fire Insurances.	
China Fire	$138
Hongkong Fire ..	$300 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def. ..	$200 B.
Indo-China Pref. .	$20
"Shell"	220/— B.
Shanghai Tug ord.	Tls. 40 B.
Shanghai Tug pref	Tls. 34½ B
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 25
Oriental Cons. ...	25/—
Raub	$1
Docks	
Hongkong Dock ..	Tls. 132 B.
Shanghai Dock ...	Tls. 122 B.
New Eng. Works .	Tls. 27½
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf ..	Tls. 140 B.
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 85
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 62 B.
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land ...	Tls. 70 .
Weihaiwei Land .	Tls. 8
S'hai Hotels Ltd. .	Tls. 14½ B
China Realty (ord)	Tls. 68
China Realty (pref)	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo (ord.) Tls.	Tls. 680
E-wo Pref	Tls. 82
Laou-kung-mow ..	Tls. 400
Oriental	Tls. 300 B.
Shanghai Cotton .	Tls. 400 B.
Kungyik	Tls. 60 B.
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 42 B.
Yangtszepoo Pref. .	Tls. 85
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	$220 S.
Green Island	$7¾ Ss.
Langkats	Tls. 15½ B.
Major Bros	Tls. 5
S'hai Sumatra ...	Tls. 100
Stores	
Hall & Holtz	Tls. 12 S.
Licwellyn	$80
Lane, Crawford ...	Tls. 87½ B.
Moutrie	$32
Watson	$7
Weeks	Tls. 11
Rubbers (Local)	
Aima	Tls. 5¾ B.
Amherst	Tls. 0.20 B.
Anglo-Java	Tls. 7½ B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 3.15 B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 18½ B.
Batu Anam 1918 .	Tls. 0.50 B.
Bukit Toh Alang .	Tls. 1½ B.
Bute	Tls. 0.60 B.
Chemor United ..	Tls. 0.65 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 4¾ B.
Cheng	Tls. 1 B.
Consolidated	Tls. 2 B.
Dominion	Tls. 5½ S.
Gula Kalumpong .	Tls. 5¼ B.
Java Consolidated.	Tls. 11 B.
Kamunting	Tls. 3 B.
Kapala	Tls. 0.60
Kapayang	Tls. 10
Karan	Tls. 8.10
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 2¾ B.
Kroewoek Java ..	Tls. 11 B.
Padang	Tls. 7½ B.
Pengkalan Durian .	Tls. 3 B.
Permata	Tls. 1 B.
Repah	Tls. 0.55 B.
Samagaga	Tls. 0.60 B.
Seekee	Tls. 1 B.
Semamba	Tls. 0.55 B.
Senawang	Tls. 4 B.
Shanghai Klebang .	Tls 0.50 B.
Shanghai Malay ..	Tls. 6
S'hai Malay pref. .	Tls. 9½ B.
Shanghai Pahang .	Tls. 0.75 B.
Sungala	Tls. 0.50
Sungei Duri	Tls. 6 B.
Sua Manggis	Tls. 3 B.
S'hai Kalantan ...	Tls. 0.30 B.
S'hai Seremban ..	Tls. 0.45 B.
Taiping	Tls. 0.60 B.
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.50 B.
Tebong	Tls. 11¼ B.
Tlobri	Tls. 2½
Tiangbe	Tls. 4½ B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I & E. Lumber .	Tls. 350
Culty Dairy	$2
Shanghai Trams ..	Tls. 63½ B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 15 B.
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 40
Shanghai Mercury .	Tls 25
S'hai Telephone ..	Tls. 74
S'hai Waterworks .	Tls. 100

S. Sellers. Ss, Sales. B. Buyers.

Benjamin and Potts, 8 Jinkee Rd.

Telephone No. Central 298

Coal Market

In their report dated March 25, Messrs. Wheelock and Co. write as follows:

Japan Coal:—There is no change to report on this market since last writing a fortnight ago and there has been practically no new business done. Stocks on the spot are up to the average and deliveries to consumers are going on as usual.

In Japan supplies are not nearly enough to cope with the demand and sellers are experiencing great difficulty in meeting requirements for bunker coals.

Kaiping Coal:—This market has ruled quiet but firm during the past fortnight. Although coal has been taken regularly under contract there is little new business to report. Stocks are much below the average and the demand for lump and the better grades exceeds the supply.

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, March 25, 1920.

Money and Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate, @ 7/4=Tls. 2.73
@ exch. 73.8=Mex. $3.70

Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate, @ 142¼=Tls. 0.70
@ exch. 73.8=Mex. $0.95

Mex. Dollars: Market Rate 73.5625

Shanghai Gold Bars: 978 touch Tls. 172

Bar Silver 998 touch ...Tls. 111

Copper Cash per tael Tls. 187.000

Native Interest ..... Tls. 06

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver ..... 71½d.
Bank Rate of Discount 6%
Market Rate of Discount:
3 m/s. ..... 5⅝ %
4 m/s. ..... 5⅝ %
6 m/s. 6%
Ex., Paris on London Fr. 57.05
Ex., New York on London T.T. G.$3.82

Exchange Opening Quotations

London ..... T.T. 7/4
London ..... Demand 7/4¼
India ..... T.T. 211½
Paris ..... T.T. 2130
Paris ..... Demand 2133
New York ..... T.T. 142
New Lork .... Demand 142¼
Hongkong ..... T.T. 68½
Japan ..... T.T. 33
Batavia ..... T.T. 357

Bank's Buying Rates

London ....4 m/s. Cdts. 7/8½
London ....4 m/s. Docy. 7/8¾
London ....6 m/s. Cdts. 7/9¾
London ....6 m/s. Docy. 7/10
Paris ..... 4 m/s. 2280
New York ..4 m/s. Docy. 152¾

Tourists' Exchange

@ Bank's Closing Demand Buying Rates

£10 @ exch. 7/6= Sh. Tls. 26.67

G.$50 @ exch. 145= Sh. Tls. 34.48

Fr. 250 @ exch. 2180= Sh. Tls. 11.47

1 Shanghai Tael=Mex. $1.36 at Bank's selling rate for Mexican Dollars.

Today's Banks Selling Rate for Marks

Marks 8,500 ..... =Tls. 100
„ 100 ..... =Mex. $1.61

ROUBLES EXCHANGE

Today's Bank Buying Rate For Roubles

Roubles 10,500 ..... =Tls. 100
„ 100 ..... =Mex. $1.29

Exchange Shop Rates

Buying: 100 Old Roubles $1.80
„ 100 New „ $1.20
Selling: 100 Old „ $1.95
„ 100 New „ $1.30

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR MARCH

Hk. Tls. 2.11 @ 8/6¼ £1
„ 1 @ 2083 Fr. 23.20
„ 0.62 @ 144¾ Gold $1
„ 1 @ 31 Yen 3.59
„ 1 @ 323¼ Rupees 3.60
„ 1 @ — Roubles —
„ 1 @ 1.50 Mex. $1.50

FOODS and WINES from many different regions placed within the reach of everyday pocketbooks

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The Home of Delicacies
100 SZECHUEN ROAD

Stock Exchange
Transactions

Shanghai, March 25, 1920.

OFFICIAL

Anglo Javas Tls. 7.50
Bukits Tls. 1.50
Chinese Eng; & Mining Tls. 24.00
Langkats (Com.) Tls. 16.50 June
Shanghai Docks Tls. 131.00 June
Tls. 132.00 June
S. & H. Wharves Tls. 142.50
Kungyik Cotton Tls. 73.00 June
New Engineering Tls. 27.50 March
Ewo Cottcn (ord.) Tls. 760.00 June

UNOFFICIAL

Hongkong Dairys Farm Hk. $21.50
Green Island Cement Hk. $6.25 XD.
Humphreys Estate & F. Hk. $6.75
Shanghai Docks Tls. 128.50 March
Yangtszepoo (ord.) Tls. 45.00 Tls. 45.50 March

Shanghai Produce & Stock Exchange
Transactions

Shanghai, March 25, 1920.

Japanese Bond: 5%
Tls. 28.50 March
Tls. 29.00 April
Tls. 29.60 May

Yangtszepoo Cotton Mill Ltd.
Tls. 44.00 March
Tls. 44.50 April
Tls. 45.50 May

Japan-China S. & W. Co.
Tls. 56.00 March
Tls. 59.00 April
Tls. 60.00 May

Shanghai P. & S. Exchange
Tls. 64.50 March
Tls. 66.60 April
Tls. 69.40 May

Local Yarn for Standard, 16's
Tls. 198.00 April
Tls. 199.00 May
Tls. 200.00 June
Tls 201.00 July
Tls. 201.00 August

Local Yarn for Standard 20's
Tls 223.00 July
Tls. 222.50 August

Water Moon 16/20's
Tls. 279.50 March
Tls. 224.00 April
Tls. 219.00 May
Tls. 218.50 June

Shanghai Tramways

The following is the traffic return of the Shanghai Tramways (Foreign Settlement) for the week ended March 24, 1920, with figures for the corresponding week last year:

	1920	1919
Gross receipts	$43,355.09	$36,596.09
Loss by currency depreciation	11,225.91	9,046.32
Effective receipts	$32,120.18	$27,549.77
Percentage of loss by currency depreciation	27.27	25.97
Car miles run	90,702	82,333
Passengers carried	1,944,899	1,666,778

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

We beg to announce to the public that we shall remove our office from the Oriental Hotel to No. 12 Ezra Road on the 21st day of March, 1920.

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28528

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134 Sinza Road
27740

United Americans Join To Fight Vicious Propaganda

Loyal Citizens Throughout United States Organise—California Meeting Told Main Idea Is To Talk Up Americanism

San Francisco, Feb. 20.—The United Americans, an organisation of loyal citizens who are acting together all over the United States for the purpose of counteracting efforts to spread un-American propaganda, launched its California campaign at a meeting of three hundred representative citizens at the Palace Hotel last Monday.

The meeting was called by Frederick J. Koster, who is a vice-president of the national board and who returned a few days ago from the East, where the movement was fathered and given birth.

Koster explained that the Palace Hotel conference was called to organise the California organisation of the United Americans.

Following introductory remarks by Archbishop Hanna and Bishop Parsons and an explanation by Koster of the aims of the newly-created organisation, a motion by A. Mack to form a state body and to raise $50,000 to be equally divided for state and national work was adopted and an organisation committee named as follows:

Frederick J. Koster, Archbishop Hanna, A. Mack, Paul Scharrenberg, Paul T. Carroll, Atholl McBean, George C. Roeding, John A. O'Connell, Dr. F. W. Clampett, Warren Olney, Ralph E. Meyers and George C. Boardman, all of San Francisco; Mrs. Aaron Schloss, Berkeley; Mrs. Frank G. Law, Oakland; W. S. Pearce, Richmond; James V. Porter and Charles S. Allen, San Jose; Maynard McFie, Los Angeles; Frank Cressy, Modesto, and H. L. Jackman, Eureka. On motion, the names of Governor Stephens and Mayor Rolph were added.

KOSTER EXPLAINS

"You all know that there are forces at work, and they seem to be very well organised, tending toward the destruction of our government, tending to bring about revolution. It is time that we should unite as Americans in the defense of our institutions," said Koster in explaining the calling of the meeting.

"I take it that the highest to which civilisation can attain is that which is sought to be assured in the basic law of the United States, and that is the safeguarding of the rights of the individual, the maintenance of individual liberty so that there might always be absolute equality of opportunity. Equality of ability there cannot be, but equality of opportunity there must be," he continued.

USE LAWFUL MEANS

"People must be led to understand that while changes in our laws are desirable and that while we realise that evils have cropped up under our institutions, their correction must be made in lawful ways. That no change must be brought about by acts of violence. Our law provides for periodical orderly revolutions in this country. Educate the people to understand the fact that it is just as easy to ask one to vote with you as to ask one to go out and murder with you to bring about change.

"In America one thing must never happen—there must never be permitted a fixation of class. This is not a nation in which classes dare to be established. That condition must always obtain, that the humblest can rise to the highest position.

TO EDUCATE PEOPLE

"What we are striving to do is to bring about that type of organisation which shall have for its purpose just one thing and nothing else. That is to educate our people, through many processes, to an understanding of the necessity of devoting themselves to what the Constitution of the United States in essence means—safeguarding their own individual liberty for all time. Nothing else do we intend. Ours is rather a sentiment, a movement, than an organisation. Every-one that has in his heart the spirit of Americanism should join so that such a theme, such a spirit, may be developed throughout the nation that whatever arises that may be destructive shall meet spontaneously resistance from all elements of the law-abiding citizenry.

"We don't intend that ours should be an organisation of domination. I might add that it has been developed fully in some twenty to twenty-five States."

ARE PRO-AMERICAN

Frederick V. Fisher, assistant national director of the new organisation, spoke of the aims of the organisation. He said:

"We are not anti-anything, but pro-American; and we propose destroying the selfishness which came to the surface of our citizenship at the end of the war. Thirty-eight States have chosen national committeemen. The United Americans is not a political organisation, it is not a class body, it is an educational movement. There is at present a dangerous tendency toward class expression which must be removed."

P. H. McCarthy, president of the State Building Trades Council, asked: "How is this organisation going to talk down Bolshevism? Is it going to talk against the red brand, the Thomas Paine brand, or is its purpose to ignore the other brand? Is it going to preach rest and calm while these things are going on?"

URGES AMERICANISM

Dr. Fisher answered that the purpose of the organisation would be to talk up Americanism, rather than to talk down any particular brand of Bolshevism.

Rudolph Jacobs congratulated the meeting on its purpose. "The only way any problem can be solved is by the contending forces getting together and putting their feet under the table and, in a calm, dispassionate way, discussing things. Let us pray for Americanism and not say that every man is our brother and then pray that the League of Nations with reservations will protect the American nation alone, but that it will protect every-one, no matter how lowly. We should work for the brotherhood of man."

To All American Citizens, Native And Foreign Born:

We believe in The Ten Commandments—The Golden Rule and the Constitution of the United States.

United Americans (U.A.)

The purpose of United Americans shall be to preserve the Constitution of the United States, with the representative form of government and the right of individual possession which the Constitution provides, to stand firm for law and order, to foster among our people high standards of individual and corporate conduct and to advance the prosperity and happiness of all the people of the United States.

Freight Market

Messrs. Wheelock and Co. write as follows in their report dated March 25:

The situation in our Outward Freight markets is as follows:

To United Kingdom and Continent:—This market remains very unsettled. Little is offering for U.K. Ports but the recent drop in exchange has brought out a sudden brisk demand for space for seeds and cereals to North continental ports which still continues. Should exchange remain at about the present level, it is probable that large quantities of this cargo will be moved during the next month or two.

To United States via Pacific and via Panama and Suez:—All these three berths are stagnant at the moment and there is very little cargo moving on any of them with no propects of any improvements as far as we can see at present.

Coastwise:—Conditions continue as outlined in our last Report and a fair amount of business has been done from Wuhu to Canton; Newchwang has opened but so far there has been little demand; coal tonnage is required from Chinwangtao but there is little response at present rates.

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A Life Assurance Office?
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Spacious and Luxurious Dining and Reception Rooms.

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First Class Cuisine and Selected Cellar, under Foreign supervision.

Central Heating, Electric Light, Modern Sanitary Arrangements.

Hotel Motor-Omnibus and Porters meet all Trains and Boats.

THE MANAGEMENT.

BUSINESS AND OFFICIAL NOTICES

(Continued from Page 7)

Kailan Mining Administration Household Coal

On and after March 9th the price of Household Coal will be $13.00 per ton delivered to private houses only within the Settlement limits. Apply, cash with order, Household Coal Department, No. 1 Jinkee Road.

23161

TO LADIES

IMPORTANT NOTICE

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1 Nanking Road, wish to announce they have secured the services of

Mrs. ELIAS

late of the

ASTOR HOUSE, HONGKONG

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28586

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Tel. C. 2765
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Massage Establishment
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Practised 3 years in Shanghai

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28284

Dr. R. Holper M.D.

Specialist in Venereal, Skin and Internal Diseases.

85 Szechuen Road
(Corner Nanking Road)

Office hours: 11-1 and 4-6.
Tel. North 1316.

27310

The Shanghai Chemical & Laboratory
No. 20 Nanking Road
3rd Floor

NAA MLOOZE VENOOTSCHAP
Maatschappij Tot Mijn-Bosch-En Landbouwexploitatie in Langkat

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of Shareholders will be held in the Board Room of the China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd., 10 Canton Road, on Monday, the 29th March, 1920, at 4 p.m.

The Transfer Books of the Company will e closed from the 22nd to the 29th March, 1920, oth days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
GEORGE McBAIN,
General Agents

Shanghai, 6th March, 1920.
28273

NAAMLOOZE VENOOTSCHAP
Maatschappij Tot Mijn-Bosch-En Landbouwexploitatie in Langkat

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting will be held in the Offices of the Company, Tandjong Poera, Lower Langkat, Sumatra, at 10 a.m. on Thursday, 29th April, 1920.

By Order of the Directors,
GEORGE McBAIN,
General Agents.

Shanghai, 6th March, 1920.
28274

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK

INTEREST ON DEPOSITS

From March 6, 1920, and until further notice, interest at the rate of

7 PER CENT. PER ANNUM

will be allowed on deposits.

28573

MUSK

(TONQUIN)

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Dr. M. N. Katzen, M. D.
Consulting hours: 12—2 p.m. and 5—7 p.m.

Dr. S. S. Shpilberg, M.D.
Consulting hours: 10—12 a.m. and 3—5 p.m.
Office: 12, NANKING ROAD
Telephone Central 3214
Residence: 45, BOONE ROAD
Telephone North 2035

27803

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(Established 1870)

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Address:
No. 76, Rue Brodie A Clarke, French Concession, Shanghai.
Telephone Central 3157.

27452

NOTICE

The undersigned hereby give notice:

That a Public Meeting of Ratepayers will be held in the Town Hall on Wednesday, April 7, 1920, at 2 o'clock p.m. previsely, to devise ways and means of raising the requisite funds for Municipal purposes, and to pass resolutions in reference thereto and to deliberate and decide upon other Municipal matters and business. At such meeting the accounts of the Council for the year ending December 31, 1919, will be submitted for the sanction and approval of the Ratepayers.

Shanghai, March 16, 1920.

D. SIFFERT,
Consul-General for Belgium.
T. RAASCHOU,
Consul-General for Denmark and Acting Consul-General for Sweden.
E. D. H. FRASER,
Consul-General for Great Britain.
V. GROSSE,
Consul-General for Russia.
G. DE ROSSI,
Consul-General for Italy.
K. YAMASAKI,
Consul-General for Japan.
E. S. CUNNINGHAM,
Consul-General for the United States of America.
R. REAU,
Consul-General for France.
S. STECKMEST,
Acting Consul-General for Norway.
J. A. SCHUURMAN,
Consul for the Netherlands.
ANTONIO M. DA SILVA,
Acting Consul-General for Portugual.
HUGO REISS,
Consul for Brazil.
JULIO PALENCIA,
Consul for Spain.

28445

The International Recreation Club

KIANGWAN RACES

62nd MEETING.
3rd and 5th April, 1920.
(Saturday and Monday)

First Saddling Bell at 1.00 p.m. Sharp, Daily.

FOR ATTENTION OF MEMBERS

ENTRIES for all events close at 7 p.m. on Friday, 26th March, 1920, at the Club House, 126, Bubbling Well Road. Entry Forms may be obtained upon application to the undersigned.

SPECIAL ENTRY.

THE DERBY CUP will take place on the 22nd May, 1920. Entries for this event close on Tuesday, 6th April, 1920, at the Club House, 126, Bubbling Well Road.

By order,
Y. S. DAY,
28559 Secretary.

NOTICE

SIN WAN PAO CO.

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders will be held at the Company's Offices, 19 Hankow Road, Shanghai, on Sunday, March 28th, 1920, at 5 p.m.

By order of the Board of Directors,
C. O. SOJESEN,
Secretary and Treasurer.
28344

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No. 5A Miller Road.
Tel. N. 2961

DR. K. HONMA
(former Assistant at the Imperial University at Fukuoka.)
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IN THE ORIENT
UNITED STATES
AND EUROPE

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Manager.

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Chocolate Eggs, Candied Eggs, Fondant Eggs, Nests, etc.
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BUNS— { plain spiced / spiced with currants

@ 60 cents dozen

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1433 Editorial Department.
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IMPARTIAL & PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, MARCH 26, 1920

WEATHER

Overcast or cloudy weather. N to NW breezes along the North coast. Strong monsoon in the South.

Law And Law Codification In China And Japan

BY T. R. JERNIGAN

AS President of the Far Eastern American Bar Association Judge Lobingier has recently submitted a report in which he impresses upon American lawyers the duty of rendering available the principles of "our law to the Chinese in this formative period of their new judicial experience, to aid them in all real endeavors to bring order out of chaos, and to assist them in avoiding the pitfalls into which other nations have fallen when making the momentous change from one legal system to another." It is known that there is already organised in China a Law Codification Commission, holding its session at Peking with Dr. Wang Chung-hui as Chairman and the opportunity is thus offered to American Courts and the American Bar of providing object lessons in aiding the Chinese to rebuild their institutions from the ground up.

The quotation that follows from the report is of special interest in bearing and advice: "Probably the greatest present need in this direction in China is a legal survey. For China is far from being without a native law even now. But that law is customary and diversified. Like the prevailing language, while its general principles are the same in all parts, there are local variations, from province to province and even from district to district. The fundamental preliminary task would seem to be reduction of this customary law to written, or at least accessible, form, retention of what is common and suitable and repeal of the rest. For surely it is not the part of wisdom to destroy ruthlessly a legal system which has endured for ages and become the woof and warp of a great people's industrial and social life. The Chinese law reformers may well reflect on the motto of the Spanish Justinian, Alfonso the Learned: 'A despot uproots the tree; a wise ruler prunes the branches.' Nor is it ever safe to borrow indiscriminately the entire legal system of another people. In both the uprooting and the borrowing a careful discrimination is absolutely essential, if the best results are to be obtained. The good must be minutely separated from the bad and to accomplish this as regards the old system a legal survey is indispensable."

The principle of codification advised and so clearly stated in the quotation is substantially the principle which has influenced and guided the English people in the formation of their legal codes, and it is meant to include the English-speaking race in whatever division of the globe any part of it may reside. The student who reads Bracton, Coke or Blackstone soon learns that the entire civil institution of the British government is founded on the customs of the British people, and that although the branches have been pruned from time to time by Parliament the roots of the tree are carefully and loyally preserved.

The first codified system of English law was made during the reign of King Alfred the Great and the system continued as a model until William the Conqueror subdued England and established over the people the laws which he brought with him from the Continent of Europe. By reason of the conquest the old customs and laws which had so long regulated and governed the relations of the English were abolished and the will of a conqueror forced them to live under and obey alien laws. And here may be pointed out the cardinal difference in principle of the old customs and laws of the English and the laws which William the Conqueror imposed. It was a maxim of the English law, writes Bracton "that the King should be subject to the law, because the law makes the King," but this maxim, essential to the safeguarding of English liberty, and which has safeguarded it, was no longer to govern under William, who substituted for it the Maxim of the Civil Law—the Roman Law—and which was the law of the principal States of the Continent. The Civil Law maxim reads: "The interest of the Emperor is in all things to be reserved to whom God has made the laws themselves subject."

No one should long hesitate as to which of the two maxims gives the preference and is most conducive to those ends for which society was framed and kept together. Even the Roman lawyers seem to be sensible to the unreasonableness of their own constitution, and Paulus declared hat, nevertheless, "it becomes a prince to protect those laws from which he is himself exempt," but Blackstone answers, "that this is at once laying down the principle of despotic power, and at the same time acknowledging its absurdity." The laws introduced and enforced in England were penetrated with the imperial elements of the Roman law, and they supplanted the civil institutions of a free people by the despotic institutions of the Conqueror.

The method of government and the tenure of holding property were radically changed. The great body of the people were serfs, subject to some military or feudal chief, whose command was absolute. The tree was apparently uprooted, though it was not, and Tacitus wrote that the English had been tamed by the sword, but not conquered. Before William won the battle of Hastings and came over to England with his Norman followers and their conceptions of law, the Romans had preceded and taken possession of the country which they governed under the authority of the Emperor, Severces, whose chief counsellor was the celebrated Papinian, acknowledged by the legal fraternity, then and now, as the greatest of the Roman jurists.

But the English would not surrender the maxims of their laws, founded on their customs, and the nobility of England specially resolved that their country should not be ruled by the Civil law. As soon, therefore, as the English could throw off the influence and government of their conquerors they returned to their native laws and customs and by these have since been governed. And it is these customs and laws which now form the basis of Anglo-American Common Law. The English speaking race have never admitted that an Emperor or King could be superior to the law. The inborn sentiment of freedom, like the sea-shell, when torn from its home in the deep, has ever been vocal with the music of its native liberty.

The writer has particularly desired to impress the very material difference between the maxim of the Civil Law and the maxim of the Common Law, and to indicate that the former recognises the Executive Authority of a State as inferior to its law while the latter subordinates such authority to the law. The one uproots the tree and the other prunes it for a more vigorous growth. And at this time when China is codifying her laws the advice given by Judge Lobingier as to how it should be done to prove of permanent usefulness merits in every sense the most careful consideration. The advice given would seem to mean that the Chinese law reformers would be on safe grounds to remember that England did not destroy her native system of laws, but whenever it was thought necessary to reform them, to answer new requirements and conditions, the pruning knife only was applied in the nature of parliamentary pruning.

In that way the pure elements which constitute the Common Law have been preserved, and for the reason that the native customs were revived and practically respected in the administration of the Government of England after the invaders from Europe had been driven off. The long years of subjection to the dictatorship of foreign rulers appear to have stirred in the English breast a deeper sense of devotion to the customs of their ancestors, and the consequence is the magnificient object lessons of the British and American governments. These governments could not have existed in their present day splendor, filling all lands and seas with their busy industries, without their superstructures built upon the will and consent of the people, evidenced by their native customs and laws.

It is a matter of history that after the Japanese revolution of 1867, which resulted in the restoration of the Emperor, the government of Japan was changed from an absolute monarchy to a constitutional monarchy and a written code of laws prepared for its government. The constitution was intended to define the powers and the limitations of the Emperor, and the code to embody the laws by which the people were to be governed. Although Japan had no laws in any modern or ancient sense, and the country was ruled by the chiefs of the different clans, it was unfortunate when it was thought that constitutional government was about to be established, that the leaders of the movement went to Germany for the model of a constitution and to the civil law for a code. The end has been, as in principle, the same apprehended by Judge Lobingier and other jurists, that instead of several clans there is one, but the same military spirit prevails as did at the time the two sworded samurai swaggered about Japan and great castles like the Osaka and Nagoya frowned over her landscape.

The military element, that has always been the controlling one in the civil law, was not only transplanted to Japan, but it was made organic, and specially cultivated, until it is not unjust to write that Japan presents more the appearance of a military monarchy than one under the rule of a civil authority; and the character of the soldier is held in as much fervor of superiority and adoration as it was when Iyeyasu founded the House of Takugawa or Hideyoshi led his army across the sea to conquer Korea. The intimation may be repeated, that Japanese statesmen must realise the mistake made in borrowing from Germany methods of government and laws and thereby perpetuating in their history the very methods which it was hoped that the revolution of 1867 had abolished. While it is true the Japanese had no civil customs and laws of their own, like the English and Chinese, their statesmen could have had no difficulty in utilising whatever was found useful in the methods of the government of those two countries and applying them, as they have undoubted genius in the application of whatever they think to be useful to themselves, and are not sensitive as to where they get it or how they use it.

If the idea of Judge Lobingier be followed to its logical conclusion, the native jurists composing the Law Codification Commission will not serve their country with wisdom by "ruthlessly destroying a legal system which has endured for ages and become the woof and warp of a great people industrial and social life." This student of the law sees in the present legal system of China much that could be retained and incorporated in the new Code under preparation, and which would vitalise and harmonise it with the social and business life of the people for whom it is intended. And Judge Lobingier is not the only foreign jurist who thinks it would be unfortunate for the Law Codification Commission to "borrow indiscriminately the entire legal system of another people" and thus fail in attaining the best results by the exercise of a careful discrimination whenever borrowing may be necessity.

If it be supposed that the codifiers engaged at Peking in preparing a new code of laws for China, should follow the example of Japan and adopt the German system of laws, or rather the civil law, it will hardly be maintained that a code so framed would ever be acceptable to the people of China. It would not only be unfortunate but it would prove a permanent misfortune to attempt to engraft on China the imperial and military doctrines of the civil law, because the Chinese are not a military people and prefer their peaceful ways. Long before the Japanese could talk intelligently in any language, or had a language, China had her own law codes which were carefully codified by her native jurists, and they showed a comprehensive grasp of many of the sounder principles of jurisprudence. Several of these codes are obtainable and need only to be examined in order to establish evidence of the orderly and systematic division of rights, whether pertaining to person or property. And throughout all China there are organisations to protect and benefit trade, governed by rules and regulations such as may be seen in the commentaries on modern commercial law. In fact, it is probable that no book of modern commercial law contains a more equitable adjustment of business relations than the rules and regulations of the Guilds of China and other similar organisations.

A more serious duty could not be undertaken by the jurists of any country than to prepare a code of laws to set forth the rights and remedies of its people. The code states the law of the country and the measure of protection afforded the people. It also shows forth the character of the people, their manhood, and what they think justice means and how it ought to be administered. In other words, it determines the qualities of the people in all their bearings and stamps upon them who they really are and what they think of national existence.

The understanding of the Romans as to what law meant is learned from the codes of Justinian, and the same is true with regard to the Saxon who, if asked what he understands to be the meaning of law, promptly refers the questioner to the Common Law, to Magna Charta, the Petition of Rights, the Declaration of Independence and the American Constitution. The documents referred to, whether of Roman or Saxon origin, are still accurate in their definition of the traits of character of the respective nationalities that published them to the world. And if the Law Codification Commission at Peking decides to travel to Germany or France for a copy of the German Code or the Code Napoleon, with the purpose of planting either in China as the legal system of the Chinese, it would be a blunder that should be arrested ere it be committed, for neither of the codes is suited to Chinese habits of thought or experience.

If the writer was not supported in this view by the ablest jurists of the world he would not feel authorised to submit his observations as here presented for thoughtful consideration. He has wished to impress, that the customs and laws of China, in the general safety and need, be not put aside for foreign laws, but changed, modified and so applied for the new national life which China must sooner or later enter upon. Safely to meet the requirements of this life, a pruning and not an uprooting is wisely essential.

Asquith Assails Treaty Of Peace

Speaking at Paisley February 7, during the Parliamentary compaign in which he was successful, Mr. Asquith criticised the Peace Treaty. He said the new frontiers of Central and Eastern Europe must necessarily be purely provisional and there must be opportunity for calm and deliberate revision, for which the League of Nations would furnish an appropriate instrument and authority, to be guided always by the main governing considerations of nationality and self-determination.

"The future of Russia," he added, "dominates and overshadows the whole scene from the Baltic to the Black Sea. Every arrangement must be not only provisional, but transient, and the new States will have no assurance either of internal stability or external safety until there is peace with Russia."

The powers, he thought, were now unanimous in the determination not to burn their fingers and more by meddling with the internal affairs of Russia.

Speaking of the financial provisions of the treaty, he said they were all agreed Germany should pay a large sum as promptly as possible for her war damage, but he was not sure that it was not more important for the permanent interests of the world to accelerate as far as possible the restoration of the normal economic life of Europe, in which Germany must continue to be an important factor. Germany's total liability —and this was the defect of the treaty—was nowhere defined. She was left with a millstone round her neck.

"As a question of practical business capacity," he went on, "is it conceivable that Germany will be able with her crippled resources to meet liabilities of that kind? To my mind it is absolutely impossible.

"Conditions in Austria are even more severe. Austria is a bankrupt State The treaty imposes an undefined liability upon her as regards the total amount she is to hand over, in addition to which she is to provide 19,000 head of cattle, horses and sheep, and that in a country where the condition of the population is such that we are making appeals in our churches and on platforms in order that they may be saved from starvation.

"This is not statesmanship. It is not business or common sense. It is not that clean peace which always meant a peace that would end war. It is not that clean peace that all of us, without distinction of party, were demanding and clamoring for eighteen months ago."

Marshal Ferdinand Foch

Biography By Raymond Recouly Gives A Close View Of The Man

By HEYWOOD BROUN

Raymond Recouly's "Foch, the Winner of the War" (Scribner's), serves to explain in large measure why the French general, in spite of all his successes; in spite, also, of his talent for flaming phrases, did not emerge from the war a romantic figure. Even in France Foch won admiration and never rapturous worship. There is about his name none of the thrill which is associated with Joffre or some minor millitary figure such as Guynemere. The reason lies partly in the fact that Foch delivered the first series of last year of the struggle, when most of the romantic notions of war had been dissipated in the minds of all. But more than that, his triumph was the triumph of a theorist, of an expert who frankly disclaimed miracles and could and did produce a previously prepared plan for any situation which arose.

It might be said, in fact, that the war was won in 1900, when Foch delivered the first series of lectures on military strategy in the Ecole de Guerre. At that time Foch formulated a definite system of French warfare, which proved to be sound at every turn when he put it into practice. Now the popular mind rebels at such prepared triumphs. We do not like to think of glory and victory as something for which a man crams under a student lamp. If Wilson was the professor in politics, just so Ferdinand Foch was a professor in warfare. The popular prejudice against professors is proverbial. We dislike experts. When a man states a theory we all hope that it will be wrecked by facts. Most of us live only from day to day and we resent the man who lays by plans for the future in the same way that we despise the thrifty investor who stores dollars for a rainy day.

Before the great war Foch's experience in the field had been of the slightest. He served in a minor capacity in the Franco-Prussian War and his first hand experience was small. And yet, the war served as a foundation of his later success. He studied every twist and turn of French and German strategy, and his conclusion was that Moltke was a great builder, but an indifferent leader in the field.

Raymond Decouly records that Foch observed that "Moltke, whose every faculty was absorbed by his wish to attack, took no strategic methods to insure his safety, and if he had found himself confronted by an energetic adversary the neglect must have cost him dear."

And he also observed, according to the summary of the author, that in the Franco-Prussian War the Germans "met the enemy and engaged him without knowing clearly what they were doing nor why, nor did they ever know with any certainty the number of their opponents. Not the commander in chief, but the officers in charge of the troops directed the battles. That was a fundamental error, and, as the war went on, its consequences were plainly seen. The campaign finally ended in an improvised battle, which had not been anticipated, and which it was impossible to lead. If the Germans had faced an energetic adversary they must, according to Foch, inevitably have been defeated."

Accordingly, Foch, in his study of the Franco-Prussian War, profited by the mistakes of both sides. From his study he learned something of German psychology. While in the great war the German staff work was in many respects superb there was just enough of the old gambling tradition left in them to lead to one or two reckless blunders, and Foch took advantage of every one.

It would not be fair to give the impression that Foch looked upon war as wholly a matter of cold blooded mathematics. Indeed, he has written:

"The moral factor is the most important element in war; the will to conquer sweeps all before it. There is a psychological phenomenon in great battles which explains and determines their result. One hundred thousand men leave ten thousand of their number dead upon the ground and acknowledge themselves beaten; they retreat before the victors, who have lost as many men, if not more. Neither one side nor the other knows, when they withdraw, what its own losses have been, nor how heavy those of the opposing force; therefore, it is not on account of material damage, still less from any possible computation of figures, that the losers give up the struggle."

But admitting and recognising the moral factor, Foch made it serve him. He did not leave it to chance. He had it in mind when he wrote, "My center is giving way, my right falling back; the situation is excellent. I shall attack." And when one of his generals objected that his troops were tired out, he replied, "The Germans are still more so. You will attack."

Perhaps Foch wrote the best description of the quality which he brought to warfare when he said that what he sought to inculcate in his army was "intelligent audacity."

Raymond Recouly's book affords not only an interesting sketch of the personality of the great general but a clear and close study of his strategy.

Our Nation Must Learn To Save

By HON. MEDILL McCORMICK
(Senator from Illinois, Speaking Before the Young Republican Club)

"The future fiscal policies of all the governments which have been engaged in the great war doubtless will have an influence upon the future of society hardly less important than that of the issue of the war itself, if the one can be considered independently of the other.

"It will be many years before we can measure the larger results of the struggle—political, economical and social. Indeed, it will be a generation before we can begin even to appraise the changes it will have wrought in governmental forms. But this already we see, that the war itself and the economic burdens which it has imposed upon society must energise public administration in a degree heretofore unknown or society will suffer an incalculable lapse from its present level of civilisation.

"I do not speak of the momentary and arbitrary energy imparted to government by the delegation of power to the military or the civil executive, but of that development of the public service and the responsibility of public servants which is the constant task of statesmen. Today it is not only publicists, politicians and cranks who would reform the public administration, but all of the people from whose labor and whose capital must be found the income and the taxes which are to pay the billions of war debt.

"The schemes for reorganisation proposed vary from the establishment of Soviets to the enactment of repressive legislation once familiar in Central Europe. It is as though our forces, returning from the defeat of the armed enemy of democracy, had been pursued by foes more dangerous—strange concepts of repression as necessary to order or of revolution as precedent to liberty.

"There are some of us who believe that we may meet the new problems without the abandonment of old principles. Neither the shouting of the radicals and reactionaries nor the depredations of the profiteers can harry us from our resolve to achieve social progress through law and under the law.

"The burden of taxation is an incentive in our effort to control expenditure, to eliminate waste and to energise public administration. Obviously, if we are to adopt for the United States the budget principle as it prevails throughout the civilised world, so must we also adapt it to our peculiar constitution. We must make the Executive clearly responsible for the aggregate estimates submitted to Congress. We must make Congress clearly responsible for the aggregate expenditures authorised by law. We must provide the Executive with the legal authority and the expert staff necessary to restrain the hungry department, and we must reform our legislative practice and our parliamentary procedure to meet the end which we have in view.

"The Treasury, by the very same act which creates the office of the Commissioner of the Budget and provides for the Budget Bureau, should be relieved of its nongermane functions which, in turn, should be distributed among other departments. There is no difficulty here. The Secretary of the Treasury, then, would have restored to him the authority and the responsibility which was exercised by Alexander Hamilton. He would have a role exactly analogous, if not identical, to that of every other Minister of Finance in the world. He would become a Minister of Finance. He would survey the whole field of income and outgo. He would have subordinate to him the Commissioner of Revenue and the Commissioner of the Budget. He would be able, as the facts developed, to counsel with his colleagues in the Cabinet, to measure the estimates of expenditure against the actuality of revenues as they develop. He would be able, in the light of his full study and relieved of non-germane duties now devolving upon him, to cut the suit to meet the cloth.

"If we so centralise and make manifest the executive responsibility for the preparation of estimates, we must concentrate in a single committee the responsibility for the aggregate sum of appropriations to be voted by Congress.

"We cannot look to Congress to discharge the full measures of its responsibility unless we establish an examination and audit of expenditure, independent of the political exigencies of administrations as they come and go. The office of the Comptroller and Auditor-General must be permanent in its personnel and amenable to the demands of Congress for that constant examination of executive efficiency which a committee of directors might insure in the corporation, but which is impossible for any committee of Congress."

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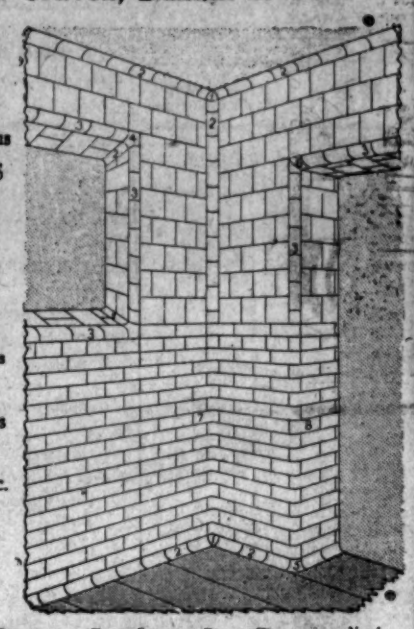
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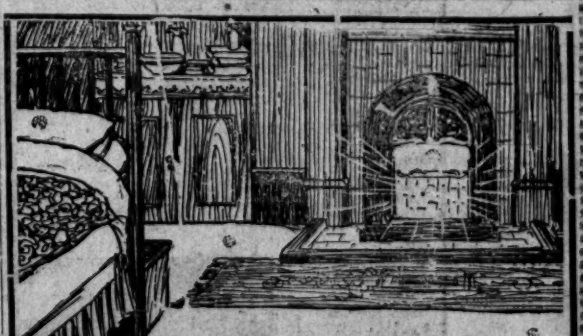
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Bringing Up Father — By George McManus

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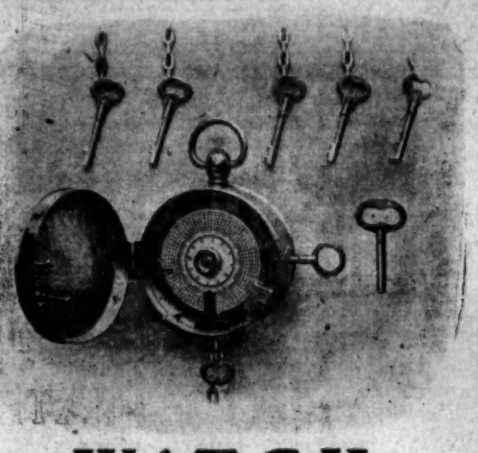
I THINK IT WAS AWFULLY NICE OF HIM TO SEND IT!
YES-ITS JUST LIKE HIM!



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When The Day's Work Is Done

By S. E. KISER

Don't forget sometimes to take
Home a smile or two at night;
If the profits that you make
Do not bring you much delight,
Why take home a bunch of care,
It's a foolish thing to do;
Park your trouble out somewhere,
And take home a smile or two.

When the sweet stenographer
Treats you to a friendly glance,
Bravely you smile back at her,
Happly to have had the chance;
And the pretty little clerk,
When your purchases are made,
Finds new pleasure in her work
For the smile you have displayed.

When the boss invites you in,
Leaving other things to wait,
You approach him with a grin,
Or with hope, at any rate,
And through all the day you find,
Or you do, if you are wise,
That it pays to be inclined
To keep twinkles in your eyes.

Greet the elevator boy
With a smile upon your lip;
If the switchboard girl is coy,
Hand her out a merry quip.
With your smile you always make
Other people's moments bright;
But don't fail sometimes to take
Home a smile or two at night.

HARD TO GET A START

One trouble with the ladder of success is that somebody is always kicking the rungs out at the bottom.

DWINDLING

The dollar that formerly seemed to be as big as the head of a barrel can now be dropped through the hole that is made for the spigot.

Garrett P. Serviss's Article

Mayfly, Which Is Born After Sunset And Dies Before Sunrise, Typifies To Large Degree Man's limitations

By Garrett P. Serviss

Meditating on some of the great new problems that recent astronomical research is giving rise to, which could be easily solved if the existence of the human race were not so limited in time, the curiously suggestive lot of the little winged people of the air, called the Ephemeridae, or Mayflies, came into my mind.

When we consider that we ourselves are also ephemeridae, only of a higher sort, we can find much worth thinking about in the strange story of the mayflies. It may typify, to a surprising degree, our own situation, with regard to limitations of knowledge.

The mayfly is born after sunset and dies before sunrise. There are some species that live longer, and that see the daylight, but what is said above applies to the typical mayfly. It knows not the sun nor the day. Yet light is fatally attractive to it.

Thousands, says Frank E. Lutz, "may join in a joyous dance which leads to an heirless death, if near human habitations, for they seem unable to resist the attraction of bright lights. Even under normal conditions, some species dance a part of a night, mate, lay eggs, and die before morning."

GET ONLY ONE-SIDE VIEW

To such, creatures, even perhaps if they possessed our degree of intelligence, half of the characteristic phenomena of the physical world would be unknown. They would take a one-sided view of nature, which, nevertheless, would seem to them to include all there was. But, can we be sure that we see all sides? To a being as much more highly organised than a man as the latter is higher than a mayfly, and existing proportionally longer, it is entirely reasonable to suppose that the world, and the universe may have sides, or aspects utterly inconceivable to us, though we live in the midst of them.

To the objection that we would be aware of such beings if they existed, the reply could be made in the form of a question:

"What do the mayflies know of us, though they live in the same world? Our appearances to them are so rare, and so mysterious, that they can comprehend our acts and our nature no better than they comprehend the accidental lights that lure them to destruction."

NEW GENERATIONS

But, if this seem to metaphysical, look at it another way. Not only the individual mayfly, but the race of the mayflies, is utterly unconscious and unaware of the existence of that recurrent portion of time during which the sun is above the horizon. The mayfly's lot was cast upon the night alone. Every night sees an entirely new generation spring into existence and disappear before dawn.

Just so the brief career of the entire human race on the earth has been cast upon a small sector of the vast cycle of change which constitutes the life rhythm of the universe, and we have no means of telling whether (recurring to the case of the mayflies) the sector allotted to us would be called night or day by a being capable of embracing and comprehending the whole round.

When we take advantage of the opportunity which geology affords us to look back through the book of the rocks, tens and hundreds of millions of years into past time, we find there records of states of the earth that we cannot explain in consonance with the present operation of nature's forces.

We find, for instance, that the polar regions, now practically uninhabitable, were once apparently brilliant with life under a genial climate. Our racial history tells us nothing of this.

MAN ALSO IS SHACKLED

Our existence is too ephemeral to include in the cycle of experience any actual knowledge of past gealogic epochs. In such cases, however, our intelligence, almost infinitely surpassing our physical powers, enables us to expand, in an intellectual sense, the life of the race over spaces of time lying outside its range of experience—as if the mayflies, by developing greater brains, could read on the dark face of the earth where their night dances whirl, something which would raise in their exalted minds a picture of daylight and of sun-illuminated landscapes.

It is only the mind that can expand existence and lift any creature out of the state more or less resembling that of the Ephemeridae, which is common to all mortal beings. But with all his brain power and intellectual development, man still finds himself, in many ways, hampered with the time-shackles of the mayfly.

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77 ROUTE VALLON

Today

First Force, Then Justice.
What do Financiers Build?
Dearer Flour and Bread.
That Chain Will Snap.

By Arthur Brisbane

Poland has begun peace negotiations with Russia. Not too soon for Poland's safety, with France, England and America telling Poland to deal alone with the Northeast Colossus.

The Allies might have known this country had no excuse for not knowing that Russia, ruling herself in her own way, good or bad, would be an enemy different from old Russia driven to war by a feeble Tsar, with Grand Dukes stealing on both flanks of every army.

This generation will watch Russia working out her own salvation, if she can. An experiment of that kind has not been seen for a hundred years. It will be interesting, and not what Russia expects. The feet never manage the head.

When Russia picks herself up, some head will be on top, Lenin's or another, and a few, as usual will rule the many.

Joubert, philosophical Frenchman, put much truth in these words: C'est la force et le droit qui regient toutes choses dans le monde; la force en attendent le droit.

"Force and justice regulate everything in this world, force (at first) while waiting for justice."

The rule of simple justice is far off. Men are too ignorant to be fit for it. Force of arms or of superior intelligence will rule in Russia as elsewhere, when the dust settles, and before long the ruling heads will get together, England recently combining with France in a vain effort to crush Russian revolution would have sworn, 100 years ago, that she would never deal with revolutionary France, except with bullets and sabres. Now the descendants of French revolutionists are helping England to the lion's share in dividing Europe, the two combining to deprive of their rights the descendants of the Italian revolutionists.

Revolution blossoms into comfortable bourgeoisie, which soon forgets that revolution was its mother. Who would imagine that this land of taxation by trusts once rebelled against illegal taxation or that the descendants of 1776 would humbly ask each day in 1920 what's the price, and meekly pay?

Owners of coal mines say an increase of 14 percent in wages would be too much. They haven't yet answered the question, "What becomes of the difference between ninety-five cents per ton paid to the miners and ten to fifteen dollars a ton paid by the consumer? Who makes the difference of 1,000 percent?"

Flour must go up to at least $16.50 per barrel, and will probably go to $20, is the latest news. The price of bread will rise, of course, and the thing will be done in the usual twentieth century way. Price of flour is increased twice as much as the increased cost of wheat makes necessary. The price of bread is increased twice as much as the increased cost of flour makes necessary. And so it goes until it all lands on the back of the woman who must feed the bread to her children. It is an endless chain that will have to break sooner or later. And it may break with an unpleasant snap. The price of bread has often proved more dangerous than dynamite.

Financiers tell the people, "You must do a full day's work every day to make up for the war." Wise, true words; but back of all work and all building there is money. Every undertaking must be financed. What is high finance doing to encourage new building? How many financiers will say privately: "Why should I take the risk and worry of financing building or industrial enterprises when I can put my money in safe securities at 7 percent or better, or in call loans yielding 10 to 20 percent?"

Count Apponyi, in Hungary, says he has implicit confidence in the judges trying radicals, because "they are moving so slowly that there have been only twenty-seven executions so far." Apponyi adds: "Hungary is in a state of self-defense against the Red terror just like America, which is deporting Bolshevism." This will be news to America. With us deporting Bolshevism is a sort of patriotic, national outdoor sport, not quite a life and death struggle to keep government going.

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GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tatung**, Captain C. C. Williams, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, March 26**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Suiwo**, 2,671 Tons, Captain Smith, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Friday, March 26**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Telephone C. 241. Extension to Freight and Passage Department. Outside Office Hours C. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. **Nanyang Maru**, Capt. K. Takeshita, will be despatched from N.Y.K Mail Wharf on **Friday, March 26**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**, No. 16, Canton Road.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. **Tachang Maru**, Captain G. Kawamura, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Saturday, March 27**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**, No. 16, Canton Road.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Waishing** 1,864 Tons, Captain Christie, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Saturday, March 27**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Tel. C. 241. Extension to Freight and Passage Department. Outside Office Hours Central 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Wuchang**, Captain Pickard, will leave on **Saturday, March 27**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. **Hwahta**, will leave on **Sunday night**. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. **Siangyang Maru**, Capt. J. A. Scott, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on **Monday, March 29**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**. No. 16, Canton Road.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Poyang**, Captain Carnaghan, will leave from the French Bund on **Monday, March 29**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Kutwo**, 2,664 Tons, Captain Gibb, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Monday, March 29**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Tel. C. 241. Extension to Freight and Passage Department. Outside Office Hours Central 250.

For Southern Ports

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The Str. **Hsintah**, Captain J. Glen, will leave on **Friday** at 2 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hsin Peking**, Captain A. E. Edward, will leave on **Friday, March 26**, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SIWRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

NINGPO.—The Str. **Kiangteen**, Captain D. D. Ross, will leave on **Saturday** at 3:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

SWATOW, HONGKONG AND CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tean**, Captain Wm. McDonald, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, March 27**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shantung**, Captain Monkman, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, **March 30**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHOW and KEELUNG.—The Str. **Keelung Maru**, Capt. Y. Yukami, will be despatched from the Co.'s Y'poo Wharf on **April 5**. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 and 4235.

For Northern Ports

NEWCHWANG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Kiukiang**, Captain J. W. Harding, will leave on **Friday, March 26**, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO AND TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chekiang**, Captain E. L. Jones, will leave on **Friday, March 26**, at daylight. For Freight or Passaeg, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No 77.

TIENTSIN Direct.—The Str. **Hsinkong**, Captain A. B. Banies, will leave on **Saturday** morning. For Freight or Passage, apply to **CM.S.N. Co.**

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Yingchow**, Captain E. B. Simons, will leave from the Watung Wharf on **Saturday, March 27**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO AND TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Shuntien**, Captain H. A. Walker, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, March 27**, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77 Passage Telephone No. 401.

CHINWANGTAO Direct.—The Kailan Mining Administration, will despatch the S.S. **Kiangping** on **March 28**. For Freight or Passage, apply to Agent, 1 Jinkee Road, Tel. Central 1115.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO AND TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Fengtien**, Captain McIntosh, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, March 30**, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TIENTSIN and DAIREN via TSINGTAU.—The Str. **Kohoku Maru**, Captain M. Tsubaki, will be despatched from the Co.'s. Y'poo Wharf on **March 31**. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 and 4235.

For Foreign Ports

LONDON, Via Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg.—The Str. **Andes Maru**, Captain T. Kamiashi, will be despatched from the Co's No. 9 Buoy on or about the **27th**, of **MARCH**. For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

NEW YORK VIA PANAMA, JAPAN PORTS, AND SAN FRANCISCO.—The Str. **Amur Maru**, Capt. J. Hamada, will be despatched from the Shanghai wharf on or about **April 9**. For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 and 4235.

TACOMA and SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU, & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Str. **Arabia Maru**, Captain T. Saito, will be despatched on **April 11th**. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Malwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. For Freight of Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234.

MEN OF WAR IN PORT

Section	Date	Name	Flag and Rating
P. & O. B.I.	Mar. 15	Bee	Br. gun-boat
M. M. S.	Nov. 11	D'Estrees	Fr. cruiser
O.D.	Mar. 24	Hawkins	Br. cruiser
S'chow Creek	Oct. 29	M. A. S. 226	Ital. sub-chaser
S'chow Creek	Oct. 29	M. A. S. 227	Ital. sub-chaser
A. P. D.	Jan. 10	Quiros	Am. gun-boat
O. D. W.	Feb. 17	Toba	Jap. gun-boat
A. C	Mar. 4	Uji	Jap. gun-boat
O.D.W.	Mar. 4	Woodcock	Br. gun-boat

Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Flag Agents
Mar. 25 —	River ports	Kiangyung	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co
Mar. 25 —	River ports	Talee Maru	Jap. N.K.K.
Mar. 25 —	Chefoo, Newchwang	Yushun	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co
Mar. 25 —	Chinwangtao	Nichivei M.	Jap. K. M. A.
Mar. 25 —	Chinwangtao	Miyo Maru	Jap. K. M. A.
Mar. 25 —	A. H'kong, C'ton	Sinkiang	Br. B. & S.
Mar. 25 —	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

FRIDAY, MARCH 26, 1920

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg
TODAY							
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton....	Tean	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Swatow and Hongkong ...	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Japan Ports	Chikugo M.	19.00	..	..	..	..	18.30
Japan Ports	Kokura Maru	19.00	..	..	..	..	18.30
Moji, Kobe, Yokohama Canada, U.S.A. & Europe via Canada	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	17.00
Japan, H'lulu, Canada, U. S. A. & Europe via U. S. A.	*Ecuador	..	17.00	..	..	..	17.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton....	Wingsang	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Swatow & Hongkong	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok, Russia and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..				17.00
Dalny	Kobe Maru	12.00	..	..	..	..	11.30
Hongkong and Canton ...	Hsintah	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.30
Hankow	Suiwo	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Japan Ports	Chikugo M.	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
V'stok and Siberia via Pukow & Harbin (Daily expect Sunday)	Train			..	17.00	..	17.00
Ningpo	Hsin Peking	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Tientsin	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
TOMORROW							
Weihaiwei and Chefoo.....	Shuntien	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe	Ecuador	15.00	..	..	..	..	14.30
Kobe	Madras	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
H'kong, S. Ports, Straits, Ceylon, India & Europe Via Suez.....	Banca	..	A17.00	..	..	..	17.00
W'wei, C'foo, and T'tsin..	Shuntien	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
Japan, Honolulu, Canada, U. S. A. and Europe via U. S. A.	*Nanking	..	17.00	..	..	..	17.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton....	Kwongsang	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
H'kong, S. Ports, Straits & Europe via Suez	Banca	17.00	..	..	..	..	16.30
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. and Europe	Nanking	17.00	..	..	..	..	16.30
Vladivostok, Russia and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
Swatow and Hongkong....	Kwongsang	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Sunday, March 28.							
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Japan Ports	Tamba Maru	19.00	..	..	..	..	18.30
Monday, March 29.							
Hongkong	Shantung	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Japan, H'lulu, Canada, U. S. A. and Europe via U.S.A.	*China	..	17.00	..	..	..	17.00
Hongkong and Canton ...	Shantung	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe	Nanking	17.00	..	..	..	..	16.30
Tuesday, March 30.							
Weihaiwei and Chefoo....	Fengtien	14.00	..	..	..	..	13.30
W'wei, C'foo, and T'tsin..	do	..	14.00	..	..	..	..
Wednesday, March 31.							
H'kong, S. Ports, Straits, & Europe via Suez	Paul Lecat	17.00	..	..	..	..	16.30
Thursday, April 1.							
France, etc, ...	†P. Lecat						
H'kong, S. Ports, Straits, Ceylon, India & Europe Via Suez.....	Paul Lecat	..	E7.30	..	..	..	..

*Specially superscribed correspondence only.

†Ordinary mails will close at the French Post Office at 9: a.m., registered arcticles at 8:30 a.m. and parcel post at 12 noon March 30.

A Parcels at 17.00
B Letters and boxes with declared value at 7:30 p.m. Parcels at 4 p.m. and money orders at 3 p.m.
E Registered articles at 5 p.m. on previous day.

The Chinese Post Office will close two mails daily for Tsingtao, Tientsin, Peking, etc.

a.—at 21 for S. N. R. 23 o'clock train
b.—at 7 for S. N. R. 7:55 o'clock train

Mails closed by 7:55 train should reach Tientsin only 1 hour 35 minutes later than those closed for the previous night train.

VESSELS IN HARBOR AND AT WOOSUNG

Date	From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Dec. 2 —	Japan	Talho Maru	Jap.	
Dec. 2 —		Meichuen	Am.	Socony
Dec. 4 —	River ports	Lingyun	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec. 6 —	Chinwangtao	Indigirka		
Dec. 16 —	Hankow	Meitan	Am.	Socony.
Dec. 25 —		Kanling	Chi.	
Dec. 25 —		Newchow		
Dec. 31 —		Hungtok	Chi.	
Jan. 15 —		Meihu	Am.	Socony.
Jan. 21 —	Japan	Kifune Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Jan. 24 —		Saintan		
Feb. 3 —	Japan	Orestes	Br.	B. & S.
Feb. 5 —	Cruise	Store Nordiske	Dan.	G.N.T. Co.
Feb. 7 —	Amoy	Irene	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Feb. 15 —	River ports	Tahchuen	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Feb. 18 —	Seattle	West Ivis	Am.	S. & Dix.
Mar. 3 —		Hwahjah	Am.	A. Line
Mar. 6 —	Swatow	Esang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Mar. 6 —	Wuhu	Simferopol	Br.	
Mar. 9 —		Bri. Isles	Am.	L.A.P.N.Co.
Mar. 11 —	Ningpo	Meinan	Am.	Socony.
Mar. 11 —		Hwahwu	Chi.	C. G. S. S. A.
Mar. 12 —	Hankow	Hanping	Chi.	H. Y. P.
Mar. 14 —	Hongkong	Pakwo	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Mar. 15 —	Japan	Shinsei Maru	Jap.	
Mar. 16 —	New York	Dacre Castle	Br.	Dod. & Co.
Mar. 16 —	River ports	Meifoo	Am.	Socony.
Mar. 16 —	River ports	Kiangyu	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Mar. 17 —	New York	Westerner	Am.	A. Line
Mar. 19 —	Japan	Wollowra	Am.	A. Line
Mar. 19 —	Japan	Kiyo Maru	Jap.	Kaiyosha
Mar. 19 —	Cruise	Liuhsing	Chi.	Customs
Mar. 20 —	River ports	Anlan	Br.	A.P. Co.
Mar. 21 —	Laverpool	Lycaon	Br.	B. & S.
Mar. 21 —	London	Khiva	Br.	M. M. & Co.
Mar. 21 —	London ports	Gleniffer	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Mar. 22 —		Chienan	Chi.	W. & Co.
Mar. 22 —	Hankow	Meian	Am.	Socony.
Mar. 22 —	Hankow	Yenoura Maru	Jap.	M.S.K.
Mar. 22 —	Hongkong	Kiukiang	Br.	B. & S.
Mar. 22 —	Swatow	Cuzco	Ital.	S. & Dix.
Mar. 23 —	Chinwangtao	Providence	Br.	K.M.A.
Mar. 23 —	Swatow	Wingsang	Br.	J. M. & Co
Mar. 23 —	Hongkong	Hsintah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Mar. 23 —	River ports	Wooling Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Mar. 23 —	Japan	Pilsna	Ital.	Dod. & Co.
Mar. 23 —	Tientsin	Hsinchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Mar. 23 —	Tientsin, ports	Chekiang	Br.	B. & S.
Mar. 24 —	Hongkong	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
Mar. 24 —	Foochow	Shinping	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Mar. 24 —	Tientsin	Kingsing	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Mar. 24 —	Tientsin	Shenchou	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Mar. 24 —	Chinwangtao	Taito Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Mar. 24 —	Hongkong	Yunnan	Br.	B. & S.
Mar. 24 —	Tientsin	Weishun	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Mar. 24 —	River ports	Kiangwah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Mar. 24 —	River ports	Luenho	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Mar. 24 —	River ports	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
Mar. 24 —	River ports	Tachang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Mar. 24 —	Japan	Fuso Maru	Jap.	M.S.K.
Mar. 24 —	Japan	Kokura Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Mar. 24 —		Boston Castle	Br.	Dod. & Co.
Mar. 24 —		C. of Alameda	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Mar. 24 —	Liverpool, ports	Peleus	Br.	B. & S.
Mar. 24 —		Astrakan	Br.	A.P. Co.
Mar. 24 —	Chinwangtao	Hsinkong	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Mar. 25 —	Hongkong	Hsinchang	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Mar. 25 —	Swatow	Kashing	Br.	B. & S.
Mar. 25 —	Japan	Sekino Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Mar. 25 —	Japan	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Mar. 25 —	Tsingtau	Yekishin Maru	Jap.	S. M. R. Co.
Mar. 25 —	Dairen	Kobe Maru	Jap.	S. M. R. Co.
Mar. 25 —	Japan	Toyohashi M.	Jap.	M.B.K.
Mar. 25 —	Tientsin, ports	Shuntien	Br.	B. & S.
Mar. 25 —	Hongkong	Kwongsang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Mar. 25 —	Hongkong	Tean	Br.	B. & S.
Mar. 25 —	River ports	Suiwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Mar. 25 —	River ports	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
Mar. 25 —	River ports	Nanyang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

YANGTSZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS.
FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

FOR CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.

S.S. "TATUNG" ..... sails midnight, March 26th.
S.S. "WUCHANG" ..... sails midnight, March 27th.
S.S. "POYANG" ..... sails midnight, March 29th.

Steamers connect at Hankow with the Company's sailings on the Middle Yangtsze and Hunan Lines.

FOR WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN (and PEKING via TIENTSIN).

S.S. "SHUNTIEN" ..... sails March 27th, at 10 a.m.
S.S. "FENGTIEN" ..... sails March 30th, 3 p.m.

FOR HONGKONG and CANTON via SWATOW and AMOY.

S.S. "TEAN" ..... sails March 27th, at daylight.
S.S. "SHANTUNG" ..... sails March 30th, daylight.

Steamers connect at Hongkong with services to the Philippines, Indo-China and Australian Ports, also to Bangkok and Singapore.

FOR TSINGTAO.

S.S. "YINGCHOW" ..... sails March 27th, at daylight.

FOR NINGPO.

S.S. "HSIN PEKING" ..... sails March 6th, at 11 a.m. Wednesday and Friday.

FOR NEWCHWANG

S.S. "KIUKIANG" ..... sails March 26, at 3 p.m.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of Passengers.

For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc., see "The Taikoo Shipping Gazette" or apply to

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	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
*ANDES MARU	15,000	T. Kamiashi,	Mar. 30	April 1

This steamer will not call at Marseilles.

FOR NEW YORK via PANNAMA Japan ports, San Francisco, Panama, New York

*AMUR MARU ..... 15,000 I Hamada, April 7 April 9

FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver) via Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama.

In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.
ARABIA MARU ... 18,000 T. Saito, April 10 April 11

FOR HONGKONG

AFRICA MARU .... 18,000 H. Yamamoto, May 11 May 12

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS (Tsingtau, Tientsin and Dairen).

KOHOKU MARU .... 5,000 M. Tsubaki, Mar. 29 Mar. 31

FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS and FORMOSA (Foochow, Keelung and Takao).

*KEELUNG MARU ... 3,000 Y. Fukami, April 3 April 5

Passage to Europe or America will not be booked at this port

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For San Francisco via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu		For Hongkong via Manila	
S.S. Ecuador	Mar. 27	S.S. Colombia	Apr. 3
S.S. Colombia	Apr. 24	S.S. Venezuela	May 1
S.S. Venezuela	May 22	S.S. Ecuador	May 29

Steamers equipped with most modern improvements for the safety and comfort of passengers. One and two bed staterooms only. No Upper Berths. Tickets interchangeable with Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd. and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

CARGO STEAMERS

	Due at Shanghai about	Leave for San Francisco
WEST NIGER	March 27	April 23
WEST INSKIP	April 8	May 4

EAST INDIA SERVICE
SAILINGS FROM MANILA (subject to Change)

For Saigon, Singapore, Calcutta and Colombo		For San Francisco via Honolulu	
S.S. Santa Cruz	Apr. 11	S.S. Colusa	May 9

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Hembrie	April 30	Hembrie†	May 4
Editor†	Apr. 30	Editor†	May 4
and Fortnightly		and Fortnightly	

* Baltimore † New Orleans

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EXECUTIVE OFFICE FOR THE FAR EAST, Shanghai, China.
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S.S. "NANKING" ..... MAY 23rd

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DAKAR MARU	13,000	Capt. M. Furuhashi,	Mar. 29
WAKASA MARU ...	12,500	Capt. M. Goto,	Beginning of May

AMERICAN LINE

For Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, and Seattle:—

TAJIMA MARU	15,000	Capt. T. Araki,	April 2
KATORI MARU	21,000	Capt. E. Tozawa,	April 17
SUWA MARU	21,000	Capt. R. Shimidzu,	May 6

NEW YORK VIA PANAMA

GENOA MARU	13,000	Capt. K. Ogura,	April 19

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

CHIKUGO MARU ..	5,000	Capt. Y. Yoshida,	Mar. 27
KASUGA MARU ...	7,000	Capt. K. Inatsu,	April 2
YAMASHIRO MARU	7,000	Capt. T. Terada,	April 9

FOR JAPAN

TAMBA MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Itsuno,	Mar. 29

SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji).

KOKURA MARU ..	5,000	Capt. S. Ito,	Mar. 27
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. S. Kishimoto,	Mar. 31
TAKESHIMA MARU.	4,500	Capt. K. Kobayashi,	April 3
KUMANO MARU ...	9,500	Capt. S. Sasaki,	Appril 7

FOR HONGKONG

KATORI MARU	19,000	Capt. E. Tozawa,	Mar. 29

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

SUWA MARU	21,000	Capt. R. Shimidzu,	April 16

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NIKKO MARU	10,000	Capt. G. Yamasaki,	April 21
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Large Display Advertisements intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press should be sent in before 5 p.m. on Friday

French Interested In Treaty Revision

But They Would Consider None That Lightened Germany's Burdens

BY EDWIN L. JAMES

Paris, February 13.—The French are intensely interested in the proposals to revise the Peace Treaty, which, according to statements current here, Lloyd George has been pressing upon the Council of Premiers in London. But their interest is of a different sort from that which appears to be growing in London; for the English would revise it in one direction while the French would revise it in another. France sees in the possibility of changes opportunity of gains for herself, while the English advocates of alteration would ease the burden of Germany.

Practically every Paris newspaper urges French diplomats not to consider any changes for a moment unless France gets a recompense in full for any concessions. Such being the situation, it would seem that allied tranquility would be promoted by letting the treaty stand as it is and making elastic application of certain provisions instead of effecting textual alterations at this time.

L'Eclair, Aristide Briand's paper, says today:

"To revise the treaty is a very good idea if the corrections are to be made in favor of the conquerors, but we greatly fear that such a procedure would result in advantages for the conquered. The economic crisis in the allied countries, which is the result of the Wilsonian peace, has given the radical Socialists enormous power, and they will use it to save militaristic Germany, the cause of which they have embraced with ardor. Those whom Jupiter seeks to destroy——"

Later in its editorial L'Eclair says:

"It must be understood in London that we French are principally interested, and that nothing can be conceded to Germany which would endanger our prosperity or security."

The Excelsior says:

"It is scarcely necessary to say that the point of view of the English is in contradiction with that of the French."

After reviewing Premier Millerand's declarations that the treaty must be enforced, the Excelsior says: "Then it is intended to revise the treaty in the sense of making it easier—that is, more favorable to Germany. It is certain that the French Government cannot share the views of the British Government."

Taking up the German claim that the nation can pay only 40,000,000,000 marks damages, the Excelsior recalls that last June Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, speaking for Berlin, offered to pay 100,000,000,000 marks in gold if the Allies would put that definite amount in the treaty instead of leaving the figure indefinite.

"This figure was not large enough then; how can it be too large today?" asks the Excelsior. The editor then goes on to say that, while no revision should be made to aid Germany, America's attitude has made advisable certain alterations.

"It is now certain that the American Senate will not ratify the treaty without certain reservations which Great Britain by the letter of her Ambassador, Lord Grey, has accepted. These reservations have international import, for it is not natural that the United States should have one kind of treaty and we another. An adjustment appears inevitable. France and England are ready to accept the American reservations. But to accept them is not sufficient. They must be inserted in the treaty, else there will be endless confusion and injustice in the League of Nations. This situation, and this situation alone, should permit any new examination of the treaty. And if we start revising, where shall we ever halt? The essential thing is that the rights and interests of France be safeguarded, and that the German Empire shall not gain anything."

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FOR CALCUTTA via JAPAN
S.S. "MADRAS" 28th March.

FOR SYDNEY from HONGKONG
S.S. "ST. ALBANS" about 28th April.

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*S.S. "PILSNA" about 25th March
*S.S. "INNBRUCK" about 22nd April
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Passengers Arrived

Per I-C. s.s. Suiwo from Hankow: Mrs. Corbett and 2 children, Messrs. C. H. Hardy, J. Power; from Kiukiang: Mrs. J. L. Duff, Mrs. Eckert, Mrs. Venable.

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikugo Maru from Japan: Mrs. T. H. Dodge, Misses M. M. Thomas, F. S. Dreymann, Mrs. H. L. Dreymann, Mrs. Kliagrin, Mrs. W. Dreymann, Messrs. F. Fletcher, D. D. Dairdson, P. A. Nakushin, N. Kliagrin, A. Dryemann, Fapumeriobe, Kawada, Ohno, Saito.

Per C.M. s.s. Kiangteen from Ningpo: Mr. Hylbert.

Per C.N. s.s. Shuntien from Tientsin: Mrs. Booth, Mr. Cress; from Weihaiwei: Mr. and Mrs. Stewart, Dr. Muat.

Per S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru from Dairen: Dr. G. Tzanah, Col. Rumcha, Mr. and Mrs. Piechowski, Messrs. A. Lepin, T. Trang, A. Avidder, Fmsevitch, L. Reinitz, N. Marinitch.

Passengers Departed

Per C.N. s.s. Sinkiang for Amoy: Mr. and Mrs. Denn and 2 children, Capt. Dewar, Rev. W. H. Geibel, Messrs. Lee, J. S. Wu, A. E. Claxton.

Per I-C. s.s. Luenho for Hankow: Mrs. and Miss Keays-Young, Mme. Dufayet, Mlle. Sclaronis, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore, Messrs. Bar, S.S. McKee, W. H. Birchenough.

Per C.M. s.s. Kiangwah for Hankow: Bergamini.

Per I-C. s.s. Kingsing for Chefoo: Miss McMullan, Mr. D. F. R. McMullan.

Per C.N. s.s. Chekiang for Tientsin: Messrs. A. C. Hill, J. Bensabott.

Launch Services

TODAY

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 1 p.m.

Monday, March 29, 1920

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 9 p.m.

Thursday, April 1, 1920

The tender Whangpoo conveying passengers and mails on board the M.M. s.s. Paul Lecat will leave the M.M. jetty (French Bund) at 9 a.m.

Friday, April 2, 1920

The tender conveying passengers an mails on board the R.V.F. s.s. Simbirsk will leave the Customs jetty at 3 p.m.

Shipping Items

The C.M. s.s. Hwahta left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The I-C. s.s. Waishing left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Wuchang left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Tean left Tsingtau for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Shantung left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kianghsin left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The I-C. s.s. Kutwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.N. s.s. Poyang left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.M. s.s. Tungwah left Tientsin for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinming left Chefoo for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The P.M. s.s. Ecuador was expected to leave Hongkong for Shanghai on Wednesday and is due at Woosung early tomorrow morning. The Ecuador sails for Japan, Honolulu and San Francisco tomorrow evening.

The I-C. s.s. Tuckwo left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Luenyi left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Sunning left Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday.

The S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru arrived in Shanghai from Dairen yesterday morning and will sail for Tsingtau and Dairen this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The P. and O. s.s. Khiva will sail for Kobe and Yokohama tomorrow at 3 p.m. and probably will sail from this port for London on April 9 in its homeward voyage.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangfoo will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Woosung will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Katori Maru is expected to arrive in Shanghai from Seattle and Japan ports next Sunday and will sail for Hongkong on Monday.

The E.A. s.s. Japan left Christiania on March 12 and is expected to arrive in Shanghai early May.

The G.L. m.v. Glenade, from London, left Suez for Colombo, Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai on March 20 and is expected to arrive here about April 29.

The M.M. s.s. Andre Lebon, with the French mails of February 19, left Haiphong for Shanghai and ports on Tuesday and is expected to arrive here Monday morning, the 29th.

The C.N. s.s. Fengtien left Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai yesterday.

The P. and O. s.s. Nore, from London, is expected to arrive at Singapore next Monday and in Shanghai about April 8.

The B.I. s.s. Madras left Hongkong on Wednesday at 6 a.m. and is expected to arrive in Shanghai tomorrow morning.

The C.M. s.s. Feiching will leave Foochow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The I-C. s.s. Koonshing is expected to arrive in Shanghai from Tientsin and Chefoo next Tuesday.

The I-C. s.s. Hangsang is expected to arrive in Shanghai from Canton, Hongkong and Swatow next Wednesday.

The C.M. s.s. Nanking will leave Hongkong for Shanghai today and is due at Woosung early Monday morning. The Nanking sails for Japan ports, Honolulu and San Francisco Monday evening.

The C.M. s.s. China will leave Hongkong for Shanghai tomorrow, and is due at Woosung early Tuesday morning. The China sails for Nagasaki and San Francisco Tuesday evening.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Eurymachus, from Liverpool, left Singapore for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The P. and s.s. Dilwara from Bombay, is expected to arrive at Hongkong on April 3 and in Shanghai about April 7.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For U.S., Canada and Europe:
Per P.M. s.s. Ecuador Mar. 27
Per C.M. s.s. China Mar. 30

For Europe
Per P. and O. s.s. Banca Mar. 27

For Japan
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikugo M. Mar. 26

MAILS DUE

From U.S. and Canada
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Katori M. Mar. 28

From Europe
Per M.M. s.s. Andre Lebon Mar. 29

Siccawei Weather Reports

24.—The high pressures continue to invade N China, down to the Yangtsze Valley. Strong Northery winds in Shantung, variable and moderate breezes elsewhere. The weather clears up in N China, it is overcast in the Valley, showery at Shanghai.

25.—Weather overcast but improving. The pressure continues to rise above the normal level. Modreate NNE breezes.

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Mar. 27	—	San Francisco	Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co
Mar. 27	—	Portland	Abercos	Am.	A. Line
Mar. 29	—	San Francisco	Nanking	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Mar. 30	—	New York	Charlton Hall	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Mar. 30	—	San Francisco	West Ira	Am.	Dollar Co.
Mar. 30	—	San Francisco	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Mar. 30	—	San Francisco	West Harts	Am.	Dollar Co.
Mar. 31	—	New York	Sagaporek	Am.	A. Line
Apr. 1	—	Seattle	Elston	Am.	A. Line
Apr. 1	—	Vancouver	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Apr. 1	—	San Francisco	West Cactus	Am.	S. & Dix.
Apr. 2	—	Vancouver	Monteagle	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Apr. 4	—	San Francisco	Shinyo Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Apr. 5	—	Vancouver	Melville Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Apr. 5	—	Boston, New York	Jason	Br.	B. & S.
Apr. 10	—	Vancouver	E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Apr. 11	—	Aacoma, etc.	Arabia Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Apr. 15	—	Portland	Pawlett	Am.	A. Line
Apr. 17	—	Seattle, etc.	Katori Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Apr. 18	—	San Francisco	West Cadron	Am.	Dollar Co.
Apr. 19	—	New York	Genoa Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Apr. 19	—	Baltimore v. Panama	West Moreland	Am.	S. & Dix
Apr. 20	—	New York, Boston	Ben Salem	Am.	A. Line
Apr. 20	—	Seattle	West Ivan	Am.	A. T. Co.
Apr. 20	—	Seattle	Eldridge	Am.	A Line
Apr. 23	—	San Francisco	West Niger	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co
Apr. 24	—	San Francisco	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Apr. 25	—	San Francisco	Elkhorn	Am.	S. & Dix
Apr. 26	—	San Francisco	West Hepburn	Am.	Dollar Co.
Apr. 26	—	Vancouver	Harold Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Apr. 27	—	San Francisco	Higho	Br.	Dollar Co.
May 4	—	San Francisco	West Inskip	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
May 4	—	New Orleans	West Imbrie	Am.	S. & Dix
May 4	—	New Orleans	Editor	Am.	S. & Dix
May 6	—	San Francisco	Korea Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
May 6	—	Seattle, etc.	Suwa Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
May 19	—	Seattle	West Jester	Am.	A. T. Co.
May 20	—	San Francisco	Nile	Am.	C.M.S.N. Co.
May 22	—	San Francisco	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co
May 24	—	N. Y. v. Vancouver	M. S. Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
May 30	—	San Francisco	West Cahokia	Am.	S. & Dix
June 15	—	Seattle	Stanley	Am.	A. T. Co.
July 12	—	Seattle	Maquan	Am.	A. T. Co.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Mar. 27	—	N'saki, K., Y'hama	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Mar. 27	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Kokura Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Mar. 27	—	Kobe, Yokohama	Khiva	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Mar. 28	—	Kobe	Madras	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Mar. 29	—	Kobe	Tamba Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Mar. 31	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Apr. 2	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Kasuga Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Apr. 3	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Takeshima M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Apr. 9	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Yamashiro M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Mar. 28	—	Calcutta	Madras	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Mar. 28	—	London	Banca	Br.	M. M. & Co.
Mar. 29	—	Liverpool, etc.,	Dakar Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Apr. —	—	Marseilles	Armand Behic	Fr.	M. M. Cie
Apr. 1	—	Marseilles	Paul Lecat	Fr.	M. M. Cie
Apr. 1	—	London, etc.	Kaga Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Apr. 3	—	Liverpool	K. Companion	Br.	B. & S.
Apr. 5	—	A'dam, L'don, H'burg	Euryplus	Br.	B. & S.
Apr. 9	—	Marseilles, London	Khiva	Br.	M. M. & Co.
Apr. 12	—	London	Yokohama M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Apr. 13	—	Bombay	Dilwara	Br.	M. M. Co.
Apr. 15	—	A'dam, L'don, A'erp	Rhesus	Br.	B. & S.
Apr. 15	—	Genoa, M'lles, L'pool	Ajax	Br.	B. & S.
Apr. 22	—	A'dam, L'don, A'erp	Mentor	Br.	B. & S.
May 6	—	Liverpool	Keemun	Br.	B. & S.
May 6	—	A'dam, L'don, H'burg	Stentor	Br.	B. & S.
May 20	—	A'dam, L'don, A'erp	Telemachus	Br.	B. & S.
May —	—	Marseilles	Andre Lebon	Fr.	M. M. Cie

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Mar. 26	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Mar. 26	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Ningsnao	Chi.	N.S.S.N. Co.
Mar. 26	2.00	Hongkong, Canton	Hsintah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Mar. 27	4.00	Ningpo	Klangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Mar. 27	D.L.	S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Wingsang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Mar. 27	D.L.	S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Tean	Br.	B. & S.
Mar. 28	D.L.	S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Kwongsang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Mar. 29	—	Hongkong	Katori Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Mar. 30	D.L.	Hongkong, Canton	Shantung	Br.	B. & S.
Apr. 3	—	Manila, Hongkong	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Apr. 5	—	F., K'lung, Takao	Keelung M.	Jap.	O. S. K.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Mar. 26	D.L.	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Chekiang	Br.	B. & S.
Mar. 26	3.00	Newchwang	Kiukiang	Br.	B. & S.
Mar. 26	8.00*	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Kingsing	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Mar. 26	2.00*	Tsingtao, Dairen	Kobe Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Mar. 27	D.L.	Tsingtau	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
Mar. 27	10.00*	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Shuntien	Br.	B. & S.
Mar. 27	—	Tientsin	Hsinkong	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Mar. 30	3.00	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.
Mar. 30	7.00*	Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Mar. 31	—	T'tsin, D'ren, T'tau	Kohoku Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Apr. 2	3.00	Vladivostok	Simbirsk	Rus.	R.V.F.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Mar. 26	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Suiwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Mar. 26	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
Mar. 26	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Nanyang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Mar. 27	D.L.	Wuhu	Yunnan	Br.	B. & S.
Mar. 27	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Waishing	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Mar. 27	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
Mar. 27	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tachang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Mar. 28	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Hwahta	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Mar. 28	—	Wuhu	Ningpo	Br.	B. & S.
Mar. 29	D.L.	Pukow	Shantung	Br.	B. & S.
Mar. 29	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Klanghsin	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Mar. 29	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kutwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Mar. 29	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.
Mar. 29	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Slangyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Mar. 30	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tuckwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Mar. 30	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
Mar. 30	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tafoo Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Mar. 31	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Klangfoo	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Mar. 31	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Woosung	Br.	B. & S.
Mar. 31	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Fengyang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.

*A. M. M. N.—MIDMIGHT. D. L.—DAYLIGHT

Information For Mariners

FRIDAY, MARCH 26, 1920

High Water at Woosung Bar

(The morning tides are higher than the evening tides, they are about equal after noon and midnight).

Approximate rise, at springs 4 1/4 h; at neaps, 5 h.
fall, at springs 8 1/4 h; at neaps, 7 1/2 h.

A.M. Time H	M	Range Ft.	In.	P.M. Time H	M	Range Ft.	In.
3	56	8	2	4	20	5	6

High Water at Tungsha Lightship

(The morning tides are higher than the evening tides).
Approximate rise, 5 1/2 h; approximate fall, 7 h.

A.M. H	M	P.M. H	M
2	54	3	18

Time of Moonrise, Moonset, Sunrise, Sunset

Moon Rises	Sets	Sun Rises	Sets	Daylight	Dark
10 13 p.m.		5 59	6 13	5 14	6 58

Mean Barometric Pressure at Shanghai
For March 30.17 in.
766.6 mm.

ESTABLISHED, 1872 — TELEPHONE CENTRAL 60

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AUCTIONEERS VALUERS LAND BROKERS
45 KIANGSE ROAD SHANGHAI

AUCTION INDEX

FRIDAY, March 26th.—Household Furniture in Salesroom at 10 a.m.

SATURDAY, March 27th.—Household Furniture and Sundries in back Salesroom at 10 a.m.

SATURDAY, March 27th.—A Splendid Collection of Postage Stamps at 2.30 p.m.

TUESDAY, March 30th.—Vintage Wines and good provisions in Salesroom at 10 a.m.

TUESDAY, March 30th.—Household Furniture, etc., at 4 Kiukiang Road at 10 a.m.

WEDNESDAY, March 31st.—A very fine Collection of books at 2.30 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, March 31st.—Sundry Sound and damaged cargo at 2.30 p.m.

SATURDAY, April 10th.—Postage Stamps, a superb lot including China, Ceylon, Pence, Straits, Hongkong, Kiaochow, etc., at 2.30 p.m.

CORA, Italian Vermouth

BOSCA, Champagne

CLAUDIA, Italian Mineral Table Water

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BALTIC LANDWEHR OUTFOUGHT REDS

Under British Colonel 600 Men Led Campaign Which Won Eastern Latvia

PERFORMED AMAZING DEED

In Three Parties They Pierced Bolshevist Front At Vital Points

Paris, Feb. 15.—Just what the Bolshevist Army is really worth may be judged by the amazing exploits of the Baltic Landwehr under the English Colonel Alexander in the Lettish campaigns, which in three weeks from Jan. 3 cleared the Reds wholly from Letgalen Province.

The Landwehr are Letvian citizens of Teutonic origin—the majority descendants of the famous Knights of the Sword and their retainers who conquered the Baltic Provinces 700 years ago. Originally formed as a White Guard against the Reds, whom they expelled from Riga last Summer, they have been raised by Colonel Alexander to the level of first class western troops.

At the beginning of January they were holding a front thirty miles long on the eastern bank of the River Dvina north of Dvinsk, and had some 2,000 men in line for the campaign about to begin. But in view of the shortage of supplies and transport difficulties—everything had to be moved by peasant sleds over two narrow tracks that were the only available routes across a frozen morass stretching twelve miles deep before them—Alexander decided that better results could be obtained by a small force fully supplied and transported than a less mobile larger one.

"In Russia God is on the side of the small battalions, not the big ones," he told me the day before I left Riga. "That is, if they have the right spirit and are properly trained. I believe that if Napoleon had had 50,000 men instead of 500,000 the retreat from Moscow would never have occurred."

LANDWEHR PICKED MEN

The Landwehr are picked men. They know from A to Z the game of reducing machine-gun posts, which is the thing most needed in war against the Bolsheviki, and they have one of the finest leaders in Europe. No better material could have been found for what looked to be a dangerously rash experiment. For Alexander chose 600 and no more to open the attack on his thirty-mile front.

He divided his little army into three columns, each a division in miniature, commanding the central body personally with a small staff. Each force had about 100 infantry and some thirty-five horsemen as a scouting screen before it. There was one battery of three-inch field guns with about twenty-five gunners for the whole army, but each division had two minerwerfer with ten men as crews and four heavy machine guns with three servants apiece. Machine guns were plentiful, nearly a score to each division, with two men to every one. The rest of the infantry had rifles only.

Not the least important was the signal corps—the Colonel's staff kept touch by wireless with the Landwehr Headquarters at Lievenhof, which relayed to Lettish Headquarters, and there was also regular telephonic communication between the central section and the two bodies to right and left.

The system adopted as far as possible was to advance two days and one night, then halt and rest for two nights and one day. Invariably telephonic communication was established within two hours of arrival at a resting point, and to this precaution a good part of the success is attributable. For the success was so great it was almost miraculous.

By evening of the first day the enemy's front, held by upward of 5,000 men, was pierced at three chief points of resistance and the victorious 600 had driven the Bolsheviki ten miles back beyond it.

Owing to the small numbers and disproportionate width of the front it was impossible to keep in direct touch with the Poles on the right and the left division on the left, but Alexander learned their positions by wireless and took care not to let his army get dangerously far ahead of them.

The form of attack was always the same—what the French called "infiltration" during the German drives of the Spring of 1918; that is, no frontal attacks but rapid advance of flanking parties utilising all cover possible whenever resistance was met.

MACHINE GUNS EASY

"The average time taken to reduce a machine gun was eighteen minutes," said Alexander. "Once we got around them and began firing from the flanks and rear the crew generally threw up the sponge, but if they happened to be Communists who stuck it out our accurate fire soon put the gun out of action. Once you know how to tackle them, machine guns are not dangerous unless arranged to cover each other like the links of a chain. If you can flank 'em you've got 'em."

In less than two weeks the six hundred had advanced over fifty miles, taken two score villages and 500 prisoners and killed and wounded many more. Their own casualties were trifling. Not a small factor of success was the invariable fair treatment of the inhabitants. When a village was occupied inquiries were immediately made as to how the Communists in charge had behaved. If the inhabitants brought proof of grave misconduct the Communists, if prisoners, as was frequently the case, were executed. If the people said they had behaved decently their lives were spared, and in one case where the Communist leader had evidently done his genuine best for the people under him, a pass back to the Red lines was given him. This and the absence of all pillaging or disorder created the most favorable impression.

It had been said in Riga that the Letgalen people were the worst type of Red Letts, firm supporters of the Bolshevist regime, and that there was bound to be trouble in rear of the advancing forces. Not only did Alexander have nothing of the kind, such as the cutting of telephone wires or interference with transport columns, but the peasants used actually to push ahead scouting for him during the rests and bring back information from other villages still in Bolshevist hands. Only on one occasion did information so given prove erroneous.

Owing to the smallness of numbers it was possible to move forward the infantry on sleds when not actually fighting, thus greatly conserving their strength. As soon as resistance was encountered the men left the sleds and began outflanking movements in small groups deployed in skirmishing order.

Very little Red artillery was encountered until the assailants got near the Letgalen capital, Regziza, where the Bolsheviki had two batteries and an armored train whose fire was very inaccurate. At this point the six hundred were joined by a thousand men from the main body. Retaining the formation of three divisions, each some 500 strong, they instituted a flank attack against the town from the south. It was invested by the Letts from due west, who were held up by old trenches and barbed wire garrisoned by 3,000 or 4,000 men. The total force of defenders was about 10,000, some 4,000 facing the Landswehr in the south and the remainder opposing a flank movement similar to theirs by the Letts from the north.

Here was the only hard battle in which the Lapdwehr engaged. Their right wing attacked east-southeast to cover the flank of the main drive at Regziza. This body advanced twelve miles in the course of the day and performed its mission admirably without meeting heavy resistance. The central force marched forward south of the town in a northeasterly direction so as, if possible, to cut the railroad at a point about eight miles east of Reziza.

FORCED TO WITHDRAW

Though the resistance was fairly severe their vanguard reached the railroad and tore up some of the rails but were unable to destroy the line properly through lack of dynamite. A few minutes later the retreating Bolsheviki armored train forced them to withdraw and the Reds were able to repair the damage, which allowed more than half the defenders to escape with a good deal of rolling stock and material.

The left wing, containing the best troops, drove due north at Regziza. All morning they had very heavy fighting against greatly superior numbers, supported by the guns of the armored train and a field battery. Their own battery put two guns of the foe's battery and one gun of the train out of action.

Shortly before noon their cavalry began to filter through on the right. The infantry followed, and the Reds' outflanked and outfought, 'safety in flight. More than 300 prisoners were taken, with two guns, and a large number of the enemy were killed and wounded. By 4 p.m. the Landswehr had occupied Regziza, four hours before the first Lettish troops arrived. Three locomotives, much rolling stock and considerable supplies were also captured.

Among the dead were four Communist women—"Flintenweiber" (riflewomen), as Riga calls them—who fought to the bitter end. With short-cropped hair and savage faces, their only sign of feminity was a short skirt reaching to the knees over the regulation baggy Russian breeches. There was also a considerable number of Chinamen, who fought without much skill but desperately, as they neither give nor receive quarter.

After the occupation of Regziza the advance continued a few days longer, to the Letgalen frontier, some twenty miles eastward. When the campaign terminated the Landswehr had advanced some eighty miles, taken nearly 1,000 prisoners, and certainly accounted for twice as many more of the enemy in killed and wounded. Consistently the enemy had outnumbered them five, six and eight to one. Their total casualties were eighteen wounded and four killed.

There was never a day when the men failed to get supplies of munitions and the regular food ration, which was generally hot, even while they were advancing, and always so while resting.

Surely the whole performance justifies the comment of a high British officer in the Baltic: "This young Alexander seems to intend to live up to his name."

Amusements

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COUSIN KATE

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By W. Somerset Maugham.

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Mrs. DOT

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A Delightful English Comedy by Anthony Wharton.

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"THE BACHELOR'S ROMANCE"
ON MONDAY 29TH.
CHARLIE CHAPLIN and MABEL NORMAND in
"PUNCTURED ROMANCE"
SIX PARTS